

# SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

## CROSS-REFERENCE SLIP

Sp. Br. Registry. .... OFFICE

FILE NO. D.8155B(C)....

### SUBJECT:

Situation in Nantao under Japanese  
Occupation.

PARTICULARS	OFFICE	FILE NO.
Booting Administrative Office - Registration of Rice Shops in Booting		
SIB report of 30.11.39 transferred to SIB File No. D.8948	S.B.Ry	D.8948
Greater Shanghai Youth's Corps - activities	-	D.8740
INSTRUCTIONS SEE OVER		

15

October 22, 1941.

Assassination of a Japanese Subject.

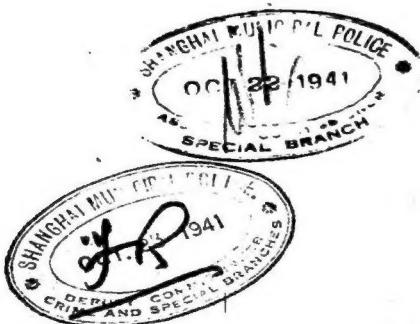
At 7.30 a.m. October 21, Mr. Iwakura, a

Vide Sp. Br. Japanese employee of the Nantao Office of the Central Report dated 21/10/41. China Water & Electricity Company (Japanese) was shot by desperadoes in front of the Company's quarters, at No. 19 Mong Hwa Ka (夢花街), near Yung Miao Road, City. The victim sustaining a bullet wound in his abdomen and was immediately removed to the Foo Ming Hospital where he was pronounced dead on arrival.

As the assassins are still at large, the Japanese Gendarmerie in Nantao have issued a circular notice offering a reward of \$2,000 for the arrest of the assassins.

(22/10/41)  
22/10/41

AC (C-113)



- 22-10-H

Sixty Brd  
21 10 41

October 21, 1941.

Attempted Assassination of a Japanese Subject  
in Nantao.

According to information received, a Japanese subject was shot and wounded by desperadoes on Vung Miao Road (文廟路), City, at about 7 o'clock this morning (October 21). All the iron gates leading to Nantao along Boulevard des Deux Republiques were subsequently closed at 9 a.m. to-day. At 10 a.m. even date the barricades were re-opened, the closure having lasted for one hour.

W. 21/10. 10. 41



FILE  
22. 10. 41

DCDms

October 10, 1941.

Attempted Assassination of  
a Japanese soldier in Nantao.

At 4.20 p.m., October 9, 1941, a Japanese soldier was shot by a male person when he was directing three road workers placing barbed wire barricades on Lee Moo Loo, Nantao. He was seriously wounded by the leg and abdomen. A stray bullet hurt one of the workers also.

At about 5.30 p.m. the same day, the Japanese military in cooperation with the French Police closed all the gates and carried out a thorough search in the district.

The gates along Min Kuo Road were still closed this morning. No persons are allowed to pass the gates except officials connected with the Japanese sides.

*See*  
**FILE**  
*11-10-H1*

*6/10/41 - 10/10/41*

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*11-10-H1*

8,55 B/C  
August 11, 1941. 8 11

Raid on 794 Loh Ka Pang Road, Nantao

During the afternoon of August 4, 1941, a party of five members under the charge of TAO SIH SUNG, Chief of the Shanghai Office of the Provisionally Organized 13th Division of the Nanking Government Army, 9 West End Gardens, off Yu Yuen Road, conducted a raid at 794 Loh Ka Pang Road, Nantao. This address was given as the Shanghai Office of the 13th Division, but no such office was found on the premises, nor were any responsible persons present. There are three bungalows at this place, and two signboards of the ZHU FOONG BAN KEE Sand and Pebble Hong (瑞豐盤記砂石行) and the ZHU FOONG BAN KEE Transportation Hong (瑞豐盤記汽車運輸行) were found outside the houses.



11 8 41  
*[Handwritten signature]*

*[Handwritten signature]*

5155B(C)

August 8, 1941 8 41

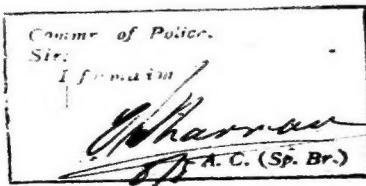
- Iron Gates on Nantao-French Concession Borders

On the morning of August 8, the iron gates on the South End of Boulevard de Montigny and Rue Chateau d'Eau were reopened. The other iron gates on the Nantao-French Concession borders, however, remain close, as searches are still being conducted in the refugee zone of Nantao by City Government policemen.

At noon on August 7, the following notice issued by Col. Loo Ying, Chief of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Special Municipality, was posted on the various thoroughfares in Nantao :-

"Owing to the occurrence of an unfortunate incident in the city district, the authorities have been compelled to close the iron gates for a number of days, thus causing certain inconvenience to the residents of Nantao. However, the residents should also shoulder some responsibility. If persons are observed acting in a suspicious manner, the residents should immediately report to the police bureau so that investigations may be carried out and recurrence of unfortunate incidents prevented. Should any such unfortunate incident take place again, the iron gates will likely be closed for a long period. It is therefore hoped that assistance will be rendered by the residents."

W. S. H.



*Free R.C.*  
August 7, 1941. *E. W.*

Iron Gates on Nantao-French Concession Borders Reopened

The iron gates on the Nantao-French Concession borders which were closed during the night of July 31 immediately after the shooting and wounding of a certain male Chinese and a Japanese Gendarme were reopened at 1 p.m. August 7. Since then, the communications between the French Concession and Nantao have been restored to normal.

*b7B*  
**FILE**



*8155B(c)*

*June 12, 1941.*

Arrests in French Concession

At 10.45 a.m., June 11, members of the French Police and the Japanese Gendarmerie arrested 6 male and three female Chinese at the Dah Hwa (大華) Tailors Shop, No. 176 Boulevard de Montigny.

Two male and one female Chinese were subsequently released whilst the remaining six persons were handed over to the Japanese authorities.

It is reported that the arrests were made in connection with assassination of a Japanese Gendarme in Nantao on May 24, 1941.

**FILE**

*10-12-6*

June 9, 1941. 5553 (C)

Explosion of a Sulphuric Bomb in Nantao

At about 6.45 p.m. June 7, a sulphuric bomb was thrown by some unknown person at the rear entrance of house No. 2, Lane 64, Jiu Chong Ka (舊倉街), Nantao. The bomb exploded but nobody was injured.

Precautionary measures were immediately adopted in the vicinity by the Japanese Gendarmerie and the City Government Police. Traffic was held up and searches were conducted. It is learned that five suspects were arrested. In addition, the Japanese closed all the iron gates on the border of French Concession and Nantao with the result that some 4,000 to 5,000 people were prevented from entering the district. At 9 p.m. the iron gate on Rue Chateau d'Eau was allowed to be opened by the Japanese.

About 15 minutes after the bombing, the rifle of one of the City Government Policemen, who were adopting precautions in the vicinity, accidentally discharged wounding a woman and two children, all residing at No. 1 Shi Shen Li (希善里), Van Sung Road (萬生路), Nantao. They were removed to Tse Shen Hospital (慈善医院) at Kiu Miao Dee for treatment.

At 5 a.m. June 8, all the iron gates were re-opened and all the opium smoking and gambling dens in Nantao are now doing business as usual.

D.C. (C & S.B.)

PMG

FILE



10 6

**CONFIDENTIAL  
FILE**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. B. REGISTRY

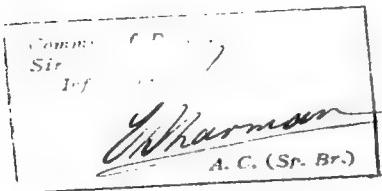
No. S. B. D. 8183-8C

May 27, 1941.

Situation in Nantao following the assassination of a Japanese Gendarme on May 24.

Following the assassination of a Japanese Gendarme in Nantao on May 24, the Japanese authorities made thorough searches in the district but without result. All ricksha coolies in the area, together with their vehicles, were detained by the Japanese authorities at Boon Lai Sz Lane, Small West Gate, because, it is reported, the assassin or assassins made good their escape by riding in rickshas. The coolies are still under detention pending investigations.

The iron gates on the borders between French Concession and Nantao, which were closed by the Japanese authorities immediately following the assassination, were re-opened this morning, May 27, and the gambling dens there which suspended business after the shooting, resumed operating to-day.



**FILE**

8155 B(C)

31

May 26, 1941.

Assassination of a Japanese Gendarme  
in Nantao..

At about 10 a.m. May 24, 1941, a Japanese Gendarme was suddenly fired at and killed by desperadoes at the corner of Lu Sian Yuan Road (露香園路) and Jiu Chong Ka (舊倉街), Chinese City. At about 11 a.m. the same day, all the iron gates on the borders of the French Concession were closed by the Japanese and remain closed this morning.



26 5 44

8155B (2)

23 4 41

April 23, 1941.

Escape of prisoners from custody of Japanese Gendarmerie (Nantao).

At about 8 a.m., April 22, 1941, following the escape from their cells of 15 prisoners, who were in custody for theft of electric wires or as political suspects, the Japanese Gendarmerie stationed at Boong Lai Road, Nantao, immediately intensified the search of pedestrians at the various iron gates and no persons are now allowed to leave Nantao without "citizens certificates". This restriction, however, does not apply to persons entering the area. Closure of the iron gates and the alleged shooting of Japanese as reported in the newspapers is incorrect.

J.O. (C & S B)

Comd. Sir: D.F.
J. Sharman 1374 (S. Br.)

FILE  
P.J. 25

23 4 41

8-25-38

21

## Japanese Search For Escaped Terrorists

### Nantao Closed As Nine Alleged Chungking Terrorists Break Prison; Five Agents Executed In Western District

The Japanese Gendarmerie and Nanking controlled City Government Police Forces at Nantao were still searching today for the nine alleged Chungking terrorists who made good their escape from a Nantao prison yesterday, the Evening Post learned from reliable sources today.

Following the prison break early yesterday morning, an intensive search throughout Nantao City was carried out by the joint forces of the Japanese Gendarmerie and Chinese constables of the City Government Police there. All gates, except one from the French Concession leading to Nantac were closed by the French Municipal Police in a measure to aid their search.

#### Results Unknown

The results of the intensified search were not disclosed today by either the Japanese authorities in Nantao, but usually well informed quarters said that all the nine alleged Chungking terrorists were still at large.

All persons trying to enter Nantao today were subjected to a severe search along the gates by Chinese constables of the City Government Police Force. It was learned.

#### Murder Rumored

Earlier reports said that a Korean was shot somewhere in Nantao and the intensified search was the result of this murder, it will be recalled. This alleged murder could not be confirmed from responsible quarters this morning.

All the nine escaped Chungking terrorists were arrested two weeks ago in different places in Nantao and the Western areas of Shanghai, it was said.

#### Execution Carried Out

Meanwhile another public execution was witnessed by many Chinese residents along Chung San Road, off Brenan Road, as five Chungking agents were executed by the Political Police Bureau of the Nanking Regime late yesterday afternoon.

The five alleged Chungking terrorists were executed on charge of the Nanking promulgated Martial Laws, it was reported by the Nanking sponsored papers this morning.

#### Blue Shirt Men

Among the five persons were two members of the Blue Shirts, generally regarded as Chungking's secret service organization, it was said.

The chief of the Intelligence Department of Chungking's Special Activities Bureau in Shanghai, Li Sze-ping, was also executed the papers said.

Headquarters, S.M.P.  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

March 27, 1941.

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- D.8155B(C).

Subject :- Gambling and Opium Dens, in Nantao.

Enclosures

Copy of Police Report.

For information. No action required.

FILE

**CONFIDENTIAL**

march 6, 1941.

### Mantao Situation.

the gambling dens in Mantao, which suspended operations on February 18, 1941, still remain closed.

About 200 Hwo Wei Lottery dens, 22 opium houses  
and 26 opium smoking dens are continuing operations  
openly. In addition, there are more than 100 small  
opium smoking dens operating in a secret manner allegedly  
with the connivance of certain members of the wantao  
~~and~~  
Police or the Japanese Gendarmerie.

A list of the opium mongs and opium smoking dens operating openly, is given hereunder :-

### Opium monge

<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>
1. San Tuh (三德)	no.7 tung Chi Loong (敦基弄) Kiu mow Dien, West Gate.
2. Van Foong (萬豐)	no.123 E Mai Loong (晏海弄), Kiu mow Dien.
3. Yuen Woo (源和)	no.118 E Mai Loong (晏海弄), Kiu mow Dien.
4. Dong Yih (同益)	no.83, E Mai Loong (晏海弄), Kiu mow Dien.
5. Lao Sing Chong (老信昌)	no.82 E Mai Loong (晏海弄), Kiu mow Dien.
6. Yah Kee (協記)	no.2 Yuen Woo Li (尤和里), E Mai Loong.
7. Woo Chong (和昌)	no.3 Yuen Woo Li (尤和里), E Mai Loong.
8. Woo Zung (永成)	no.7 Yuen Woo Li (尤和里), E Mai Loong.
9. Ching Sing (慶新)	no.2 Yyi Ln Li (義安里), Loo nsiang iush. Rd.
10. Jiang Foong (祥豐)	No.146 E Mai Loong (晏海弄).
11. Foh Chong South Branch (福昌窩)	No.98 E Mai Loong (晏海弄).

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12. Lao Haueh  
Zung (老望盛) No. 1 Nyi En Li (義安里),  
Loo Shiang Yuen Rd.  
(露香園路).
13. Kung Zung  
Tsaung (公盛社) No.145 E Hai Loong.
14. Yah Zung Tsaung  
(協盛社) No.143 E Hai Loong.
15. Yung Zung (永盛) No.139 E Hai Loong.
16. Lao Vuen  
Mow (老元成) No.1 Zung Oen Li, Loo Shiang  
Yuen Road.
17. Yuen Woo (源和) No.2 En Ding Li, E Hai Loong.
18. Dah Chong (大昌) No.147 E Hai Loong.
19. Hung Chong  
Sung Tsaung (宏昌申社) No.7 Zung En Li, Loo Shiang  
Yuen Road.
20. Zung Yah  
Kee (鄭洽記) No.14 Zung En Li, Loo Shiang  
Yuen Road.
21. Shing Chong (興昌) No.3 Zung En Li, Loo Shiang  
Yuen Road.
22. Lao Yue Chong  
(老裕昌) No.87 Tsing Lien Ka, Kiu  
Mow Dien.

23.

Opium Smoking Dens

1. Foh Kong (福康) No.3 Foh Kong Li, Tung Chi  
Loong (敦基弄), City.
2. Fee Loong Doo (飛龍頭) No.117 E Hai Loong (晏海弄).
3. Foh Woo Kung (福和宮) No.99 E Hai Loong.
4. Zien Kung (璇宮) No.93 E Hai Loong.
5. Yung Foong (榮丰) No.92 E Hai Loong.
6. Dah Hoong Yung (大鴻運) No.87 E Hai Loong.
7. Nol47. No.28 Loo Shiang Yuen Road.
8. Zung Oen (仁安) No.11 Zung Oen Li, Loo Shiang  
Yuen Road.
9. Foh Oen Kung (福宮) No.16 Nyi En Li, Loo Shiang Yuen  
Road.

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>
10.	Sing Sing Mon (新新閣)	No.14 Nyi En Li (義安里) Loo Shiang Yuen Road.
11.	Bei Hung (白宮)	No.14 Nyi En Li, Loo Shiang Yuen Road.
12.	Hou Yung Dao (好運道)	No.13 Chi En Li, Loo Shiang Yuen Road.
13.	Chi Bing (吉平)	No.3 Chi Bing Li, Chung Hwa Rd.
14.	Fuc Hwa (國華)	No.8 Chi Bing Li, Chung Hwa Rd.
15.	Nan Yang (南陽)	No.35 Heng En Li, Fung Lang Rd.
16.	Loh Yuen Chung Kee (樂園均記)	No.35 Heng En Li, Fung Lang Rd.
17.	Ling Yuen Hon (凌雲閣)	No.1 Meng En Li, Fung Lang road.
18.	Zang Zeu Kung (長壽宮)	No.2 Hung Shing Li, (鴻興里), Kwan Ying Fa (觀音街).
19.	Loh Yuen (樂園)	No.1 Loo Shiang Yuen Road.
20.	Kuo Tai (國泰)	No.142 E Hai Loong.
21.	Van Zeu Kung (萬壽宮)	No.2 Tung Chi Loong.
22.	Ping Seu Loo (品秀樓)	No.5 Ding En Li, Tung Chi Loong.
23.	Sing Sing (心心)	No.2 Fon Kong Li, Tung Chi Loong.
24.	Ping Seu (品秀)	No.7 Kwan Ying Fa.
25.	Dan Chung (大象)	No.125 E Hai Loong.
26.	Tung Yan (東亞)	No.9 Zung En Li, Loo Shiang Yuen Road.

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

File No.

Section I, Special Branch, 815 (B) 41

No. 41

Date, February 24, 1941

Subject: "Nantao Merchants Friendly Association" - new body formed.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih. Forwarded by C.D.I. Tabrum.

A new organization known as the "Nantao Merchants Friendly Association" (滬南區商業聯誼會) was recently organized by some 200 shop owners in Nantao, with offices at 232 Loo Shiang Yuan Road, Nantao. The association was formally inaugurated at a meeting held in the Van Tsoh (萬竹) Primary School, 243 Loo Shiang Yuan Road, Nantao, on February 23, 1941, when the following resolutions were passed :

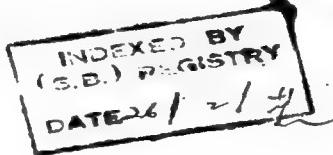
1. that member shops pay a monthly membership fee of \$2.00 each towards the upkeep of the association.
2. That the association assist member shops in solving disputes arising out of their business or from other reasons.

An executive committee of 12 persons was elected, including the following :

1. Chu Chih Tsieu (居李秋) - aged 35, native of Shanghai, Manager of Nan Dah (南大) Cigarette and Money Exchange Shop, 13 Dah Ching Road.
2. Dzien Tsien Chung (錢鈞清) - aged 41, native of Woosung, clerk employed by a lawyer.
3. Moh Loh Cheu (馬六舟) - aged 39, a native of Chingkiang, owner of Zung Dah Soy Shop, 13 Dah Ching Road.



A.C. (Special Branch).



D. I.

F.M. D  
S. 40M-140

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

S.I. Special Br. Station

REPORT

Date February 15, 1941.

Subject Nantao Situation - ruined premises and population.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by C.W.I. Tabrum

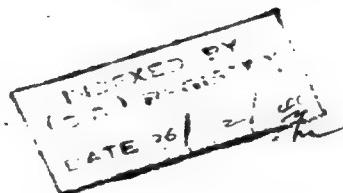
The Nantao Administrative Office of the Shanghai City Government, on November 20, 1940, issued a proclamation instructing the owners of property in Nantao to commence repairs of their ruined premises within two months, failing which the Administrative Office would repair the property and convert same to their own use for a period of three years. As most of the property owners paid no attention to the instruction, the Nantao Administrative Office issued a second proclamation on February 13, to the effect, that the property owners must comply with the order before the end of February or the Administrative Office would take the step indicated in the first proclamation.

The population in Nantao was 183,644 persons at the end of 1940.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)



SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL

S. B. REGD.

S. B. D. 8155/3/10

11 2 41

Date February 10, 1941.

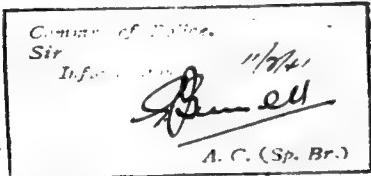
City Government Police Bureau orders suppression of activities by idlers in Nantao.

With reference to the attached translation dated February 7, 1941 to the effect that City Government Police Bureau has ordered the suppression of activities by idlers in Nantao, enquiries show that all Police stations in Nantao have received, on February 5, the following instructions from Commissioner Loo Ying of the City Government Police Bureau.

"In order to maintain good peace and order in Nantao and to curb bad elements from disturbing shops and residences, all illegal activities should be strictly prohibited".

No proclamations have as yet been issued for public information.

Opium hongs, gambling dens and other forms of vice are still prevalent in the Nantao area.



Filed  
Copy D 1155/1(C) Police  
with Compt. Secy.  
Clerk [Signature]



*S. I.  
any confirmation.*

February 7, 1941.

Morning Translation.

Central China Daily News, Bing Pan, New China Daily News :-

City Government Police Bureau Orders Suppression  
of Activities by Idlers in Nantao

"Conditions in Nantao are very bright since the re-opening of the area. In order to maintain peace and good order in Nantao and to prevent idlers from disturbing shops and residences, the City Government Police Bureau has ordered its Police Stations to suppress all illegal activities by these idlers.

*A. J. Law*

*Regd.*

F. 207A  
G. 1M-11-40

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

February 10, 1941

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- D.8155B(C).

Subject :- Pro-Japanese Propaganda in Nantao.

Enclosures

Copy of Police Report.

For information. No action required.

February 10, 1941.

Pro-Japanese Propaganda in Nantao.

Pro-Japanese handbills purporting to emanate from the Propaganda Department of the Nanking Government were found posted in various parts of Nantao on February 6. Specimen copies are unavailable.

Copies of a cartoon of an Anti-Foreign and pro-Japanese nature were also posted in Nantao on February 6. A specimen copy is attached.

This cartoon contains three pictures, a description of which is given below:

(a) Heading : "Peoples of the same race are fighting while others are getting the benefit."

The picture shows a British and an American partaking of food left on a table by two Japanese and two Chinese who are exchanging blows :

(b) Heading : "Corporation will lead to mutual prosperity".

The picture under this heading shows two Chinese and two Japanese shaking hands by the side of the table with food while the British and the American are in the act of fleeing.

(c) Heading : "The scorched earth policy will lead the nation to extinction while peace and cooperation will bring about national prosperity."

The picture under this heading shows several Chinese in the war of resistance, digging trenches in the design of two Chinese characters "National Extinction." It also shows a Japanese and a Chinese proceeding together along the "highway of peace."

ISSUE (C)  
February 10 1941 2 41

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Commr. of Police. February 6. Specimen copies are unavailable.

Sir:  
Information 9/2/41 Copies of a cartoon of an Anti-foreign and pro-Japanese nature were also posted in Nantao on

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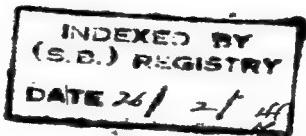
The picture shows a British and An American partaking of food left on a table by two Japanese and two Chinese who are exchanging blows :

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So: G  
Heading: "The scorched earth policy will lead the nation to extinction while peace and cooperation will bring about national prosperity."

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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I. Special Branch ~~old office~~

REPORT

Date February 1, 1941

Subject Winter Relief to the Poor in the Nantao District by the  
Nantao District Administrative Office

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

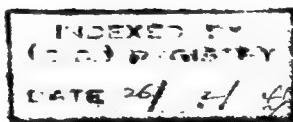
On the instructions of the Bureau of Social Affairs, Shanghai City Government, the Nantao District Administrative Office, 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao, are conducting a winter relief to the poor in the Nantao District which will last for ten days, commencing from January 27, 1941. Those who can prove that they are bona fide but poor residents in the Nantao District by presenting their censorship certificates, can apply to the Administrative Office for a relief which is fixed at \$2 Central Reserve Bank notes per capita, irrespective of sex and age. The relief is however limited to 500 persons a day. The requisite money is supplied by the Bureau of Social Affairs and the notes, it is reported, can be used at the same value as the old legal tender notes in exchange for goods or in payment of taxes.



*Dan Lien-pih*

D. I.

A. C. (Special Branch)



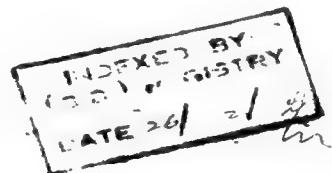
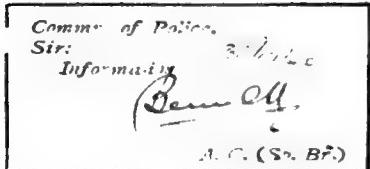
**CONFIDENTIAL**

December 30, 1940.

36 2 61

Attempted murder of a Japanese in Nantao.

At 9 a.m. 28/12/40, a Japanese civilian in foreign dress was stabbed and wounded on the head and arms on Chung Hwa Road near Boon Lai Road, Nantao by two men wearing Chinese short jackets who made good their escape. The City Government Police and Japanese Gendarmerie made enquiries in the vicinity but without result, no searches or other repressive measures were taken. According to witnesses, the assailants appeared to be Japanese subjects although they were dressed in Chinese clothing and the scene of the incident is near to the Japanese Soldiers' Pacification Home (brothel) on Mang Hwo Ka, Wen Miao Road.



**F T E**

January 22, 1941.

555A(4)

Usurious pawnshops in Nantao and Western District

With reference to the attached article from the January 13th issue of the Evening Echo on the subject "Usurious pawnshops ordered closed by local Government Bureau", enquiries have been made with the following result:-

On January 17, twenty-three of some 80 pawnshops located in the Old West Gate area in Nantao received a circular notice from the Bureau of Social Affairs, through the Nantao Administrative Office( 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao), instructing them to close their businesses by the end of the current month because of the usurious interest charged and limiting the term of loans to one month. The order further requires the pawnshops to allow the pledgers to redeem their property within six months from the date of closure at a monthly interest of 3%.

The Bureau of Social Affairs, however, has not yet taken any action against the many "open air pawnshops" (stalls) operating on open spaces near the gambling dens in Nantao and the Western District, O.O.L. These "pawnshops" charge an interest of 30% for ten days, and confiscate the articles pledged if they are not redeemed within that period. The pawn receipts can also be pawned at the same rate of interest. The owners of such "pawnshops", which are patronized by gamblers only, are loafers mostly having connections with the Japanese Gendarmerie stationed in the districts concerned. It will be difficult for the Shanghai City Government to suppress them in view of the fact that the gambling dens in Nantao are still operating despite Mayor Chen Kung Po's order for their suppression.

Original file  
J 8155

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

CHINESE MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. I. Special Branch No. 2, B. 1, 8155 B.C.  
Shanghai, U.S.

REPORT

Date March 30 1940

Subject: Lantao - registration of shops and factories.

Made by: Dr. I. Pan Lien-pih. Forwarded by: D. A. Crawford.

Following the issue, on March 12, 1940, of a joint notice of the Lantao Administrative Office and the Lantao section of the Japanese Military Special Service Department, requiring shops and factories in Lantao, to register with the Lantao Administrative Office, only about 20 shops have applied for registration, while the others are adopting a wait-and-see attitude in view of the formation of the new Central Government.

Persons applying for registration of their shops must produce citizen's certificates and fill in application forms, a copy of which is attached hereto together with translation. The Lantao Administrative Office will conduct investigations as regards the applications received and will issue registration certificates after completion of investigations.

Application forms are issued free but registration fees, the rate of which has not been decided upon, will be collected.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D. S. (Special Branch)

Roy S.

Translation of a copy of registration form for  
various factories and shops in Nantao.

Name of Factory (or Shop) .....

Name of Proprietor (or Manager) .....

Address .....

Kind of Business .....

Date of Establishment .....

Amount of Capital .....

Number of employees .....

Name of Guarantor .....

Occupation of Guarantor .....

Address and Chop of Guarantor .....

Date ..... Signature of applicant .....  
(Proprietor or Manager)

Chop of Factory (or Shop) .....

Registration Certificate No. ..... Date of issue .....

南市區工廠商店登記申請書

商號 名稱	店或 經理 姓名	地址	營業 種類	開設 年月
資本 總數	夥友 人數	保證人	保證人 職業	保證人 店章及 姓名
登記申請人(店或經理) (簽名蓋章)				

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. B. REC'D.  
No. S. B. D. 8155 B (c)  
Date 7-3-24

168

5-3-41 Am

Bing Pac and Central China Daily News :-

THE SHANGHAI RICSHA CONTRACTORS' LIEN-NYI SOCIETY INAUGURATED

The Shanghai Ricsha Contractors' Lien-Nyi Society was inaugurated at 1 p.m. yesterday at Soong Sih Ka, Nantao.

Representatives of the Shanghai Branch of the Social Movement Direction Committee, the Shanghai Municipality Tangpu, the Bureau of Social Affairs and various labour unions and about 400 others were present. A Standing Committee of 13 members and a Supervisory Committee of 6 members were elected.

D. Han

Rey

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

Section I, Special Branch. ~~RECORDED~~

REPORT

Date. February 24, 1941.

Subject. Shanghai Municipality Ricsha Owners' Trade Association -  
inaugurated.

Made by. D.I. Pan Lien Pih. Forwarded by. C.D.I. Tabrum.

The Shanghai Municipality Ricsha Owners' Trade Association (上海市人力車業同業公會), 60 Ning Shiung Road, Small West Gate, City, which was organized by ricsha owners in Nantao, held its inaugural meeting in the premises of the Woo Nan (虎南) Primary School, 503 Chung Hwa Road, Nantao, on February 23, 1941. The meeting, which was attended by some 300 persons, passed a resolution to collect a membership fee of \$1.00 per month, and also elected a committee of 11 persons, including the following three persons, who are to attend to the daily affairs of the Association :-

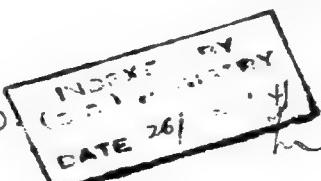
Jeu Tseng San (仇春山) - aged 51,  
a native of Shing Hua, Kiangsu.

Lee Tse Dong (李芝桐) - aged 46,  
a native of Yen Cheng, Kiangsu.

Tsoong Yuin Chong (鍾雲昌) - aged 46,  
a native of Shing Hua, Kiangsu.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)



134  
February 22, 1941.

Morning Translation.

Central China Daily News (advertisement) 2.

THE SHANGHAI MUNICIPALITY RICSHA TRADE GUILD

The Preparatory Committee of the Shanghai Municipality Ricscha Owners Guild publishes the following notice:-

"The preparations for the organization of this guild have been completed. The petitions of the guild to the superior organs have been approved for record purposes. An inaugural meeting will be held at 8 a.m. February 23 in the premises of the Nantao Model Primary School (南陶小学) on Chung Hwa Road, Small South Gate. It is hoped that all ricscha owners will attend the meeting and take part in the election of members of the guild."

*Mr. Paul O'Brien  
Secretary*

G. 40M-1-50  
28/10/40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

S.I., Special Branch

B. D. 8/55/40

28/10/40

Date: October 26, 1940

Subject: Public ricesha strike in Nantao - strike settled

Made by: S.I. Pan Lien-shih Forwarded by: S.I. Crawford

The strike of some 9,000 public ricesha  
cabins in Nantao declared on October 7, 1940  
in consequence of an increase of 10 cents in  
the rates for renting, was settled as a result of  
the negotiation undertaken on October 26 by Mr. SUNG  
SZ CHING (沈世景), Chief of the Nantao District  
Administrative Office. The rate for renting  
a public ricesha has now been increased to 55 cents  
per day (an increase of 5 cents instead of 10  
cents as originally announced by the owners).

All the public ricesha numbering some 8,000,  
are plying on the streets in Nantao this morning,  
October 26, 1940.

Some  
Information

by P.L.C.

Pan Lien-shih

D. I.

D.C. (Crime and Special Branches)



T.O.  
S+CG

INDEXED BY
(S.E.) REGISTRY
DATE 29/10/40

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

October 2, 1940.

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- D.8155B(C).

Subject :- Public ricsha coolies in Nantao on strike.

Enclosures

Copy of Police Report.

For information. No action required.

THH

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch

File No.

S.E.F.G.  
Station

## REPORT

Date October 8, 1940.

Subject: Public ricsha coolies in Nantao on strike

Made by: D.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by: D.I. Crawford

*R. D. Pake*

On the morning of October 7, 1940, some 9,000 public ricsha coolies in Nantao declared a strike to protest against the recent increase of 10 cents in the rates for renting which was announced by the owners as effective from October 1, 1940.

The daily rental for public ricshas was formerly 50 cents and the recent increase of 10 cents, it is learned, is because all public ricsha owners have been recently compelled to join the Nantao Public Ricsha Owners' Association (南市人力車業同業公會), No. 60 Ying Hsuen Road, Small West Gate, Nantao, which was reorganized from the former Nantao Ricsha Corporation (南市人力車公司組合). The members of the association are required to pay a monthly membership fee of \$4.00 towards the upkeep of the association which has several Japanese subjects as executives.

There were 8,000 public ricshas in operation in Nantao but following the strike only 500 public ricshas were on the streets, which are being pulled by their respective owners.

*Q. 8*
*Pan Lien-pih*  
 D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

G. 21-1-40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE S. S. REGISTRY  
S. I. Special No. 3, Sub D, 111, 1940  
REPORT Date June 17, 1940

Subject Nantao Ricsha Corporation - formation

Made by D. I. Fan Lien Fih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

A new organisation known as the "Nantao Ricsha Corporation (南市人力車公司總會)" came into existence during the early part of June, 1940 with offices at 65 Ning Shiung Road (寧生路), Small West Gate, Nantao.

The corporation was formed, with the object of creating a monopoly, by YU DEF CHING (于德卿), with the sanction of the Japanese Consulate and the Japanese Military Authorities stationed in Nantao. Yu was a Standing Committee member of the now defunct "Nantao Ricsha Owners' Association" which operated in 1937 and owns 100 rickshas.

A notice instructing all ricksha owners in the district to join this corporation by June 15, 1940, has been posted outside the office. On joining the corporation, the ricksha owner has to pay 50 cents for a puller's badge, bearing a number the same as that of the licence of the ricksha and another \$2 for a jacket to be worn by the puller.

The corporation has now announced that an increase, effective from June 16, 1940, will be enforced for the ricksha hire charges from 40 cents to 60 cents per ricksha per day. 10 cents of the increase which amounts to 20 cents, must be paid to the corporation while the remaining 10 cents will be retained by the owner.

The adoption of these measures by the

Cr. of Police  
Sir.  
Information.

R. Crawford  
D. I. (Sp. R.)



7-6-40

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

## REPORT

Station,

Date. 19

Subject.....

- 2 -

Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

corporation has met with strong opposition from the pullers (2,000 in all) as well as from the small owners who number about 400.

Between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. June 15, 1940, a meeting took place in the offices of the corporation between the management of the corporation and Mr. SONG SING FU (沈心樞), representing the small owners and of the pullers, and the Chairman of the Nantao Branch of the "Chinese Labourers' Welfare Association" (Japanese sponsored), when it was agreed to increase the ricksha hire charges by 10 cents only with effect from June 16, 1940 which will be equally shared by the owners and the corporation.

The situation is now normal.

Dan Lien-pil

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

KWC

G. 4 2 1-40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. B. REGD.  
File No. 8155 B (C)  
No. S. B. D. 5 6 40  
S. I., Special Branch  
REPORT Date June 4, 1940.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. I., Special Branch

Subject: The Nantao Citizens' Federation - Formed.

Made by: D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by: D. I. Crawford

Comm. of Prop.  
Sir:

R. H. Clark  
D. C. (S. B.)

Copy to:  
E. Z.  
B. M.  
U. S. M. C.  
R. D. F.  
4/6  
Sent.

With a view to instituting pro-Wang Ching Wei activities in Nantao, Ting Mu Tsung (丁默村), Minister of Social Affairs of the New Central Government, nominated about the middle part of May, 1940, Kung Kia Kyi (耿嘉基), Secretary of the former Shanghai City Government, Wang Mei-Yung (汪美雲), Vice-Chief of the Bureau of Social Affairs of the Orthodox Kuomintang, and Oo Shou Gee (歐壽祺), a staff member of the former Bureau of Social Affairs, to the task of forming a "Nantao Citizens' Federation" which will be responsible for the rehabilitation of Nantao. The Federation was formally inaugurated on May 28, 1940 at No. 129 Zang vung Road (藏文路), Nantao, and has a staff at present of some 20 employees who are under the supervision of Oo Shou Gee. This person is making efforts to bring the following projects into effect immediately.

1. Enlistment of members for the Federation.
2. The lighting of streets and streets cleaning.
3. To prolong the opening hours for the iron gates between the French Concession and Nantao.
4. Organization of a "Merchants Volunteer Corps".
5. Mediation in rent disputes.
6. The opening of "Hwo Wei" lotteries be prohibited and cheap sale of daily necessities be promoted.



FILE

DATE 5/ 6/ 40  
by [initials]

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station, .....

## REPORT

Date. .... 19

- 2 -

Subject. ....

Made by. .... Forwarded by. ....

No progress has been made with the above projects with the exception of the first mentioned one which is being carried out. "Hwo Wei" Lottery is still rife in Nantao.

Because of a fear of being attacked by other organizations functioning in the Nantao District, the "Nantao Citizens' Federation", prior to its formation, approached the Japanese Special Service Section, Nantao Branch, and requested their support. The request was granted and the "Distribution Office" of the Special Service Section, 10 Loong Meng Tsung, Zang Yung Road, Nantao, immediately posted a proclamation outsids the offices on the day of its formation.

A copy of the proclamation and a membership entry application form of the Nantao Citizens' Federation have been procured and a translation is attached.

646

Pan Lien-pik

D.

I.

D. C. (Special Branch). .

Translation

PROCLAMATION

Notification is hereby given that all residents or ex-residents of Nantao should in accordance with the following stipulations report to the Distribution office of the Nantao Japanese Special Service Section of property owned in Nantao in order to facilitate the arrangements of the Nantao Citizens' Federation in rehabilitating that area, such as cleaning streets and demolishing damaged houses. Failure to report such property will mean that the property is vacant and will be utilized at the discretion of this Office.

1. A report must be made within 15 days after the date of this proclamation.
2. Land Deeds issued by the Bureau of Land of the Shanghai City Government must be produced at the time of reporting.
3. Report Forms can be had from the Distribution Office.

Distribution Office of the Nantao  
Japanese Special Service Section,  
No. 19 Loong Meng Tsung, Zang Vung  
Road, Nantao.

May 28, 29th Year of  
Republic of China.

Translation of Application Form

Name of Shop :

Address :

Nature of Business :

No. of Employees :

Name of Representative :

Sex :

Age :

Nativity :

Address :

Particulars :

Member of Kuomintang or not :

Introducer : Chopped: Sung Sing Wu (況聲吳)

Remarks :

Date :

Translation of the Reverse Side of Application which  
serves in the form of a pledge.

Date .....

To the Nantao Citizens' Federation :

Applicant hereby requests that membership to the Nantao Citizens' Federation be given and will hereafter loyally co-operate under the leadership of Chairman Wang of the Chung Kuo Kuomintang, the propagation of anti-Comintern and National Salvation principles and promotion of the true "Three Principles of People" (different from that adopted by communists) also self-control. Moreover, the applicant will sincerely obey the "Pan-Asianism" policy laid down by Dr. Sun Yat Sen and resolutions passed by meetings.

Pledger:

Introducer: Sung Sing Wu (chopped).

TYH

File No. 226

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I. Special Branch 11 Station!!!

REPORT

Date July 30, 1940

Subject Kiousin (French) - situation

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pin Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

On July 25, 1940, the management of the Kiousin Dock, Chi Chong Ka, near Wu Chung Ying Road, Nantao, announced the dismissal of six workers, including WU TEH LING (吳德林), YEE CHAC SUNG (易賈生) and TSAUNG ZIANG LING (莊仔榮), because of their participation in the agitation during the two strikes which have occurred at the dock. A notice to this effect was posted outside the premises on the same day.

Since their dismissal, the dismissed workers have held meetings in the offices of the Nantao Branch of the Chinese Labourers' Welfare Association, Lane 82/1 Tsing Lien Ka, near Kiu Mow Di, Nantao and have requested SUNG SING FU (宋星福), i/c of the said association, to assist in their reinstatement. SUNG SING FU knows very well that the Kiousin Dock will not listen to such a demand and, as a temporary relief measure, he has ordered the workers now operating at the dock, totalling some 500, to contribute a monthly subsidy of \$1 each towards a fund for the maintenance of the dismissed workers. He further ordered that contributions as from July 29 must be paid through the offices of the Association.

On July 29, 1940, the offices of the Nantao Branch of the Chinese Labourers' Welfare Association,

Sent  
7/7

M  
40M

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.....

REPORT

Station,

Date..... 19

Subject.....

Made by..... Forwarded by.....

- 2 -

Lane 82/1 Tsing Lien Ka, near Kiu Mow Di, Nantao,  
were removed to the former site of the Dan Hwa  
(丹華) Primary School at No. 15 Dah Ching Road,  
(大境), Kiu Mow Di, City.

②  
10/7

Dan Lien-pil

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I., Special Branch *Bridson*,  
**REPORT** Date July 24, 1940.

Subject (in full) Kiousin Dock (French) - strike called off.

Made by D.L. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

(Vide Special Branch report, dated 19/7/40).

The strike which was declared on July 18, 1940, by some 500 workers employed by the Kiousin Dock, Chi Chong Ka, near Wu Ching Ying Road, Nantao, in support of the labour dispute which existed between the management and the workers attached to the Mechanical Department of the French Tramway Company, over an increased rice allowance, was called off on July 23, when they resumed work unconditionally.

*Copy to  
E-Z.  
Rdy.  
Sent, 24/7. 24/7. C 24/7*

**FILE**

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

Special Branch 11th Station  
9153B46

## REPORT

Date July 19, 1940  
D. I. 7 Ho

Subject Kioskin Dock (French) - strike of workers

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

Report of 18/7/40.

D 2737

At 7 a.m. on July 18, some 800 workers employed by the Kioskin Dock, Chi Chong Ha, near Wu Ching Lin Road, Mantao, declared a strike in support of the labour dispute which exists between the management and the workers attached to the mechanical department of the French Railway Co. over a demand for an increase in the rice allowance.

In connection with the strike, SUNG SING FU (宋星福), in charge of the Mantao branch of the Chinese Workers' Welfare Association, Lane 82/1 Liang Lien Ha, near Kiu Now Si, Mantao, has addressed a letter to the management of the Dock, stating that the workers are prepared to resume work, provided an increase in the rice allowance is granted. The management, it is learned, has refused the suggestion made by SUNG SING FU on the grounds that there is no good reason for such an increase in the rice allowance.

The workers of the Kioskin Dock were granted a 40% increase in wages and a rice allowance of \$18 in June, 1940.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S.F.B. REGISTRY

No. S. B. D. 8158/30

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

Section 1, Special Branch 1/1000

REPORT

Date June 6, 1940.

Subject Kiousin Dock (French) - strike of workers.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Fih Forwarded by D.I. Crawford

Approximately 500 workers in the employ of the Kiousin Dock (求新船廠), Chi Chang Ka (機廠街), near Ju Chung King Road (滬軍營路), Nantao, declared a strike at 7 a.m. June 3, 1940 in order to enforce demands for an increase of 60% in wages and a rice allowance of \$25 each per mensem. All the workers resumed work on the morning of June 4, on the management granting them an increase of 40% in wages and a rice allowance of \$18 per month to each worker. The situation in the dock is now normal.

It is learned that the strike was instigated by the Nantao Branch of the Chinese Labourers' Welfare Association, House No.1, Lane 82 (Chi An Li 賽安街), Tsing Lien Ka, near Kiu Kow Di, Nantao. This branch is in charge of one SUNG SING FU (沈心撫), Chairman of the Moral Endeavour Society at 81 Chu An Fang, Edinburgh Road, O.O.L..

6/6/40  
In

C 5/6.

Pan Lien-pie  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

7/7

8

July 3,

39.

Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E.,  
H.B.M. Consul-General,  
S H A N G H A I.

Dear Sir Herbert,

With reference to your letter dated June 26, 1939, I forward herewith for your information copies of Police reports regarding the visit by Japanese military to the French Water Works in Nantao on June 11, 1939.

Yours sincerely,

Sd. K. M. Bourne.

Commissioner of Police.

W.P.Y./.

Date and Reason	
D. C. Davis	✓
D. C. SPER	✓

FILE  
J. B. S. J.

YU/

File No.....

G. 50M 4

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch S/Officer

REPORT

Date: July 1, 1939.

Subject: French Water Works on Ki Tchan Ka, Nantao - visited by the  
Japanese.

Made by..... and Forwarded by..... D.S.I. Logan.

With reference to Special Branch report on the above dated June 15, 1939 and letter from H.B.M. Consul-General to the Commissioner of Police, dated June 26, 1939, requesting information regarding what steps, if any, the French authorities are taking in the matter, a copy of the initial French Police report on the incident, together with translation is attached hereto, from which it will be seen that the incident was of a less serious nature than would appear from the information obtained by the Special Branch.

*Leave  
See  
Information  
Shan why  
attached.  
The Robertson  
Dc(S.B.)*

According to information obtained at French Police Headquarters, on June 28, 1939, Mr. LADROITTE, Manager of Cie Fse de Tramways, which Company is also owner of the French Water Works, was informed of the incident but did not take a serious view of the matter, merely suggesting that the Japanese authorities should be informed that they should obtain permission from the Company before visiting the Water Works. Two passes, one to the Japanese Naval Landing Party and one to the Japanese Gendarmerie, have since been issued by the Company, authorizing visits by the Japanese authorities.

*PA  
After date of " "  
letter and now  
Cop K  
HBM CG*

According to the French Police, the purpose of the Japanese visit was in order to ascertain if there were any French marines posted in the Water Works but no French details were present.



## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT  
(2)

Date 19

Subject.....

Made by.....

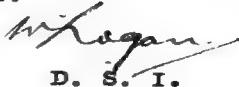
Forwarded by.....

The French Water Works are situated in Nantao about one mile from the boundary of the French Concession but owing to traffic restrictions in force in Nantao, a detour has to be made in order to reach the Water Works which makes the journey one of slightly more than two miles. Officials of the French Water Works are permitted to travel without interference between the Concession and the Water Works. With the exception of 2,000,000 galls. of water per day which the Shanghai Water Works Co. has been supplying to the French Concession since over five years, the French Water Works is responsible for the whole of the French Concession supply, exclusive of that supplied by artesian wells. The main connection from the Settlement is located at Hart Road and Avenue Foch intersection. In addition to the main connection there are eight connections located along Avenue Foch and Avenue Edward VII, which can be used to supply water from the Settlement to the French Concession or vice versa in case of an emergency, but in such an event the supply would have to be restricted to that required by absolute necessity.

The French Water Works have no protection other than that afforded by the presence of a French gunboat which is usually berthed alongside the Kiousin Dock which adjoins the French Water Works.

C.14  
D.C. (Special Branch)

D. S. I.



G.B. (contd.)

The C.S.I. would like an addendum  
showing (1) how far out of the  
connection the water works is,  
how much the G.C. rely on  
it for water supply.  
Communication between division  
and water works. If working  
in co-operation with S.T.D.W.  
Protection etc.

M. Maron

D.S.O. Report  
C.P.W.

*27 Oct.*

# Shanghai Municipal Council.



POLICE FORCE.  
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

P. O. BOX NO. 158.

June 28

19 39.

Dear Sir Herbert,

With reference to your letter dated June 26, 1939, I forward herewith for your information copy of ~~a~~ police report regarding the visit by Japanese military to the French Water Works in Nantao on June 11, 1939.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "R. Bowe". It is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal line underneath it.

Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E.,  
H.B.M. Consul-General,  
Shanghai.

June

28

39.

Dear Sir Herbert,

With reference to your letter dated June 26, 1939, I forward herewith for your information copy of a police report regarding the visit by Japanese military to the French Water Works in Nantao on June 11, 1939.

Yours sincerely,

Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E.,

H.B.M. Consul-General,

Shanghai.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "HR", is written over a diagonal line.

Translation of French Police Report No. 4132/S dated 13-6-39

At 2 p.m., June 11, two unarmed Japanese soldiers presented themselves at the Nantao Waterworks of the French Tramway Company (Avenue de Bezaure, Nantao), with the object of inspecting the premises. As they were in possession of no documents, they were refused admittance by the foreign employee on duty. The two soldiers withdrew but returned an hour later accompanied by an officer who insisted on inspecting the works.

The foreigner on duty finally gave way. The officer withdrew after the visit which lasted about half-an-hour, stating that he was satisfied there were no more French marines on the premises.

During the course of a conversation with Mr. LADROITTE, of the French Tramways, the latter informed me that the Company was not opposed in principle to these visits, but that it would be preferable if the Japanese officers proceeding to the Works carried a permit which the Company is quite ready to issue. S.I. YANKOVSKY will approach the Japanese Military Authorities in Nantao to learn to whom the written permit should be given.



SERVICES DE POLICE  
SERVICE POLITIQUE

Changhaï, 13 JUIN 1939.

## RAPPORT

Objet: Visite de l'Usine des Eaux de Tonkodou par des militaires Japonais.

No. 4132/B.

Référ: Protection des propriétés françaises aux environs de la Concession de Shanghai.

Le 11 Juin, vers 14 heures, deux soldats japonais sans armes, se présentaient à l'Usine des Eaux de la Cie. Fse de Tramways, Avenue de Bezaury, (Nantao) dans l'intention de visiter les locaux. Comme ils n'étaient munis d'aucun document, l'entrée leur fut refusée par l'employé européen de service. Les deux soldats se retirèrent, mais ils revinrent une heure plus tard accompagnés d'un officier qui insista pour visiter l'usine. L'Européen de service finit par céder. L'Officier se retira après la visite qui dura une demi-heure environ, après avoir déclaré qu'il avait tenu à s'assurer qu'il n'y avait plus de marins français dans l'usine.

Au cours d'une conversation téléphonique que j'ai eue avec Mr Ladroitte, de la Cie Fse de Tramways, ce dernier m'a déclaré que la Cie n'était pas opposée en principe à des visites, mais qu'il serait préférable que

SERVICE POLITIQUE	
Enregistré le 13 JUIN 1939	22
Sous No. 22	
Transmis à 22	22
Date	22

les Officiers Japonais qui se présentent à l'usine soient munis d'une autorisation que la compagnie est prête à délivrer. Le sous-inspecteur Yankovelsky pourrait approcher les autorités militaires japonaises de Nantou pour savoir si une telle autorisation écrite pourrait être donnée.

BRITISH CONSULATE-GENERAL,  
P.O.BOX 259. SHANGHAI.

26th June 1939.

Dear Bourne,

I have read with interest the Confidential Police Report dated June the 15th regarding the forcible entry by Japanese military on June the 11th into the French Waterworks at Nantao.

Would it be possible to find out what steps, if any, the French authorities are taking in this matter?

Yours sincerely,

*Herbert Phillips*

Major K. M. Bourne, M.C.,  
Commissioner,

Shanghai Municipal Police,  
SHANGHAI.

DC (Sp Bu)  
Please clarify & find  
Water Situation in Nantao  
etc & supply also information  
regarding above  
*no B*

Ref. No. II-8155B

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

## **Headquarters,**

## **Shanghai Municipal Police,**

.....June....16.,.....1939...

**SUBJECT**

French Water Works on Ki Tchan Ka,  
Nantze—visited by the Japanese.

The Commissioner presents his compliments to Secretary, M.L.A.C., and begs to forward herewith the following documents relative to the subject referred to above.

1. Copy of a Police Report.
  - 2.
  - 3.
  - 4.
  - 5.

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch. ~~SECRET~~

REPORT

Date ..... June ..... 15, 19 39.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~Subject..... French Water Works on Ki Tchan Ka, Nantao - visited by the  
Japanese.

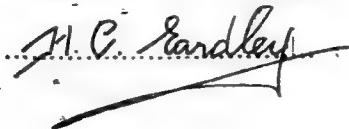
Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

It is reported that at about 2.30 p.m. on June 11, 1939, a junior officer of the Japanese Military together with a private called at the French Water Works on Ki Tchan Ka, Nantao and requested permission to enter the premises. They were told by a French employee of the Company that no admission was permitted to outsiders and that a signboard in Chinese and Japanese to this effect was displayed outside the main entrance of the Company, whereupon they left. About an hour later, a Japanese military truck arrived with more than twenty Japanese soldiers under two officers who were fully armed and carried two machine guns. The party alighted and immediately forced an entry into the premises of the Water Works. They remained on the premises for about three quarters of an hour, visiting the various departments of the Water Works and then departed without incident.

In consequence of this forcible visit by the Japanese Military, a rumour is in circulation in the City to the effect that the water supply for the French Concession will be cut off should an emergency arise in the Foreign controlled areas.

Certified true copy.



THH

1 M 2  
C. 50000-200

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 11553

CONFIDENTIAL

S. I., Special Branch Addon, 6 39

REPORT

Date June 15, 1939.

Subject French Water Works on Ki Tchan Ka, Nantao - visited by the  
Japanese

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by

It is reported that at about 2.30 p.m. on June 11, 1939, a junior officer of the Japanese Military together with a private called at the French water works on Ki Tchan Ka, Nantao and requested permission to enter the premises. They were told by a French employee of the company that no admission was permitted to outsiders and that a signboard in Chinese and Japanese to this effect was displayed outside the main entrance of the company, whereupon they left. About an hour later, a Japanese military truck arrived with more than twenty Japanese soldiers under two officers who were fully armed and carried two machine guns. The party alighted and immediately forced an entry into the premises of the Water Works. They remained on the premises for about three quarters of an hour, visiting the various departments of the Water Works and then departed without incident.

*Jec C. Sent 17/6/39*

*Shanghai Municipal Police  
Commissioner's Office  
16 JUNE 1939*

In consequence of this forcible visit by the Japanese Military, a rumour is in circulation in the City to the effect that the water supply for the French Concession will be cut off should an emergency arise in the Foreign controlled areas.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

D.B.R.  
P.A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)  
15/6

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch Station,

REPORT

Date February 13, 1940.

Mantao - Central China Omnibus Company starts operations

Subject (in full).....

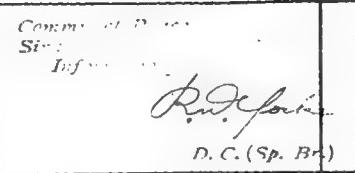
Made by S.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by S.I. Crawford

Since February 12, 1940, buses of the Central China Omnibus Company, a Japanese concern in Hongkew, have been operating between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. daily along the following routes :-

1. Circle along Chung Liwa Road and Boulevard Des deux Repubiques.
2. Between the Old West Gate and Zikawei via St. Catherine Bridge, Arsenal Road and Zia Tu Road.

The Central China Omnibus Company maintains an office at the former premises of the Mantao branch of the Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank near the Old West Gate.



A.C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

FILE

**SECRET**

S. S. MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. B. REGISTRY

January 22, 1941 **B. D.**

1st Company of the Asia Rehabilitation and  
National Reconstruction Army

Some 100 soldiers under the command of Chen Zung (陳仲) of the 1st Company of the Asia Rehabilitation and National Reconstruction Army, No. 19, Lee Yen Ko Ka, Nantao, have recently been disbanded by the Japanese Military Authorities.

The cause of the disbandment of Chen's army, it is reported, is due to the fact that Chen has been in contact with Zee Hoong Fah (徐鴻發), an ex-guerilla leader who operated in Pootung and who surrendered to the Japanese during 1939. In December, 1940, Zee Hoong Fah's men committed several robberies in Pootung, which became known to the Japanese Military Authorities who immediately sent four Japanese officials and a Chinese interpreter to make investigations among Zee Hoong Fah's detachment.

Upon their arrival, two of the Japanese officials and the Chinese interpreter were killed by Zee's subordinates. This action on the part of Zee's men aroused the anger of the Japanese authorities, who immediately despatched soldiers to arrest Zee Hoong Fah and his men, but they scattered and are in hiding in Pootung.

Zee Hoong Fah approached Koo Yu Sung (顧裕聲) who was formerly an interpreter in the employ of the Japanese Special Service, to bribe Chen Zung with \$40,000 if Chen Zung would recommend Zee for the post of Vice Commander of the 1st Company of the Asia Rehabilitation and National

*Original in  
D 891*

Reconstruction Army together with his subordinates  
serving in the army.

The Japanese Military Authorities came to  
know of the contact and dismissed Chen Zung.

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

September 9, 1940.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- D-8155B(c)-8.

Subject :- Light tanks patrolling in Nantao.

Enclosures

Copy of Police Report.

RECEIVED  
SPECIAL BRANCH  
SECTION 1  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

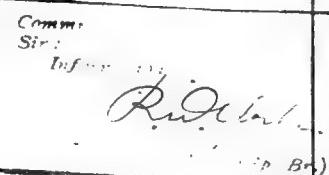
Section 1, Special Branch  
REPORT

Date September 8, 1940

Subject (in full) Light tanks patrolling in Nantao

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pin Forwarded by D. S. T. Lagan

Fourteen light tanks, stationed at the Lunghwa Aerodrome, Lunghwa, were seen patrolling along Lunghwa Road, Arsenal Road and Zao Chow Road, Nantao, at 10 a.m. September 7, 1940. At the rear of each tank was exhibited a signboard bearing a star, a serial number and Chinese characters reading "Shang Ching" (上營) (? Shanghai Garrison).



Pan Lien-pi  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).



Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

June 24, 1940

**CONFIDENTIAL**

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- S.B.D. 8155B(C).

Subject :- Japanese and Chinese Troops in Nantao - transferred.

Enclosures

2 copies of a Police Report.

**FILE**

175

2/20

**SECRET**

6.40K 40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

CCH

S. I. Spec.

**REPORT**

Date June 23 1940

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
24 JUNE 1940	File No. 84558(C)
No. S. A. D.	24 6 117
S. I. Special Branch Administration	

Subject: Japanese and Chinese Troops in Nantao - transferred.

Made by: D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by: D. I. Crawford.

The 1,400 Japanese and 600 Chinese troops, who arrived in Nantao and vicinity on June 16 and whose object, it is rumoured, is to bring pressure to bear with a view to effecting the retrocession of the Catholic Church area at Zikawei, were transferred to some unknown destination during the night of June 21/22.

It has been confidentially learned that the French Concession authorities have reached an understanding with the Japanese authorities regarding the Catholic Church area but particulars are unknown. This is borne out by the fact that at 10.15 a.m., June 22, three armed Japanese Military Police entered the Chiao Tung University from Loh Ka Loo, O.O.L., via Avenue Haig, and at 10.45 a.m., they left the University and proceeded along Hungjao Road to the Catholic Church area, without interference and escort from the French Authorities.

Comm. of Police  
Sir:

R. E. Yorke

6.17.40. 7-

Copies to  
E. Z.

B. M. & U. S. M.  
or Colonial Garrison

R. D. F.

34/6

(cont)

246 pm.

S. C. G.

W.H.  
23/6.



D. C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

June 21, 1940

**CONFIDENTIAL**

To.

**The Secretary & Commissioner General.**

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- S.B.D.8155 B(C).

Subject :- Arrival of Japanese and Chinese Troops in Nantao.

Enclosures

Two copies of a Police Report.

**FILE**

6/26

CONFIDENTIAL  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I., Special Branch. *Sergeant,*  
REPORT

Date June 20, 1940.

Subject Arrival of Japanese and Chinese Troops in Nantao.

Made by ..... Forwarded by .....

On June 18, 1940, 1,400 Japanese and 600 Chinese troops, equipped with about 30 light tanks of two and three tons each, arrived in Nantao and vicinity from areas abutting the Shanghai-Nanking Railway. It is reported that they have arrived here to augment the present Japanese garrison stationed in Nantao. These troops have established their headquarters in the premises of the Lunghwa Temple, in which about 1,500 troops are at present billeted, while the remaining 500 (Japanese) are quartered in the premises of the Chungshan Hospital, Foong Ling Chiao, at the southern end of Route Ghisi.

The original strength of the Japanese garrison in Nantao was 500 and their disposition was as follows :-

On the premises of the Water Works,  
Kaochongmiao. 200

In the former premises of the Kaiming  
Middle School, Arsenal Road. 100

On the former premises of the Utopia  
University, 388 Railway Station Rd. 200.

It is rumoured but not confirmed that the motive for the sudden despatch of a large force of Japanese and Chinese troops to Nantao is to bring pressure to bear with a view to effecting the retrocession of the Catholic Church Area adjacent to the Zikawei Village, which is beyond the Concession limits and which is regarded by the Japanese as a territorial encroachment.

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

Date 19

- 2 -

Subject. ....

Made by ..... Forwarded by .....

by the French Authorities.

The newly arrived troops are at present busy installing military telephone lines in Nantao and vicinity.

The French Police do not admit the reason given above.

Information from the French Police is that 300 troops (Chinese and Japanese) were moved on the night of June 19th/20th. into a section bounded by Great Western Road, Lincoln Avenue and Chungshan Road, not far from the Kwang Whia University.

Certified true copy.

J. F. Howell

CCH

**CONFIDENTIAL**SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE No. S. **B. D.** <sup>REGISTRY</sup> ~~8155 B.C.~~S. I. Special Branch ~~Station~~

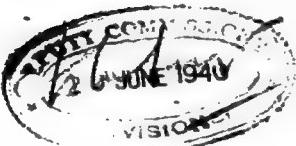
REPORT

Date June 20 1940

Subject Arrival of Japanese and ~~Manchurian~~ Troops in Nantao.

Main by D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford.

Copy 1  
E. / Z.  
B.M. / US MC/  
R. W.A. G.I. - Jr.  
S-C G



On June 16, 1940, 1,400 Japanese and 600 Chinese troops, equipped with about 30 light tanks of two and three tons each, arrived in Nantao and vicinity from areas abutting the Shanghai-Nanking Railway. It is reported that they have arrived here to augment the present Japanese garrison stationed in Nantao. These troops have established their headquarters in the premises of the Lunghwa Temple, in which about 1,500 troops are at present billeted, while the remaining 500 (Japanese) are quartered in the premises of the Chungshan Hospital, Foong Ling Chiao, at the southern end of Route Ghisi.

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On the former premises of the Utopia University, 386 Railway Station Rd. 200

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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Station,

Date ..... 19

REPORT

Subject (in full) ..... - 2 -

Made by ..... Forwarded by .....

by the French Authorities.

The newly arrived troops are at present busy installing military telephone lines in Nantao and vicinity.

Pan Lien-pik  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

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Information from the French Police states that 300 troops (Chinese and Japanese) were moved on the night of June 19th./20th. into a section bounded by Great Western Road, Lincoln Avenue and Chungshan Road, not far from the Kwang Wha University.

C. Grandd  
D. I.

21/6/40

af

cfp.

FORM NO. 3  
G. SON-I-40

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch. Section,

REPORT

Date. March 4, 1940.

Subject (in full). Nantao Japanese Garrison Headquarters - removed.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by D.I. Crawford.

E(2)  
U.S.A.  
  
FILE  
C-13  
? 270

Some 300 Japanese soldiers and officers who were garrisoned in the Van Tsoh (萬竹) Primary School, van Tsoh Ka, in the Refugee Zone, Nantao, removed on the morning of March 2, 1940, together with their personal effects and equipment which include 5 light tanks, to the Chi Yung Sih Zuh (企雲別墅), Lane 812, Chung Hwa Road.

A rectangular wooden sign bearing the name "Nantao Japanese Garrison Headquarters" is now displayed outside a house situated opposite the former Nantao Telephone Company (Chinese), Chung Hwa Road near Kuo Lung Road (跨龍路) and a Japanese sentry is posted outside the building.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

Rutl.

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

December 15, 1939.

To,

The Secretary - Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in  
transmitting herewith the unmentioned documents.

Reference No:- S.B. D.8155B(C).

Subject :- Transfer of Manchukuo Troops from Nantao.

Enclosures

Copy of a Police Report.

TYH  
FORM NO. 3  
G. 65M-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

CONFIDENTIAL

File No. *Black 8538*

s.1. Special Branch

Date December 14, 1939

REPORT

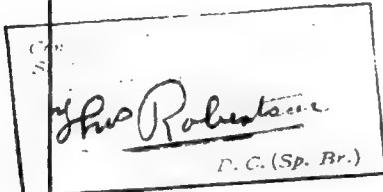
Subject (in full) Manchukuo Troops transferred from Nantao

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

Vide Sp. Br.  
Report of 9/12/39.

The 9,000 Manchukuo troops who were transferred to Shanghai from Wuhu on December 7 and 8, 1939 and stationed in Nantao after arrival, left for an unknown destination during curfew hours between December 12 and December 13, 1939. Attached herewith is a map of Nantao showing the location of the place where these troops were stationed following their arrival about a week ago.



D. C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

*Better inform all  
recipient of & stay*





SHANGHAI TIMES.

Feb 13 1939

## NO KOREAN TROOPS NEAR SHANGHAI

### Japanese Deny Reports Of Manchoukuo Troops Being In Nantao

Japanese military authorities in Shanghai yesterday categorically dismissed as "ridiculous" a report attributed to Chinese press sources printed by an English-language morning daily to the effect that "9,000 Formosan and Manchoukuo troops" were now stationed in Nantao on the southeastern limits of the French Concession.

Manchoukuo troops, a Japanese military spokesman declared, are not being used outside of the borders of their own Empire.

"As to Formosan effectives," the spokesman declared, "there are no such troops in the Japanese Army. Formosan subjects are not subject to conscription and consequently cannot serve in the Japanese Army."

The spokesman pointed out that it was only recently that Japanese subjects of Korean extraction were being permitted to enlist in the Japanese Army as volunteers, as they also were not subject to military service. Only about 2,000 such volunteers had been accepted so far and these were still undergoing training in Chosen, the spokesman pointed out.

D. J. Pan  
C. P. J.  
2/13/42  
8:15 p.m.

S155-2  
2 3/

Shun 2nd dated December 10 :- 11-12-29 (AM)

FORMOSAN AND MANCHUKUOAN SOLDIERS IN NANTAO AND HONGKEW

On December 7 and 8, more than 9,000 Formosan and Manchukuoan soldiers were transferred to Nantao from Wuhu. The new arrivals were accommodated in schools and guilds in Nantao. The soldiers wear shabby uniforms and they seem to be in bad need of winter necessities. During the night of December 7 and 8, three Manchukuoan soldiers dashed into some houses in the vicinity of a Police outpost at Great East Gate, Nantao, and asked for blankets but when the inmates refused to give anything to the intruders, the latter stabbed an old housekeeper to death.

These soldiers constitute a direct menace to peace and order in Nantao and the residents are now devising ways and means to ensure their safety. It is further learned that several foreign style buildings which had escaped damage during the war have been prepared for the accommodation of several tens of thousands of Japanese soldiers who will be transferred to Nantao in the course of the next few days. During the past two days, approximately 3,000 Manchukuoan and Formosan soldiers have arrived in Hongkew.

December 11,

39.

Secretary & Commissioner General,

S. M. C.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

With regard to the attached report, it is believed that the transfer of these troops has reference to Mr. Wang Ching Wei and the new Central Government. Mr. Wang has no army to support him, and it is this lack of support which he finds very embarrassing.

Further enquiries are being made, and a further report will follow.

Sd. K. M. Bourne.

Commissioner of Police.

IW/.

G. D. J. Sih

12  
J. S.  
88/12

cfp.

**SECRET**

File No. 84555.C(4)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch SP4000X

**REPORT**

Date December 9, 1939.

Subject Manchukuo troops arrived at Nantao.

Made by S.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by S.I. Crawford.

about 12,000 Manchukuo troops were transferred to Shanghai from Wuhu by the Japanese Military authorities on December 7 and 8th, 1939. 3,000 are stationed in Civic Centre (Niangwan), and the remaining 9,000 are stationed at the following places in Nantao:-

- (1) St. Joseph's Institute for the Poor (Sing Poo Yoh Daung 新普育堂), Kuo Foo (國貨路) road.
- (2) In dwelling houses at Fan Pu Jao (打浦橋), near the south end of Rue Pere Robert.
- (3) former building of the Woosung-Shanghai Constabulary, Ching Joh Road (警局路), near Small South Gate.
- (4) Lung Men Villa (龍門邨), Soon Lai Road (Small West Gate).
- (5) Hunan Guild (湖南會館), Arsenal Road.
- (6) Hwei Ming (徽商會館) Guild, Arsenal Road.

Commr. of Police  
S.I.  
S.I. (S.P.B.)

*John Robertson*

n.c. (S.P.B.)

These troops are natives of Manchuria and wear uniforms similar to those of the Japanese Army. The officers are Japanese and Formosans. The discipline among the troops is very lax, and upon arrival they searched for cotton quilts in the residences near where they were quartered causing a panic among the Nantao population.

According to information from a usually reliable source, a total of some 90,000 Manchukuo troops are to be concentrated in Nantao before December 15, 1939 the idea behind this being to intimidate the French Authorities and so accelerate the negotiations



## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

**REPORT**

..... Station,

Date..... 19

Subject.....

- .2 -

Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

E.  
B.M.  
H.  
U.S.M.C.  
French Police

between the Shanghai City Government and the French authorities over the re-opening of the iron gates along the French Concession boundaries. Should no success attend those negotiations the iron gates will be broken open by those Manchukuo troops after the inauguration of the new "Central Government" of Wang Ching Wei.

Pan Lien-pit

D. I.

D.O. (Special Branch).

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S.1., Special Branch, ~~SEARCH~~

## REPORT

Date November 17, 1939.

Subject. Nantao Chamber of Commerce - inaugurated

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. I. S. A. J. X

Under the auspices of the Nantao District Administrative Office of the "Shanghai City Government," a new organization to be known as the "Shanghai Municipality Nantao Chamber of Commerce," came into existence on November 10, 1939, with offices at 122 Ning Woo Road, City. CHANG PING DZ (張平記), aged 56, a native of Shanghai, and proprietor of the Dong Shing (同興) Rice Shop, 116-118 Dah Ching Road, and TSEU SHIEN NGOH (周錫岳), aged 42, native of Kunshan, and owner of the Van Woo (萬和) Soy Shop, 112 Loo Shiang Yuen Road, are respectively chairman and vice-chairman of the organization.

The object is the promotion of friendship among the business people in Nantao and to support decisions by the Nantao District Administrative Office. It will also be responsible for matters relating to the collection of taxes for the Administrative Office and settlement of disputes.

The chamber now claims to have some 200 members, each paying a membership fee ranging from \$0.50 to \$1.00 per month.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

Ta Ying Yeh Pao dated November 11 :- 12-11-37 (A.M.)

NANTAO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FORMED

The Nantao Chamber of Commerce formed by the Political Affairs Administration of Nantao, was inaugurated at a meeting held on November 10 when Chang Ping-dz (張炳傑), was elected Chairman of the Chamber, Chow Shien-ngoh (周顯英), Vice-Chairman, and Li Fei-sung (李飛昇), Yin Tso-dong (尹佐桐) and Zi Jui-liang (齊瑞良), as supervisors.

It is learned that Chang Ping-dz, the Chairman, was formerly an usher in the defunct Sin Wu Tai Theatre (新武台) in the Chinese City. For a long time he was unemployed and lived in the rice shop owned by his brother. The Vice-Chairman is the proprietor of a small shop.

12-11-37

Pub  
12/11

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

File No. 85587C

S.1. Special Branch Station  
REPORT Date February 21, 1941.

Subject Nantao District Administrative Office - free distribution of rice  
and winter relief.

Made by D.I. Fan Lien Pih Forwarded by C.D.I. Tabrum

On February 20, 1941, the Nantao District Administrative Office of the Shanghai City Government, 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao, issued a proclamation to the effect that between February 21 and 27, 1941, a free distribution of rice and winter clothes to the poor in the Nantao District would be held in its office from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. daily. Those who can prove that they are poor residents of Nantao and have no means of support may apply to the Administrative Office by presenting their censorship certificates for one "shen" of rice (equal to 1/100 of a picul) and a suit of winter clothes. To those who are under 16 years of age only one "shen" of rice will be issued.

Copy of P.  
Sir:  
Info:

O. H. R. M. S.  
2/2  
(S. B.)

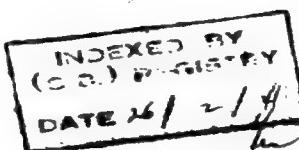
R.P.Y. 2



Fan Lien-pih  
D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)

FILE



Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

July 8, 1940.

To. Secretary & Commissioner General,

S. M. C.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- S.D. D.8155B(c)

Subject :- Rice Situation in Nantao and Pootung.

Enclosures

Copy of a Police report.

*Santay/7/40*  
*PA*  
*20 S.*  
  
Date July 8, 1940.

(Special Branch) Office Notes

Commissioner of Police.

Sir,

A meeting between Mr. Fu Siao En, Sir Robert Calder Marshall, K.B.E., and a representative of the French Municipal Council has been arranged for a day early in this week. The principal subject for discussion is supplies of rice. Sir Robert is fully acquainted with the situation in the Settlement and Concession and through Secretariat asked for some particulars of the situation in Pootung and Nantao.

The attached report has been prepared and three copies are available for forwarding to Secretary-General.

Rudjark  
D.C. (Special Branch)

KWC

F.M. 2  
G. 50M-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
S. & REGISTRY	
No. S. B. D.	8/55(C)
S. 1, Special Branch 6th floor, 14	
REPORT	Date July 8, 1940

S. 1, Special Branch

Date

July 8,

1940

Subject: Rice Situation in Nantao and Pootung.

Made by: and Forwarded by: D. I. Crawford

Nantao

The supply of rice in Nantao is monopolized by the Nantao Ming Sung Rice and Paddy Association, 377 Min Kuo Road, Nantao, which was formed in March, 1940. This Association is sponsored principally by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha, which firms are the agents permitted by the Japanese authorities to purchase rice in the producing areas.

The Association at present distributes a total of some 70 bags of rice (See Mee), a total of 7 tons, to rice shops in Nantao every day. There is a stock of approximately 500 bags stored on the Association premises. The Association obtains its supplies from rice stored in Japanese godowns in Hongkew.

Rice shops purchasing supplies from the Association must first deposit with the Association a minimum sum of Yen 500, and each shop receives a quantity of rice equivalent to 90% of the value of deposits.

Although according to the regulations of the Association, purchases of rice are not permitted from sources other than the Association, the rice shops are at present permitted to buy rice from farmers bringing the grain from suburban cities. Purchases are also made from dealers in

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

## REPORT

Station,

Date. 19

Subject. ....

- 2 -

Made by. ....

Forwarded by. ....

the Settlement and French Concession. During the past week approximately 150 bags of rice were daily transported to Nantao from the foreign controlled areas.

The prices prevailing in Nantao are as follows :-

See Mee

Wholesale price - \$67.50 per "zar"

Retail price - \$68.50 " "

Foreign rice of poor quality brought from the Settlement

Retail price - \$60.00 per "zar"

Pootung

150 rice shops bordering the Whangpoo River in Pootung are now supplied with rice (See Mee) from Japanese godowns in Hongkew by Japanese firms. These shops are supplied collectively with 1,000 "zars" of rice daily. The prices prevailing are as follows :-

Wholesale price - \$66.00 per "zar"

Retail price - \$67.00 " "

The seven rice shop owners in Pootung who were arrested by the Japanese authorities on charges of instigating a suspension of business by the rice shops in Pootung, were released on July 5, 1940. It is reported that during their detention, they were questioned and detained in

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

## REPORT

- 3 -

Date ..... 19

Subject. ....

Made by. ....

Forwarded by. ....

Hongkew.

There is no rice arriving from the hinterland  
of Foo tung.

The stocks of foreign rice stored in  
foreign owned godowns in Foo tung are estimated  
to be :-

Chi Chong Wharf, Foo tung	5,000 bags
MacKenzie Wharf, Foo tung	6,500 "
Butterfield and Swire godowns in Foo tung	25,000 "

D.

I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

K.W.C.  
P.M.  
G. WOM-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

655.370

S. I., Special Branch Station,

REPORT

Date May 10, 1940.

Subject Nantao Ning Sung Rice and Paddy Association - Situation.

Made by D.I. Han Lien Lih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

On May 5, the Nantao Ning Sung Rice and Paddy Association, 377 Min Kue Road, Nantao, issued to the rice shops in Nantao a circular notice which states :-

"Henceforth, rice shops in Nantao, intending purchasing rice from the association, must first deposit with the association a minimum sum of Yen 200 as security to cover purchases. A rice shop may then purchase 2 bags of rice from the association. If additional bags of rice are required, an additional sum of Yen 100 per bag will be required as coverage. A rice shop may not be required to deposit further security when applying for further purchases should the balance from the previous transactions amount to Yen 200."

The adoption of this new measure by the association has aroused indignation among the proprietors of rice shops in Nantao who are mostly of the poorer class tradesmen.

At 9 a.m. May 7, some 50 representatives of the rice shops in Nantao appealed to the Nantao District Administrative Office and the Liaison Department of the Japanese Military stationed in Nantao, both located at Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao, to assist them and the authorities promised to enter into negotiations



DATE 10/5/40

FILE  
10/5

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

Date.....19

Subject.....

## REPORT

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Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

with the management of the association for the suspension of this new measure for two weeks, pending a settlement. On May 8, however, certain rice shops with the intention of making purchases under the old ruling were refused by the association.

It is learned that the adoption of this new system was instigated by the Japanese authorities and they are doubtful whether the appeals made will have any effect.

The retail prices of rice in Nantao on May 8, were as follows :-

Kan Lee - \$46.00 to \$47.00 per "zar"

Juhu See Lee - \$50 per "zar" (sole distributor of this grade of rice are the Japanese Military).

Pan Lien-pik

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. B. REGISTRY  
No. S. B. D.  
Date

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APRIL 19, 1940.

To: Secretary to Commissioner General,

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No.:- P. 8155B(C)

Subject :- Nantao Ning Sung Rice and Candy Association.

Enclosures Copy of Police report.

FILE

KWC  
U. 90M 239

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE No. 3

File No. 8755370

S. I., Special Branch, S. I. S.

REPORT

Date April 18, 1940.

Subject Nantao Ming Sung Rice and Paddy Association.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

The Nantao Ming Sung Rice and Paddy Association (南市民生米穀公會) came into existence on March 15, 1940, with an office on the former premises of the Chinese Flour Exchange, 377 Min Kuo Road, Nantao. The Association was sponsored jointly by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha, with permission from the Special Service Section of the Japanese Military.

Commr. of Police  
Sir  
Information

D. I. (Sp. A.)

2 copies to  
Mr. ...

Sent.

S.C.G.



Pan Seu Zung (潘守仁), owner of the Kung Ping (公平) Rice Shop, 4655 Robison Road, who is believed to have been on intimate terms with the Japanese ever since the January 28 Incident of 1932, is also interested in the formation of this Association. Pan Seu Zung is at present in Hongkong but has appointed one Zau Lien Sung (趙蓮生), ex-G.P.C. of the French Police, follower of Doo Yueh Sung and notorious loafer in the French Concession, to handle his affairs in Shanghai. Zau is also connected with gambling dens in the Western District and has amassed a large fortune from this source.

Following its inauguration on March 15, the promoters invited Chang Ping Sz (張炳如), owner of Doong Shing (同興) Rice Shop, 116-8 Loo Shiang Yuen Road, and Chairman of the Nantao Chamber of Commerce, and Yu Ching Wu (于經武),

DATE APR 18 1940

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## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

## REPORT

Date. .... 19

- 2 -

Subject. ....

Made by. ....

Forwarded by. ....

ex-section chief of the Nantao Administrative Office, to serve as directors. It at present employs a staff of 40 Chinese and 20 Japanese, who are employed in the following departments :-

- |    |                         |       |
|----|-------------------------|-------|
| 1) | Accounting Department   | (帳務部) |
| 2) | Godown Department       | (倉庫部) |
| 3) | Delivery Department     | (輸出部) |
| 4) | Distribution Department | (分配部) |

The Association aims at monopolizing the supply and sale of rice in the Nantao area and has a capital in the region of from \$2,500,000 to \$5,000,000.

The Association will obtain supplies of rice from the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha who are the principal agents permitted by the Japanese authorities to purchase rice in the producing areas. It will be responsible for the distribution of rice to rice shops in Nantao for retail and the shops will not be permitted to purchase supplies from any other source. Apart from the supply of rice to shops, the Association will also fix a price for all shops in Nantao. The shops must also exhibit outside their premises a white cloth banner bearing the title of the Association and these will be sold at \$0.80 each.

For instance, when a rice shop obtains 100 "zars" of rice from the Association at the price of \$40.00 per "zar", it must pay a lump sum of

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

**REPORT**.....Station,  
Date.....19

Subject.....

Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

- 3 -

\$4,000.00 at time of purchase. The shop will be required to sell the rice at the price at which it is bought, but on the completion of the sale of 100 "zars", the shop will receive a commission of \$50.00 from the Association. This is the only profit to which the rice shop will be entitled.

Any shop which is found to have quoted prices higher or lower than the price stipulated, and/or purchase rice from other sources than the Association, will be cautioned on the first occasion, fined on the second occasion and ordered to suspend business on the third occasion.

Rice shops in Nantao, numbering approximately 120 in all, have been induced to promise support for the movement, but so far only about 10% have actually joined in it. Through these shops, the Association at present disposes off some 80 "zars" of rice every day, which is removed to Nantao from Japanese owned godowns in Hongkew via Chapei and Chungshan Road. The Association at present adopts an indifferent attitude towards the rice shops which are not co-operating with it.

It is confidentially learned that the Association is now applying to the New Central Government and the ~~New~~ Asia Development Board for permission to operate. Pending the receipt of this

*File No. ....*

# SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

...Station,

Date..... 19

## **REPORT**

- 4 -

*Subject.....*

*Made by* ..... *Forwarded by* .....

permission, it is not expected that the Association will enforce a strict control over the rice trade in Nantao.

Pan Lien-pit

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

APR  
G. 50 N-4-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
REGISTRY

8/55 B.C.

Section I, Special Branch Station

REPORT

Date March 26th, 1940.

Subject Nantao Situation - Supply of Rice.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pil. Forwarded by Supt. J. Jason.

(Vide Special Branch report dated March 20, 1940.)

The daily supply of rice by the International Relief Committee into the Refugee Zone, Nantao, which was prevented by the Japanese troops stationed there on March 18th was permitted to resume on March 23rd, 1940, following lengthy negotiations by the Refugee Zone Supervisory Committee of the International Relief Committee. No untoward incident occurred while the supply of rice was discontinued.

With regard to the Nantao Ling Sung Rice and Paddy Trade Association (南市民生米穀公會), 377 Min Kuo Road, Nantao, which has for its object the monopoly of the sale of rice in the Nantao area, no activities directed at obtaining a monopoly have yet come into notice.



Pan Lien-pil  
D. I.

D. G. (Special Branch).

INDEXED BY  
(S.S.) REGISTRY

DATE 7/3/40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Reference Slip from Headquarters.

To:	INSTRUCTIONS:
D.C. (Divs.)	For disposal
" (Crime)	Furnish data
" (S.B.)	Investigate and report
S.D.C.	Note and return
D.C. (F.2.)	Report present status
A.C. (F.2.)	Submit recommendation
D.C. (C.)	For further report
A.C. (C.)	For opinion
D.C. (Specials)	Reply to writer direct
A.C. (A. & T. R.)	As instructed
A.C. (Traffic)	See me in re:
" (Sikhs)	Inform Applicant
D.O.A. Divn.	Draft Reply
" B. Divn.	For necessary action
" C. Divn.	Attach file
" D. Divn.	For information
Gov. of Gaol.	Comment
Personal Assistant	For verification
Quartermaster	Note and File
Pay Office	Attach to File
Central Registry	
Legal Dept	
C.C.R.	
P.L.S.	

THIS SLIP MUST NOT BE DETACHED.

R.P. Further Please  
See Re: /

Initials: 27 MAR. 1948 Date: 28/3/48

Noted and Returned Date: / /

2  
TO FACILITATE REPLY PLEASE QUOTE  
THIS NUMBER F 30/12  
AND DO NOT DEAL WITH MORE THAN  
ONE MATTER IN THE SAME LETTER



# Council Chamber.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING

*Shanghai,* March 26, 1940

The Commissioner of Police.

### Nantao Situation - Supply of Rice

When the report by the ~~Rice~~ Special Branch dated March 20 relative to the above mentioned matter was circulated to Members of the Supplies Sub-Committee, a Member commented as follows:- "This seems to supply some of the concrete evidence required and should be followed up."

Secretary & Commissioner General.

*1/20/40  
F. C. G.*

CWC

1 M 2  
G. SGM-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REGISTRY

S. I., Special Branch *D. 8155 B/21*

REPORT

Date March 20, 1940.

Subject Nantao Situation - supply of rice.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by Supt. J. Mason

On March 18, 1940, two truck loads of rice belonging the International Relief Committee, and being transported to the Nantao Refugee Zone for the use of the refugees housed there, were stopped by a Japanese sentry on duty at Rue Chateau d'Eau. Negotiations for the entry of the rice into the refugee zone have been commenced by Rev. Father Jacquinot who is in charge of the zone in question. No success has attended his efforts so far but further efforts are being made.

Some 100 bags of foreign rice are transported daily to the refugee zone by the International Relief Committee but no trouble has ever been experienced before. This incident is believed to be the outcome of the recent formation by Japanese merchants of a Nantao Ming Sung Rice and Paddy Trade Association (南京民生米穀公會) which has for its object the monopoly of the sale of rice in the Nantao Area.

The Nantao Ming Sung Rice and Paddy Trade Association, with offices at 377 Ming Kuo Road (民國路), Nantao, was formally inaugurated on March 15, 1940. It was formed jointly by the Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha and Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, two Japanese concerns, with the sanction of the

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

## REPORT

Date. 19

Subject. ....

- 2 -

Made by ..... Forwarded by .....

2 copies to  
Gen. Secy.

## Japanese Military Authorities.

The association, it is learned, will obtain its supply of rice from Wuhu, Sungkiang, and Tsingpu districts and will be assisted in this matter by the Japanese Military Authorities stationed in those localities.

Dan Lien-pie

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

1 M. 2  
6. 50M. 1. 32  
G.M.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 81106

Section 7, Special Branch, Station 8155 B(c)

REPORT

Date March 18th, 1940.

Day

Subject: Establishment of the Nantao Popular Welfare and Rice Distribution Society.

Made by: D. S. Kamashita. Forwarded by: Supt. J. Mason.

With reference to the attached extracts from the March 14th issue of the North China Daily News and the Shanghai Times regarding the establishment of the "Nantao Popular Welfare & Rice Distribution Society" (南市民生米穀公會), enquiries show that this society was established recently on Ninkuo Road, Nantao, with a capital of \$2,500,000 after understanding had been reached with the Japanese Military authorities and the Social Affairs Bureau of the Shanghai City Government. The object of the society, it is stated, is to relieve the shortage of daily necessities in Nantao.

As a first step, the society is at present distributing rice and in future other food stuff will be sold. The promoters of this society are Mr. H. Yamaguchi, manager of the Daimaru Yoko on North Szechuan Road, Mr. T. Takaki, Proprietor of the Fukuki Yoko on Kiangse Road, two other Japanese, Mr. T. Ohi and Mr. H. Kurosaki, and three Chinese, Mr. Pan Yung Hwa (潘崇華), Mr. Woo Ziang Tsang (吳翔章) and Mr. Wong Kwang Sz (王匡茲). It is stated that the Tung Lai Bank and Bank of East Asia (東亞銀行) will give financial support to the society.

D. S.  
D. C. (Special Branch).

D. C. (Special Branch).

22 3 40  
J.W.

WAN

FORMED to aid rehabilitation of Nantao, the establishment of the Sino-Japanese Nantao Popular Welfare and Rice Distribution Society will be announced Saturday at a dinner party to be held at the Togo restaurant on Chapoo Road, the "Shanghai Mainichi" said yesterday.

2001 1940

### SOCIETY PLANNED TO AID NANTAO

Formed to aid rehabilitation of Nantao, the establishment of the Sino-Japanese Nantao Popular Welfare and Rice Distribution Society will be announced on Saturday at a dinner party to be held at the Togo, a Japanese restaurant on Chapoo Road, the Shanghai "Mainichi" said yesterday.

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. 1, Special Branch Establishment

REPORT

Date October 3, 1939.

Subject (in full) Nantao Refugee Zone - charity rice for residents.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by C. Glawford D.

The issue of half price to the 19,000 poor people living in the Nantao Refugee Zone, which was commenced by the Committee of the International Refugee Relief Association, on September 9, 1939, discontinued on September 30, 1939.

About 5,000 out of the 19,000 persons were found by the Committee to be so poor that they were unable to support themselves. They are consequently accommodated like refugees in a Refugee Camp on the former premises of the Chinese Flour Exchange, 240 Boulevard des Republiques and are given 6 ounces of free rice each every day.



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

8-15-3

S.I., Special Branch ~~xxxxx~~

REPORT

Date September 15, 1939.

Subject. International Refugee Relief Association, Nantao  
- to continue the distribution of free rice to  
residents in Refugee Zone.

Made by. D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by. R. W. Mac Callie D.S.I.

The Committee of the International Refugee Relief Association, Nantao, is contemplating conducting an investigation into the number of destitute persons now staying in the Refugee Zone, City, with a view to affording them free accommodation in a new camp to be established in the premises of the former Flour Exchange, Sin Kai Woo, City. As a preliminary step, the destitute people will be required to be photographed (free of charge) at the offices of the Committee, 235 Fang Pang Road, Nantao.

Prior to the establishment of the new camp, the Association has decided to continue the issue of free rice of a quantity of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ounces each to the 19,000 residents in the Refugee Zone, the original decision to cease the distribution on September 15 having been cancelled.



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

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**CONFIDENTIAL**

File No. ....

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# SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch, Station,

## **REPORT**

Date September 2, 1931.

*Subject..... Informational brochure relief assistance - supply of free rice to residents in the Refugee Zone, Lantao*

Made by D. I. Fan Liou-rih Forwarded by Dr. S. H. Ho

During the morning of December 5, about 500 Chinese claimants to be representatives of the residents in the K-Soo-See Zone, Nantou, called at the Nantou Office of the International Welfare Relief Association, 238 Fa-ch Fang Road, City, and requested the Committee to rescind its decision which was announced on the previous day in connection with the discontinuation of the daily supply of free rice to the 18,000 residents there.

As a result, the Committee of the association agreed to continue the supply of free rice in quantities of 2½ ounces each instead of 5 ounces as previously granted, for a period of one week, between September 9 and 15.

On the expiration of the period, destitute persons will be permitted on application to stay in the refugee camps in Nentao at the expense of the Association.

**A.C. (Special Branch).**

Pan Lien-pik  
D. I.  
Rat/  
E. T. S.  
field afa.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch *stabbed*

**REPORT**

Date September 8, 1939

Subject International Refugee Relief Association - discontinues

supply of free rice to residents of refugee zone in Nantao

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by R. W. Mac Ardle S.S.

The International Refugee Relief Association has decided to cease the daily supply of free rice (five ounces each) to the 19,000 residents other than those accommodated in various camps, in the Refugee Zone, Nantao, with effect from to-day, September 8. In a circular issued on September 7, the Committee of the association stated that this step was taken as a result of the increase in the prices of rice, but promised to continue the free supply when the situation improves.

The Association, however, is still responsible for the food supply to the 20,000 refugees now accommodated in the camps in Nantao.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch).

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fed  
1/2

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. B. REGISTRY  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE. File No. D. 8125 (2)  
Date 11. 8. 40.  
S. I. Special Branch 866661  
REPORT Date August 9, 1940

Subject: The Self-Defence Section of the Youths' Corps in Nantao Refugee

Zone - dissolved.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford.

(Vide Special  
Branch Report -  
dated 21/6/40).

The Self-Defence Section of the Youths' Corps (青年團自衛隊), No. 51 Kao Tun Road, Kiu Mow Di, City, which was organized at the beginning of June, 1940, by Sung Sz Chin (沈士景), Chief of the Nantao Administrative Office of the Shanghai City Government, for the maintenance of order in the Nantao Refugee Zone and which consisted of 50 members under the command of Tseu Pao Dah (周寶大), was disbanded on August 1, 1940, because their services are no longer required and because the Nantao Refugee Zone was dissolved at the end of June, 1940.

The Nantao Youths' Corps located in the Nantao Administrative Office, 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boone Lai Road, Nantao, is still operating.

C 10%.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

August 3. 1944 Am.

Central China Daily News and Kuo Min Daily News :-

YOUTHS' CORPS TO BE DISBANDED

Since its establishment, the Youths' Corps in Nantao has achieved remarkable results in its work. Some time ago owing to the fact that the place was full of lawless elements, the Corps established a Self-Defence Section at No. 51 Kao Tung Ka Street, Loo Hsiang Yuen Road, Nantao, with Chow Pao-dash (周寶才) as Chief. Its duty was to co-operate with the Police and the military in the maintenance of peace and order in the Refugee Zone. Now order has been restored and the district is gradually moving towards prosperity. Moreover, the police strength of the locality is sufficient to maintain peace and order in the whole district. Consequently, it has been found unnecessary to continue the Self-Defence Section. An order for its disbandment was issued yesterday by the Officer-in-Charge of the Youths' Corps. Captain Zin Ya has been detailed to take over all the documents of the disbanding section.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

FORM NO. 3  
G. 40M-1-38

# **SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE,**

See File No. 111-111-111

## THE HISTORY

**REPORT** Nov 7, 1939.

Subject (in full) Nantao Self-Defence Corps transferred to Fah Hwa Village

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

*Forwarded by,*

C. Crawford. S.I.

On May 5, the Nantao Self-Defence Corps, totalling some 70 men, which was formed in April, 1939, with headquarters in the Huh Chung Coal Briquette Company, Nan Moo Tao, City (Vide Special Branch report, 26-4-39), was transferred, on the instructions of the Japanese Military Special Service Section, to Fah Liwa Village, where guerrillas are said to be active.

E

B. N.

232

P.A. to D.C. (S.A. B.) D.C. (DIVISIONAL Branch).

8  
5  
11  
D.C. @ P.O.

~~Copied~~  
Sent.

A circular stamp with the text "DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE" at the top, "B.H.P." at the bottom, and "MAY 1939" in the center. The word "DIVISIONS" is partially visible on the right side.

Pan Lien-pil  
P. I.

Information  
of Mrs Robertson  
D.C.(S.B.)

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. S. REGISTRY

Section 1, Special Branch  
REPORT

Date April 26, 1939

Subject Nantao Self-Defence Corps formed.

Made by D.I., Pan Lien-pih . . . . Forwarded by C. Gerasdau

~~Recd. 28. 1. 39.~~

On April 25, 1939, the 1st Company of the Nantao Self-Defence Corps (南市自衛團) was formed with headquarters in the premises of the Huh Chung Coal Briquette Company, Nan Moo Tao, City. The corps numbering 70 are all ex-members of a guerilla band formerly operating in the suburbs of Shanghai and are commanded by one Tu Tien Bang (杜天鵬), Chief of the 1st Company, who has Mr. Horikawa (堺一), Chief of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Military Special Service Department, as his adviser. The corps are all in civilian attire but wear a white cloth armlet bearing the characters: "Nantao Self-Defence Corps of the Japanese Military Special Service Department". They are stated to be equipped with some 10 rifles, 20 Mauser pistols and some 20 automatics.

E.  
B.M.



D.O.B.  
French Robin

FILE  
D.F. (Special Branch)

J.R.  
P.A.W.D.C. (Sp. Br.)  
26/4

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

Commr  
to  
Information  
Thos Robertson  
D.C.(S.B.)

N.H.K.

F.M. 2

G. 7 1-40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. B. REGISTRY

No. S. B. D. 855 B.C.

Sec. 1. Special Br., Station, 15

Date July 4, 1940

REPORT

Subject Refugee Zone in Nantao - Situation.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D.I. Crawford

At 7 p.m., June 30, 1940, the Supervisory Committee of the Nantao Refugee Zone, 235 Fong Pang Road (方浜路), Nantao, wound up their affairs. The Supervisory Committee distributed one-month's free rice from the stocks left to the refugees accommodated in the Zone on June 30th, but the refugees when collecting the rice for their meals on that date saw 150 bags of rice stored on the committee premises. The staff at this time were attempting to shift this rice to the Sing Po Yo Tang (新普育堂) Benevolent Institution on Kuo Hoo (國貨) Road, Nantao, when they were prevented by a horde of refugees who stole the rice before it could be transported. The Police in the vicinity took no action.

A number of refugees are still living in the Refugee Zone Area in spite of the dissolution of the above Committee.

The Japanese military Special Service Section, Nantao Branch and the Shanghai City Government, it is reported, are to take care of those refugees who are definitely infirm, disabled or homeless, when the general liquidation of the other refugees has taken place.

Regarding the "French Refugee Lottery", there will be two or three more drawings the proceeds of which will be allotted to the Nantao Refugee Hospital for its upkeep. This Hospital is sponsored by Father Jacquinot.

FILE

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
OFFICE No. 1

# SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

E.  
No. S. B. I.

S. 1. Special Branch *Ishditch*,

CCH

## **REPORT**

Date, June 21

Subject: Refugee Zone in Nantao to wind up affairs.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pin Forwarded by D. I. Crawford.

On June 16, 1940, the Supervisory Committee of the Refugee Zone in Nantao was renamed "The Rehabilitation Committee of the Refugee Zone in Nantao" (南市難民區善後委員會) and Dr. A. Jaspar, Directeur, Ecole Primaire de Lagrene, who was one of the members of the Supervisory Committee, was nominated Chairman of the Rehabilitation Committee.

It is learned that the Rehabilitation Committee has decided to wind up the affairs of the Nantao Refugee Zone, which was established at the end of 1937 by Father Jacquinot, and to liquidate the refugees at present under its care.

It is estimated that there are at present some 19,000 male and female refugees accommodated in the various camps in the Zone and the Rehabilitation Committee expects that they will be disposed off before July 15, 1940, with the exception of some 300 who are infirm and disabled and who will be transferred to the Poo Yo Tang Benevolent Institution in Nantao.

Detailed measures regarding the proposed repatriation are now under discussion.

## Pandian-pik

P.<sub>a</sub> I<sub>a</sub>

**D. C. (Special Branch)**

June 19, 1940.

Afternoon Translation

Sin Wan Pao and Shun Pao :-

REFUGEE ZONE IN NANTAO TO BE WOUND UP AT THE END OF JUNE

As the result of a discussion by the Rehabilitation Committee, after the departure of Father Jacquinot from Shanghai, it was decided that the Refugee Zone in Nantao be wound up at the end of this month. Young and able-bodied refugees will be issued with provisions for half a month and will then be repatriated, whilst the old, weak and disabled refugees will be removed to Poo Yoh Tong Benevolent Institution ( ).

The French Vice-Consul in Shanghai was entrusted with this work by Father Jacquinot before his departure as the former is a member of the Supervisory Committee of the Refugee Zone in Nantao.

It is not known whether the Relief Lottery will be suspended. There have been in all 20 drawings of the Lottery; the 21st will be drawn on June 21.

Dr. Lam

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FN. 2  
G. 5SM-1-

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I. Special Branch ~~extension~~  
REPORT

Date May 21, 1938.

Subject Resignations from Nantao Refugee Relief Committee.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. Grandjean

Further to Special Branch report dated March 7, 1938 on the above subject, Mr. Pan Tse-chieh (潘志傑), who resigned his position as director of the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief Committee, 235 Fang Fang Road, Nantao, on February 24, and was reinstated on March 23, again resigned in the middle of April, because of the antagonistic attitude adopted toward him by several of the managers of refugee camps under the control of the International Relief Committee. He has now been replaced by Mr. Koo Lung (顾禄), a returned law student from France.

With a view to preventing the possibility of his reinstatement by Father Jacquinot on his return from abroad, a number of officers in the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief Committee, including Mr. Woo Zing-zung (吴芷臣), manager of the 55th Refugee Camp, Mr. Kao Heng-chuan (郭衡權), manager of the 81th Refugee Camp, Mr. Tang Dong-kong (唐同尚), manager of the 102th Refugee Camp, Mr. Hu Sing-pah, manager of the 146th Refugee Camp and Mr. Huang Meng-doo (黄夢陀), manager of the 179th Refugee Camp, held a meeting at 10 a.m. May 14 in the Nantao Head Office, 235 Fang Fang Road, when they discussed the formation of an association of managers attached to refugee camps. During the course of the meeting, seven former boys employed in the Offices, who were discharged on the resignation of Mr. Pan Tse-chieh, appeared and assaulted the officers. As a result, Mr. Woo Zing-zung, manager of the 55th Refugee Camp, was injured. It is suspected that



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File No.....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

## REPORT

Date..... 19

Subject.....

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Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

the assailants were instigated by Mr. Pan Tse-chieh.

In pursuance of a decision of the managers of refugee camps to form an organization of their own, the "Association of Managers of Refugee Camps in the Nantao Safety Zone" (上海市淮海区收容所管理联合会) was formally inaugurated at 9 a.m. May 15 at the Kwang Foo Hall, Van Tso Road, Nantao, when about 30 persons attended. During the proceedings, a committee consisting of thirteen persons was elected. The meeting terminated at 10.30 a.m. without any untoward incident occurring.

At 2 p.m. May 15, the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief Committee received a notice from the Headquarters of Japanese Gendarmes, Nantao, stating that the formation of the Association of Managers of Refugee Camps in the Nantao Safety Zone was not permitted and instructed that the organization be dissolved. In compliance with the request of the Japanese military, the authorities of the Nantao Head Office have ordered the Association of managers of Refugee Camps in the Nantao Safety Zone to cease functioning.

Pan Lien-pil  
D. -1.

D.C. (Special Branch)

DBR  
22/5

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I., Special Branch  
**REPORT**S. I., Special Branch  
Date March 7, 1938

Subject: Resignations from Nantao Refugee Relief Committee

Made by D.I.C. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. Crawford C. J.

With reference to the attached ~~translation~~ from the ~~Life~~  
 Daily News and other local newspapers dated February 20, 1938,  
 quoting a "Domei News Agency" report, enquiries have been made  
 and the following information obtained.

Mr. Pan Tse Chieh (潘老傑) was the director and Mr.  
 Tai Chong Ling (戴昌林), associate director of the Nantao  
 Head Office of the International Relief Committee, 235 Fang  
 Wang Road, Nantao, which was formerly occupied by the Nantao  
 Fire Brigade.

Mr. Pan Tse Chieh is a very obstinate and proud man, and  
 there are many instances in which he has <sup>had</sup> differences with the  
 other members of the International Relief Committee on questions  
 pertaining to the relief of refugees. Recently Mr. Pan Tse  
 Chieh clashed with the Japanese military police in Nantao, over  
 an order issued by them that ten rickshas belonging to the Head  
 Office of the International Relief Committee should have passes  
 issued by the Nantao police bureau before being used in the zone.  
 Mr. Pan objected to this new procedure, which was of no avail,  
 and dissatisfied with the state of affairs, Mr. Pan tendered  
 his resignation on February 24. Being a close associate of  
 Mr. Pan and in sympathy with him, Mr. Tai Chong Ling, assistant  
 director of the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief  
 Committee, tendered his resignation also on the same day.

It is reported that up to the present, no officials have  
 been appointed to succeed Mr. Pan Tse Chieh and Mr. Tai Chong Ling.

**FILE***DR.*

D.C. (Special Branch)

7/3

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

Life Daily News and other local newspapers :- 26-2-47 (A.M.)

RESIGNATIONS FROM NANTAO REFUGEE RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Domei News Agency supplies the following report:-

On February 24 Messrs. Pan (潘) and Tai (戴) and the Chiefs of the various districts sent in their joint resignation to the Nantao Refugee Relief Committee, which is under charge of Father Jacquinot. They stated that the relief work that is being undertaken by foreigners is of no practical benefit to the Chinese people.

It is possible that the resignation of these people is due to their fear of being implicated in the cases of malfeasance of office committed by certain other members of the Committee who have absconded.

The whereabouts of the resigned Chinese committee-men are unknown. The relief work in the Refugee Zone sponsored by Father Jacquinot has come to a standstill. Efforts are being made by the Committee to secure new committee-men, but the reports circulated regarding the above affairs are deterring people from joining.

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File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Special Branch - S.I. Station

REPORT

Date June 28, 1938.

Subject..... Newspaper extract from "Shanghai Times" dated June 25, 1938.

Made by D.S. Pitts.

Forwarded by W. H. Gee. S.I.

The Rev. and Mrs. Wilmot D. BOONE have, for a number of years, been actively connected with the American Presbyterian Mission (North), Room 519, No. 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, and for a lengthy period have been attached to the Nantao branch of this organization. "Good Will Industries" is sponsored by the above mission and is conducted solely in an effort to assist the material needs of refugees at present in camps, shelters, etc. in Nantao.

The Rev. and Mrs. Boone left Shanghai on June 26 for the United States and during their absence on long-leave, their work will be carried on by Misses Ricketts and Russell, members of the mission, as stated in the accompanying article.



FILF

D. S.

D.C. (Special Branch).

Q. L.

88

**HELPING NANTAO**

Editor,  
THE SHANGHAI TIMES

Sir.—Will you kindly give space to this letter regarding "Good-Will Industries" in Nantao. We have tried out this self-help or employment method of reconstruction in Nantao for three months and find that it fills a very real need. Many Shanghai friends have "Good-Will Bags" in their homes and many have sent gift of money. We hope that these gifts may continue that the work may be developed. At present we are helping about 200 unemployed men and women in the work rooms daily and about 90 more with free distribution of clothing or with small household utensils.

Clothing and household articles are also sold at the "Good-Will" stores at low prices to the very poor who are not working at the "Good-Will" centre. Workers and neighbours alike receive free medical aid at the clinic daily. About \$1,000 per month is required to help the work going at the present scale. Routine collection of old clothing and household goods is also necessary to provide work for the workers.

We are now withdrawing from "Good-Will" for furlough but the relief project for the poor beyond the safety zone in Nantao is being carried on by others. Misses Ricketts and Russell, of Hangchow, are working in connection with the work room in the Nantao Christian Institute. Mr. Ralph White, of Soochow, is serving as treasurer.

Will those who wish to help finance this programme of self-help by gifts, memorial cheques, etc., please send them payable to Mr. Ralph White, at 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

We wish to express our appreciation of the interest in and support given by the many who have helped to establish "Good-Will Industries" in Shanghai as this has made possible far more help toward regarding a livelihood than one can realize for these hundreds in great need.

MR. AND MRS. WILMOT D. BOONE  
Shanghai, June 24, 1938.

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AS Part  
B.

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Sectional Index to Part 2.

- A.- Collection of Taxes in Nantao by the Bureau of Finance  
of the Shanghai City Government.
- B.- Public Ricssha Licence fees in Nantao.
- C.- Road Maintenance Levy to be collected by the Nantao  
Administrative Office.
- D.- Sanitation Tax to be collected by the Nantao Autonomous  
Commission.
- E.- Hawkers' Licence fees to be collected by the Nantao  
Autonomous Commission.

THH

**CONFIDENTIAL**

F.M. P  
G. 502-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 8852

S.1, Special Branch

REPORT

Date August 21, 1939.

Subject. Bureau of Finance of the Shanghai City Government -

Payment of taxes in "Hwa Shing" banknotes

Made by. D. I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by. C. Stanford S. S

On the morning of August 14, 1939, copies of a notification were posted by the Bureau of Finance of the Shanghai City Government, signed by Tseu Yui Zang (周友常), the Commissioner, at the entrances to the collecting offices in Nantao and Pootung, notifying the residents that payment of all taxes, bills for light and water etc., must henceforth be made in "Hwa Shing" banknotes or their equivalent in legal tender notes, effective from this date. It is learned that on August 14, 1939 the market rate for "Hwa Shing" banknotes was fixed at \$1.70 legal tender notes for \$1.00 "Hwa Shing" note.

The residents in Nantao and Pootung since the above notification was issued have found themselves unable to comply with the requirements of the authorities and the majority have not made any payments with the result that the Bureau of Finance on the afternoon of August 14, 1939, issued verbal instructions to its collecting offices to have the notification rescinded forthwith and to accept payment from residents in accordance with the value of the legal tender notes as before.

In confirmation of the above verbal instructions, the Bureau of Finance on the morning of August 16, 1939 issued another formal notification in Nantao and Pootung, to the effect that until

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Station,

Date. 19

Subject. ....

**REPORT**

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Made by. ....

Forwarded by. ....

further orders all payments by residents may be made in legal tender notes and that in view of the falling rate of the legal tender notes, an additional 30% will be collected on all payments due.

E

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)

Hwa Mei Wan Pao (14/8) - 15839 (RM)

THE "HWA SHING" BANKNOTES

The Shanghai City Government has issued a circular order to the Finance Bureau and its various tax offices directing them to use "Hwa Shing" banknotes as from August 14. On the other hand, they will deliberately attempt to lower the value of legal tender notes.

"Hwa Shing" banknotes have not yet been put into circulation in guerrilla districts in the suburbs of Shanghai. The new attack on legal tender notes will not be without difficulty.

Aug 15/8

B

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G. S. M. - 1

File No. 11112

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch Station,

REPORT

Date: June 13, 1939.

Subject: NANTAO SITUATION - Increase in Public ricsha licence fees - collection of copper coins

Made by: D.I. Pan Lien Pih      Forwarded by: (Signature)



Commr. of Police  
Sir:  
Info: John Robertson  
D.C. (Sp. Br.)

Towards the end of April, 1939, the Nantao Traffic Office of the Bureau of Public Utilities of the "Shanghai City Government", Wen Hsiao Road, Nantao, announced that with effect from May 1, 1939, the licence fees for public ricshas would be increased from 50 cents to 80 cents per month. At first, the ricsha owners and their pullers refused to comply with the order, and petitions were addressed to the Bureau of Public Utilities requesting the cancellation of the increase. On their request being rejected, the ricsha owners complied with the order with effect from June 1 but reduced the number of ricshas in operation.

Originally there were altogether some 1,000 ricshas in operation, but now there are approximately 750, the others having been put aside because of the increase in licence fees and lack of business.

During the past few days, certain Chinese have been engaged in collecting copper coins from the Chinese people living in various parts in Nantao, at 200 coppers for \$1 (the proper rate should be 300 coppers for \$1). It is reported that these persons exchanged the coppers at 160 pieces for \$1 from the Japanese.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

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D.C. (Special Branch)  
P. A. D. C. (S. B.)  
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File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S.I. Special Branch) ~~SECRET~~

REPORT

Date May 17, 1939

Subject. Increase in Public Ricsha Licence fee in Nantao.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by

C. G. Bradford D.I.

The Nantao Traffic Office of the "Bureau of Communications" of the "Shanghai City Government" is enforcing an increase from 50 Cents to 80 Cents per month in the public ricsha licence fees as from May 1, 1939. The ricsha pullers and ricsha owners in Nantao are opposing this increase.

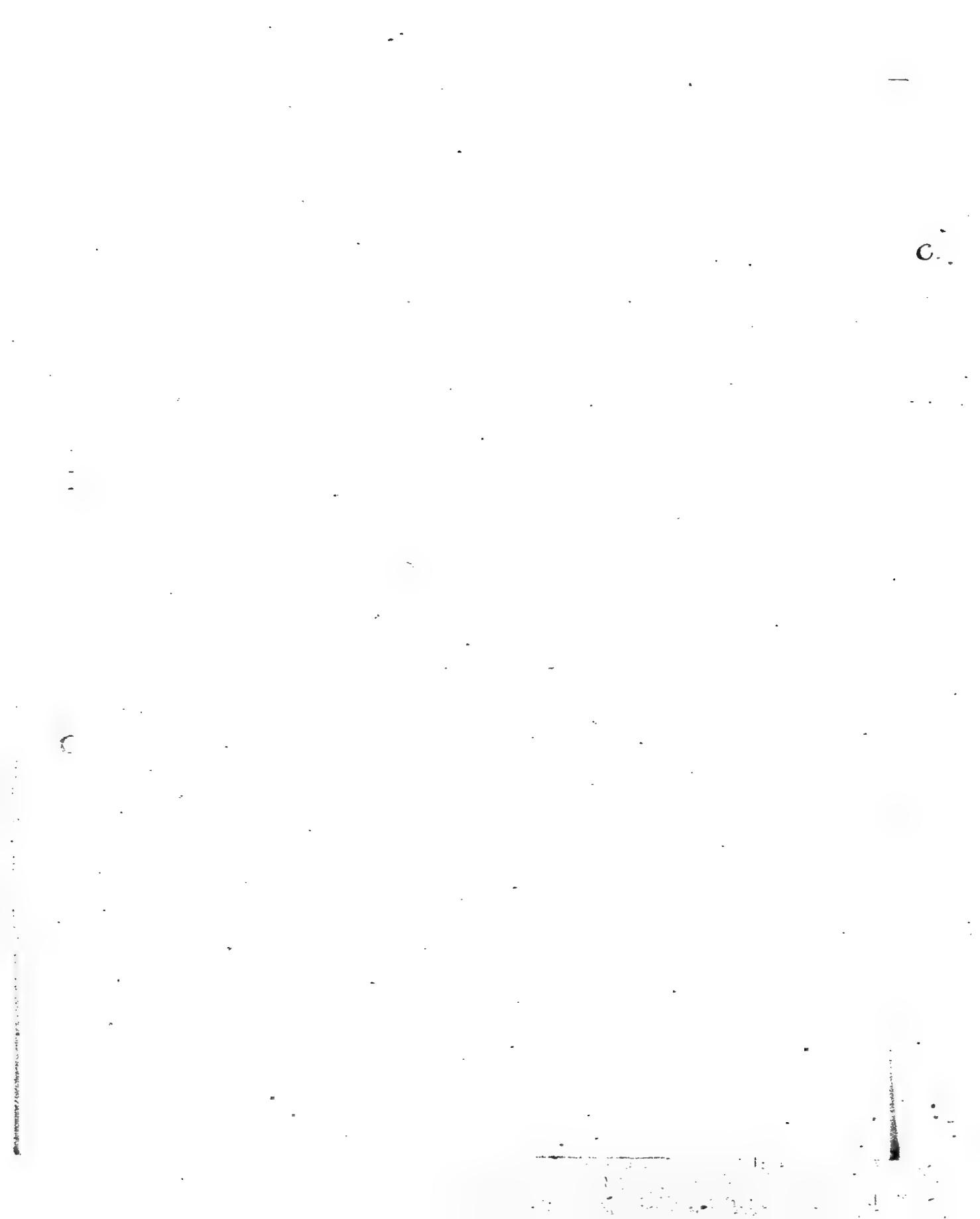
There are altogether about 1,000 public ricshas operating in Nantao and some 100 bicycles, the licence fee for which remains at \$2.00 per year. Ricshas and bicycles are the only vehicles that are registered with the Nantao Traffic Office. The motor trucks in Nantao are operated by Japanese concerns and controlled by the Japanese Special Service Section and the Nantao Administrative Office.

The Nantao Traffic Office is located on the old site of the Shanghai Girls' Middle School at 293 Wen Miao Road, Nantao. Chow Yung Chi (周雍祺), a native of Shanghai, aged 32, is the Chief of the Office, and has a staff of 15 persons.

Copy to A.S. Traffic Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

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P.A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)  
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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 111111  
S. I. REGISTRY

S. I., Special Branch Station,

REPORT

Date March 17, 1939

Subject Collection of Road Maintenance Levy by the Nantao Administrative Office of the Shanghai City Government.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by C. G. Gandy Jr.

With a view to offsetting the financial difficulties experienced by his office, Mr. Sung Sze-ching (沈書經), Chief of the Nantao Administrative Office of the Shanghai City Government, has instructed Yue Ching-woo (于經武), Chief of the Third Department of the Nantao Administrative Office, to establish a "Collecting Office for the Road Maintenance Levy" (養路費徵收處) on the ground floor of No. 232 Boulevard Des deux Republiques. With the consent of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Military Special Service Department obtained, a collecting office was established on March 12, 1939 and has been functioning ever since under the pretext that the roadways will be kept in good repair for the rehabilitation of the Nantao Area. All commodities on vehicles entering Nantao from the French Concession are required to pay a rate equivalent to five per cent of their declared value.

On March 16, 1939, Mayor Yu Siao-an, upon learning of this new measure by the Nantao Administrative Office, ordered the collection to cease forthwith on the grounds as no sanction had been given by his office for the collection. It is unlikely, however, that this instruction will be complied with since the Nantao Administrative Office has the support of the Japanese Special Service Section.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)



FILE

DBR.  
P. A. to D. C. (Sp. Br.)  
173

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File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch X3469X

REPORT

Date... June 22, 1938.

Subject (in full) "Nantao Autonomous Commission" - collects "sanitation tax"

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. S. [Signature]

On June 21, the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" posted a circular notice in various streets in the Nantao Safety Zone, which reads as follows:-

"After hostilities, there is a danger of an epidemic. This Commission is now engaged in preventing epidemics. As the carrying out of the prevention work entails a certain amount of expenditure, the Commission has decided to collect a 'sanitation tax' of twenty cents a month from each family from June 23. The tax will be collected for a period of three months, after which it will be rescinded."

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)



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E

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I., Special Branch SHANGHAI, 5

REPORT

Date May 9, 1938.

Subject "Nantao Autonomous Commission" and collection of licence fees from hawkers.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. L. Chan

The dispute between the second-hand goods hawkers and the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" over the question of the required payment of a monthly licence fee ranging from \$2 to \$5, resulting in a strike being called by the hawkers (vide Special Branch report on the above subject dated April 24, 1938) was settled recently when the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" decided upon the collection of a \$1 licence fee from each hawker per month, collection to begin from May 1, 1938. Approximately three hundred hawkers have paid this fee and are now conducting their business.

FILE

Cape → SBP Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)  
F. A. to D. C. (Sp. Br.)



F.M. 2  
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File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch ~~xxx~~, S.1

REPORT

Date, April 24, 1938.

Subject, "Nantao Autonomous Commission" and collection of licence fees  
from hawkers.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. Grafton

On April 13, the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" ordered the second-hand goods hawkers carrying on business on Van Tso Ka, Hou Ka Pang, Zau Ka Road and in the Kwan-ki Temple in the Nantao Safety Zone to take out licences and to pay monthly fees ranging from \$2 to \$5. The hawkers object to this imposition, and are requesting the Commission to collect 5% of the profits made every month as licence fees. The Commission refused to entertain the demand and the declared hawkers a strike. Taking advantage of the suspension of business by the hawkers, the Commission on April 19 issued an order banning the conducting of business on streets and instructing the hawkers to move into houses and to pay a business tax every month ranging from \$2 to \$6. The order also states that municipal rates equivalent to 10% of the rents of dwelling houses and shop premises will be collected as from April 19, one half of the rates from the owners of property and the other half from the tenants.

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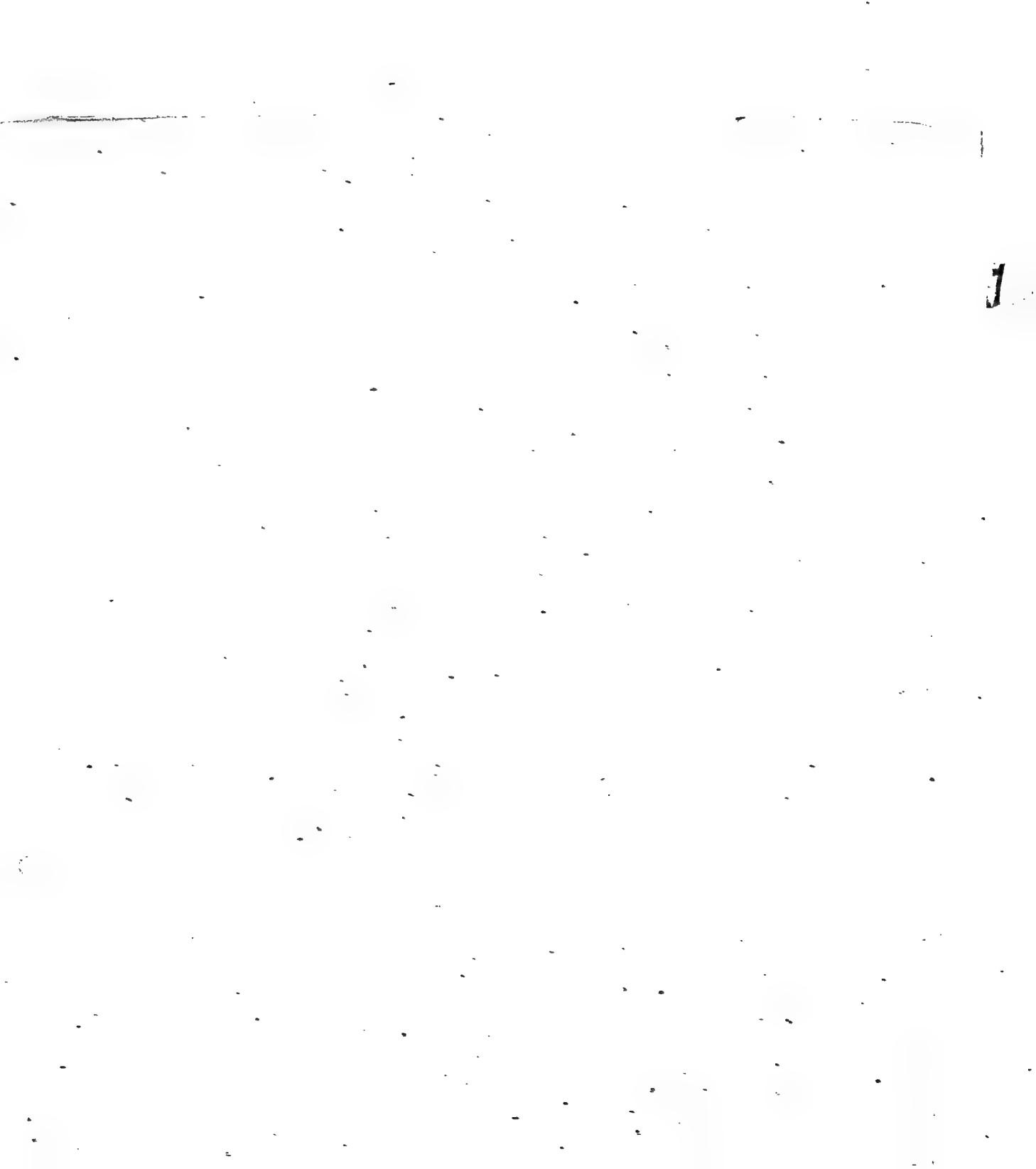
Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

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F. A. to D. C. (Sp. Br.)



F.M. 2  
G. 5GM-1

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SECRET  
REPORT

File No. 11000

S. I., Special Branches Section,

Date "June 19, 1938.

Subject Nantao Traders' Association.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. G. Bradford

In continuation of Special branch report (attached) dated May 25, 1938 on the subject of the situation in Nantao with particular reference to the "Nantao Traders' Association," the said organization has not been revived according to plan, because it is reported that Mr. Sung Sing Fu (孫成富), chairman of the now defunct "Nantao Traders' Association" has brought forward three demands to which the Japanese have no desire to give in, and the matter has been shelved.

The three demands are as follows:-

- 1) That no Japanese flag should be flown by the "Nantao Traders' Association."
- 2) That no Japanese advisors should be appointed to the Association.
- 3) That the administration of the Traders' Association should be independent of Japanese supervision.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

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D.C. (Special Branch)

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P. A. to D. C. (Sp. Br.)

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File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch 8454,

REPORT

Date April 12, 1938.

Subject Arrest of Refugees in the Nantao Safety Zone.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. Gao

Further to special Branch reports dated March 31 and April 11 on the above subject, the Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association was formally dissolved on April 11 by order of the Industrial and Commercial Section of the Nantao Autonomous Commission and all documents and property belonging to the association were taken over by that section. The employees of the association totalling thirty were discharged on April 10.

The four passes issued by the French Concession authorities to the Traders' Association to enable them to transport merchandise to and from the Concession were cancelled, and an application submitted on April 11 by the Industrial and Commercial section of the Nantao Autonomous Commission for the issue of passes was rejected by the French authorities.

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Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.  
D. C. (Special Branch)



SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I., Special Branch, ~~Shanghai~~

Date April 11, 1938.

REPORT

Subject Arrest of refugees in the Nantao Safety Zone.

Made by D.I. Fan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. G. [Signature]

Further to Special Branch report dated March 31, 1938 on the above subject, Mr. Sung Sing Fu (沈心福), chairman of the Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association, was detained on March 30 by Japanese gendarmes for having brought into the Zone copies of the Ta Mei Wan Pao, Chinese edition of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, and was released at 11 a.m. April 9 on the recommendation of the "Nantao Autonomous Commission".

Mr. Sung Sing Fu is known to have been hostile towards the "Nantao Autonomous Commission," because the latter organization intended taking over control of the Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association. His resentment against the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" was increased when Mr. Chow Zung Fu (周潤甫), a shop proprietor in the Nantao Safety Zone, who acted as vice chairman of the Traders' Association and who is well versed in things Japanese, was appointed chief of the Industrial and Commercial Section of the Autonomous Commission.

Anxious to get rid of him, the Autonomous Commission made the two refugees, who were arrested on March 29 for selling copies of the Ta Mei Wan Pao in the Nantao Safety Zone, sign a false statement implicating Mr. Sung. Before he was allowed his freedom, he gave an undertaking that he would resign from the Traders' Association.

The Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association suspended its operations on April 9, and the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" has not yet decided whether to allow the continuance of the Traders' Association or to incorporate it in the Commission.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

P. A. to D. C. (S. B.)

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch  
REPORT

Date March 31, 1938.

Subject Arrest of refugees in the Nantao Safety Zone.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. Gao

At about 6.30 p.m. March 29, two male refugees were arrested by Japanese gendarmes for selling copies of the "Ta Mei Wan Pao," Chinese edition of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, in the vicinity of Kyeu How Dee in the Nantao Safety Zone. They were later handed over to the Nantao Branch Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government," and an investigation by the Branch Bureau revealed that the newspapers were brought in in company with other commodities by the Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association from the French Concession through Rue de la Porte du Nord. Mr. Sung Sing Fu (沈心拂), chairman of the Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association, is being held responsible for the infraction of the restrictions laid down by the Japanese gendarmes, and will be dealt with after the completion of further investigations which are being carried out.

FILE  
D.C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

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File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch ~~XXXXXX~~ 81-1

REPORT

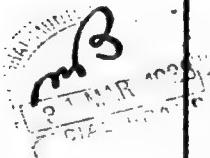
Date March 30, 1938.

Subject "Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association" - new body.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by *A. S. Legge*

*File for record*

The Shanghai Nantao Traders' Association (上海市南市商界聯合會), formerly known as the Nantao Safety Zone Traders' Association (南市難民區商界聯合會), was established on January 20, 1938, with an office at 775 Loo Hsiang Yuan Road, Nantao. After the Japanese military authorities took over control of the Nantao Safety Zone, the Traders' Association was ordered to cease functioning. Petitions were later submitted to the Japanese military and French Concession authorities to permit the Association to resume operations. The request was granted by both these authorities and the Association resumed operations at the beginning of February.

The duty of the Traders' Association is to transport merchandise by hand trolley from rue de la Forte du Nord and to distribute it among various traders located in the Nantao Safety Zone. With a view to preventing the traders from demanding a prohibitive price for their products, the Traders' Association checks the prices of commodities stocked by the traders with those prevailing in the Settlement and the French Concession, and post them in the office of the Association daily for the information of the residents of the Safety Zone.

The Association collects no subscription or initiation fees from members, but charge a transportation fee of .005 of the value of the commodities transported. The Association employs a staff of about thirty persons and its expenses amount to about \$600 a month. The income derived in the form of transportation fees ranges between \$400 and \$500 a month, leaving a deficit of \$100 to \$200, to the liquidation of which the members equally subscribe.

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

Date . . . . . 19

Subject.....

-2-

Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

As no water supply is available in Nantao, the residents obtain water from the taps installed by the French Municipal Council on Boulevard des Deux Republiques. As the result of negotiations with the French authorities, the Traders' Association will undertake as from March 1 to collect \$1 from each shopkeeper and fifty cents from each householder on behalf of the French Waterworks Company.

The Association claims to have about 790 members, and is controlled by an executive committee consisting of thirty five persons. Mr. Sung Sing Ju (孫成九), former chief of the Nantao District Citizens' Federation, is chairman and Mr. Chow Zung Ju (周宗甫), proprietor of the Huang Van Loong Brass and Tin Shop, 37 Yang Pang Road, and at present chief of the Industrial and Commercial Section of the "Nantao Autonomous Commission", and Mr. Chang Ping Ju (張平九), proprietor of the Dong Sing Rice Shop, 85 Dah Ching Road, Nantao, vice-chairmen of the Traders' Association.

D.C. (Special Branch)

Copy 1  
*SBR*

P. A. to D. C. (S. Br.)

J.S./3

Pan Lien-pil

D. 1.

File No. 1423

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch

REPORT

Date February 3, 1938.

Subject "Traders' Association for the Nantao Safety Zone" - formed

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-nih

Forwarded by C. Gandy

A new organization to be known as the "Traders' Association for the Nantao Safety Zone" was recently formed by one Sung Sing Fu (沈錦福) with an office at 52 and 54 Loo Hsiang Yuan Road, Kyeu Chow Dee, Nantao.

The object of the association is to help traders in the Nantao Safety Zone in getting their supplies through the boundary between the French Concession and Nantao. This association was formed to succeed the proposed Nantao Branch of the "Shanghai Citizens' Civic Association" promoted by Mr. Loh Pah-hong (羅伯鴻), who was assassinated, and the proposed Nantao branch was then abolished.

The new organization was promoted by Sung Sing Fu, Sien Kwan Sung (沈冠生), Chang Ping Ju (張炳如) and others, but the prime mover was Sung Sing Fu, who was formerly chairman of the Nantao District Citizens' Federation. The remaining persons including Sien Kwan Sung, who is the manager of the Kwang Sung Yuen Confectionery on Nanking Road, only lent their names to the project and have no interest therein.

FILE

D.C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pil  
D. I.



O

**CONFIDENTIAL**

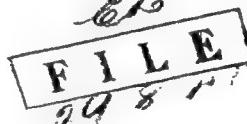
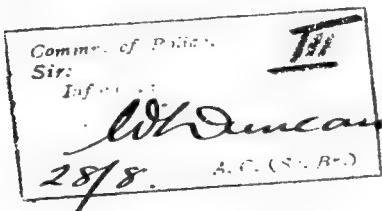
August 27, 1941.

Situation in Nantao

According to information from Nantao Police authorities, on the morning of August 25, a party of Japanese sentries and Chinese policemen whilst on duty in the vicinity of Chung Shan Road near Hungjao, were suddenly attacked by a number of Chinese plain-clothes men with pistols. After the shooting, it was discovered that two Japanese sentries were missing while three of four policemen of the Nantao police were wounded.

As from 5 p.m. even date, the Nantao Police authorities commenced precautionary measures. A sergeant armed with a mauser pistol and 2 or 3 constables armed with rifles were posted at each of the iron gates on the borders of the French Concession, and five constables armed with rifles were guarding the entrances of police sub-stations in Nantao.

11<sup>th</sup>  
D.C. (Arms)  
D.C. (Divisions) II



8 4f

8155B(c)  
9 2-24

Nantao situation file

February 7, 1941.

Morning Translation

Chinese-American Daily News and National Herald :-

A "FRIENDLY" ACT

Of late, residents leaving or entering Nantao and Tousewei with their goods have often been molested by Japanese soldiers and sometimes the goods are confiscated.

At about 9.25 a.m. yesterday, a similar case took place at the iron gate on Sin Chiao Ka (新交界) in Nantao. A coolie was carrying one hundred catties of coal briquettes into the Foreign Settlements. This was observed by the Japanese soldiers, who, without saying a word, kicked at the coal briquette baskets and overturned them. The coolie was not allowed to pick up the briquettes. The soldiers, moreover, ground the briquettes to powder under their heels and some even threw the briquettes at the face of the coolie. Eventually the coolie left with baskets empty.

This is another example of the so-called "rapprochement" and "friendliness."

*Lantau ciliudan. file*

File No. *8155 B/C*  
REGISTED  
S. I. Special Branch *Section 44*

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

Date *22 MAY 1941*

Subject "Police to Municipal Police" - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai*  
..... *Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai*  
*Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai* - *Shanghai*  
At Atty. D. L. Jan Lian Fih ... *Shanghai* ... D. I. S. Ward ... *Shanghai*

As will be noted from the information  
to the effect of a certain number of arrests taken  
into the French Concession, so far during the  
Monte District, each was seen that the port  
is untrue. The exits to the Monte District  
bordering the French Concession are still open  
at the following five points and no restrictions  
are placed on excess or ingress therefrom :-

- C4*
- 1) St. Catherine's Bridge
  - 2) Boulevard de Montigny & Rue E. Ward
  - 3) Rue Hué south terminus
  - 4) Chateau d'Eau
  - 5) Marche de l'est.

*Dan lieu*  
D. I.



FILE

INDEXED BY
(S.D.) REGISTRY
DATE 5/ 2/ 41

(6)

Inquiries in re

February 3, 1941.

Afternoon Translation

Chinese-American Daily News, Cheng Yien Pao, Sin Wan Pao,  
Shun Pao, National Herald :-

PASSES TO NANTAO REQUIRED

On account of the frequent assassination  
of Japanese soldiers in the Western District or Hongkew  
last winter, the pass system in Nantao was restored by  
the Japanese on February 1.

D. T. Lam

Feby 2

*Original on 26376*

NUMBER 1018  
8155(B) 2  
26 9 40  
Sept. 26, 40.

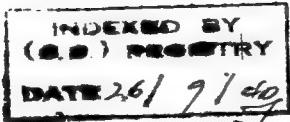
Political Police Bureau bans sale of pro-Chungking newspapers  
in Nantao - Registration of armed guards in the employ of gambling dens.

With reference to the attached translation of an article entitled "Political Police Bureau Bans Sale of Newspapers Harmful to the Republic : Shops And Amusement Resorts Instructed Not To Advertise In These Newspapers," which appeared in the September 23 issue of the Central China Daily News, enquiries show that the term "newspapers harmful to the Republic" contained in the original text of the article refers to all vernacular newspapers which are anti-Wang Ching Wei in nature.

According to information obtained from a source closely connected with the Political Police Bureau, the latest notification instructing shops and amusement resorts not to advertise in pro-Chungking papers was issued for the purpose of making known the intention of the Bureau to eventually interfere with the operation of the gambling dens in Nantao, while the banning of the sale of pro-Chungking newspapers in Nantao can only be interpreted as a subterfuge on the part of the Bureau, when it is remembered that ever since the occupation of Nantao by the Japanese Army at the end of 1937, such papers have not been allowed to be brought into the area and that the financial position of the shops in Nantao does not warrant the insertion of commercial advertisements in newspapers.

In order to attract patrons to visit their establishments, the gambling dens in Nantao, such as the Si Yuen Gambling Den and the Loh Yuan Gambling Den, have been daily advertising in the columns of pro-Tang newspapers while on occasion they have also advertised in the columns of pro-Chungking newspapers. Since all these gambling dens are operating under the supervision or protection of the Shanghai City Government Police Bureau, the Political Police Bureau has never had any share of revenue from those establishments, hence the notification instructing them not to insert advertisements in pro-Chungking vernacular newspapers, which has been duly complied with.

Apart from issuing the above notification, the Political Police Bureau on September 22nd, also issued instructions to the gambling dens in Nantao, calling for the registration of armed guards in their employ and also of their firearms. It is learned, however, that the dens have thus far ignored these instructions.



Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police.

May 7, 1940

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- S.B.D. 8155B(C).

Subject :-- The Nantao Administrative Office - Instructing Citizens to Pay Rentals.

Enclosures

Copy of a Police Report.

cfp.

F.M. 2  
G. 50M-1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI POLICE

S. B. REGISTRY

S. I., Special Branch

Dateay 6, 1940.

REPORT

Subject... The Nantao Administrative Office - Instructing Citizens To Pay  
Rentals.

Made by... D.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by... D.I. Crawford.

The Nantao Administrative Office on May 3, 1940, issued a notice urging the residents of Nantao to pay rent at a rate equivalent to half of that paid before the hostilities. This payment is to be made from May 1940 for a period of three months when new scales will be considered.

In response to the above notification, the Nantao Tenants Association, No. 1 Tse Cen Li, Loo Shiang Yuen Road, Kiu Mou Dien, Nantao, held a meeting at 2 p.m. May 5, 1940 on the association premises and passed the following resolutions.

That the instructions in the notice be opposed.  
That 10% to 20% of the original rent be paid until such time as the local situation returns to normal.

The meeting was attended by some 80 tenants and presided over by the chairman Tsang Ping Zu (張林祖).



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

INDEXED BY  
(S.B.) REGISTRY

DATE 7/5/40

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

S. I. Special Branch

Date. March 13 1940

Subject. Attention is called to

Made by D.J. Paulsen Dated Forwarded by J. L. Crawford.

Under the supervision of the City Government Police, Chinese coolies in groups of three or five were engaged on March 12 in removing barbed wire barricades and sandbags which were erected at various intersections on the boundaries of the French Concession Nantao, along Nan Kuo Road, in order to facilitate communication.

On the same day, a notice was jointly issued in the name of Sung Sze Chien (沈士廉), chief of the Nantao Administrative Office and Okishima (中島政一), chief of the Nantao Section of the Special Service Department of the Japanese Military. It states that proprietors of various shops established in Nantao must register their firms with the Nantao Administrative Office from that date, failing which they would be prohibited from conducting business. Details of the procedure concerning the registration, however, is not mentioned in the notice.

P.A.  
More details  
Please as  
desired.  
R.D.C.

13  
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Dan Lien-pit

D.

I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

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3

The Socq.

Pif.  
etc.

I forwarded to you a copy  
of a fourth Police report on the  
above mentioned subject:

a.P.

cfp.

FORM NO. 3  
G. SON-1-40

File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch ~~Section~~

**REPORT**

Date March 4, 1940.

Subject (in full) The Nantao Administrative Office - pro-Wang Ching Wei  
meeting cancelled.

Made by D.I. Fan Lien-pih, Forwarded by D.I. Crawford.

E(2)

Vide Special  
Branch Report  
dated 27.2.40.

The Nantao Administrative Office acting on instructions received from Mr. Okishima, Chief of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Military Special Service Section, cancelled the pro-Wang Ching Wei meeting which was scheduled to take place at 9 a.m. March 1, 1940, in the Administrative Office. It is reported that the cancellation of the meeting was due to the fact that no subsidy in respect of the function has been issued.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

Rui Yu

3.1.40  
2

cfp.

FORM NO. 3  
G. 50M-1-40

File No. 5111

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I. Special Branch

REPORT

Date February 27, 1940.

Subject (in full) Nantao Administrative Office and Nantao Youths Corps -

scheduled to hold a pro-Wang Ching Wei meeting on March 1, 1940.

Made by D.I. Fan Lien-pih, Forwarded by D.I. Crawford.

E (2)

FILE  
Cera

The Nantao Administrative Office and the Nantao Youths Corps are planning to hold a pro-Wang Ching Wei meeting at the Nantao Administrative Office at 9 a.m. March 1, 1940. In this connection the Office and the Corps on February 26, 1940, issued a circular notice to the various organizations in Nantao instructing them to participate in the function.

Fan Lien-pih  
D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch).

DATE 28-2-40

FORM NO. 3  
G. 50M-1-40  
TRH

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch *stability*, - P.C.

REPORT

Date February 13, 1940.

Subject (in full) ... Nantao Refugee Zone

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by D.I. Crawford

On February 12, 1940, all barricades along Fong Pang Road, which forms the southern border of the Nantao Refugee Zone, were removed by the residents of Nantao.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)

*Seen  
13/2*

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

File No. S. U. REGISTRY

S. I., Special ~~Police~~ Station

## REPORT

Date January 23, 1940

Subject (in full) Iron gate in Rue Chateau d'Eau - limitation to entrance by Japanese since middle of December, 1939.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

E.  
U.S.M.C.

SHANGHAI  
24 JAN. 1940  
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE

R. G. Crawford  
A. C. (Sp. B.)

Following the opening of the iron gate in Rue Chateau d'Eau on November 11, 1939, people are admitted into Nantao on the strength of Citizens' Certificates issued by the Nantao District Administrative Office. However, only certificates issued prior to October, 1939 are valid while those issued after that date are invariably destroyed by the Japanese sentries and the holders refused entrance into Nantao. The Japanese sentries are taking this action because of a report that the new certificates, of which there is a large number, have been obtained by bribery, at \$1.00 or \$2.00 for one certificate.

The Nantao District Administrative Office had issued 9,000 certificates up to the end of September, 1939.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

A. C. (Special Branch)

F.M. 1

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE.  
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

To... A. G. S. 128

Sir,  
D. G. (Woo) was  
asking if we had any  
information on this subject  
only yesterday.

J. G. [Signature]

CTW/

G. 900-1-39

File No. 314

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch 8th Oct.

REPORT

Date Jan. 23, 1940.

Subject. Opening of Nantao District from January 24, 1940.

Made by D.I. Kuh Lao Liwa

Forwarded by

D.I. Crawford

The Japanese Military Authorities have issued a proclamation re the opening of Nantao from January 24. All bona-fide residents must possess either "citizens certificate" or "residence certificate". Bad elements will be severely punished. A similar proclamation has been issued by Mayor Yu Siao-en and is posted in Nantao.

The following gates will be opened at the times specified :-

Chateur d'Eau - permanently open.

Rue Hue - 4.30 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Rue des Peres and Boulevard de Montigny -

6 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Boulevard des deux Republiques & St. Catherine

Bridge - 6 a.m. to 7 p.m.

All former residents of Nantao are instructed to call either at the "Chinese Chamber of Commerce Building" or the Western District Office of the "Bureau of Social Affairs", 94 Jessfield Road, O.O.L. for their "citizens certificate" and "residence certificates" which will be issued free of charge. The time limit of such applications is one year.

Kuh Lao Liwa

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)

D. G. (Division)

Police of French Concession  
Honour passes issued by the Japanese  
Authorities in respect of pedestrians but  
owners and/or occupants of motor vehicles  
must obtain a pass from their con. gen. Regd.

cfb.

1 M. 2  
6. SUM-1-39

**CONFIDENTIAL**

File No. 15-2112

# **SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.**

S.1, Speciel Brøndk Sæson,

## **REPORT**

Date January 4, 1940.

*Subject:* . . . . . *Situation in Nantao.*

Made by D. I. Fan Lien-pih, Forwarded by D. I. Crawford.

Of late a number of "How Wei" lottery offices which work directly under the main office situated in Jessfield Village have been established in the Xantao Area and include the Refugee Zone. Signboards appear to this effect outside the entrances to the offices.

It is reported that a Formosan named Ling Moo Foo (林滿浦) has already secured a permit from the Japanese Military Police in Nantao to operate a gambling den, but considers the present time not yet opportune for opening of his business, as means of conveyance to and from the area leaves a lot to be desired.

John Robertson

22. B. 1.)



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

**D.C. (Special Branch).**

cfp.

FORM NO. 3  
G. 65M 1-39

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I. R. C. S. P.

S.I., Special Branch. Shanghai.

REPORT

Date December 16, 1939.

Subject (in full) Northern part of Lan Nyi Doo, Footung, opens to the general public by the Japanese Navy Landing Party.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by D.I. Crawford.

E

On December 14, circulars signed by K. Noji (野地宗助), the chief of the fourth Company of the Japanese Navy Landing Party stationed at the Japan China Cotton Mill, Footung, were seen posted on the main thoroughfares in the Lan Nyi Doo district, stating that the section between Tung Chong Road and San Van Chong (三萬昌) was open to the general public from this date because of the peace and order prevailing in this place. It is further stated that that section which stretches along the bund will be still reckoned as a military zone and that the owners or the houses situated within this section are advised to apply for registrations from the office of the Fourth Company of the Japanese Navy Landing Party, Tze Van Li (市範里), Tung Chong road.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

1 M 2  
G. 958-1-39  
WCT

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. I., Special Branch *Shiboh*

REPORT

Date December 20, 1939.

Subject. Vacant houses in Nantao District to be let by Nantao District  
Administrative Office.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih ForWARDED by D. I. Crawford

E

On December 19, it is reported that at the instance of the Nantao District Administrative Office Authority, members of the "Youth Corps" were seen posting posters on all vacant houses in the Nantao area, which it is said will hereafter be let to the general public by the Nantao District Administrative Office at a rental to be fixed by the authorities. It is further learned that sixty percent of the rental collected from such houses will be taken by the Nantao District Administrative Office while the balance (forty percent) will be kept by the District Office pending claimant by the owners of the houses.

*Pan Lien-pih*  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. 1, Special Branch *Station 8/55*

REPORT

Date December 12, 1939.

Subject (in full). Iron gate in Rue Chateau d'Eau opens to the public.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

On December 11, between 6 a.m. to 7 p.m., the iron gate in Rue Chateau d'Eau was observed wide open with a group of armed men including Japanese soldiers, Japanese gendarmes, and Chinese armed police and Chinese detectives in civilian clothes of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai City Government, stationed there. They were inspecting all persons applying for entrance to Nantao and those in possession of certificates issued by the Nantao District Administrative Office are allowed to pass the entrance without difficulty, while those in possession of passes for the Hongkew District or of other Japanese authorities are turned away.

*Pan Lien-pih*  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS.

DEC 12 1939

## Nantao Area Opened By Authorities

Concession Officials Grant  
Five Days Test

One of the iron gates separating the French Concession from Nantao which has been closed since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities was reopened yesterday to traffic thus making it much more convenient for former Nantao residents to return to their homes and also to rehabilitate the Native City which was partially destroyed by the war. Many Chinese re-entered Nantao yesterday through this gate and many others were seen entering into the Concession.

The gate is known as the Hsing Kai Ho near the Small East Gate in Nantao and Rue des deux Républiques in the Concession. Before the gate was re-opened people had to travel to Nantao via Pootung or the Western District. Whether or not the gate will permanently remain open remains to be seen, but it was reported last night that authorities in the Concession had decided to reopen it for five days only as an experiment.

With both French and Chinese police on hand in their respective areas those entering Nantao were required to show their good citizen certificates issued by the Japanese. Formerly, it required also a French Concession pass but commencing yesterday the latter passes might be discarded. While many people, now refugees in foreign areas, want to return to Nantao to visit their houses it is reported that many are looking for chances for establishing gambling houses there.

It will be recalled that Mayo Fu Siao-en of the new Chinese régime in Kiangwan has requested the authorities in the Concession to reopen the iron gates in order to develop Nantao but if could not be ascertained yesterday whether or not the action taken by the French authorities was in accordance with that request.

R. J. K.  
DPA  
Aug 14  
R. J. K.

# Nantao Gates Are Opened To New Japanese Controlled Heroin Hells

## Drug-Den Keeper Declares Dope Supplied By Japanese

A Chinese, clothed in tatters and lying dead in a deserted, ruined alleyway, with a heap of sooty loss-paper at his head, was pointed to as testimony to the ease with which heroin could be obtained in Nantao today, when a CHINA PRESS representative followed a stream of Chinese snaking into the native city following the opening of French Concession gates yesterday for the first time in two years.

"Too much heroin, too little rice," explained an elderly Chinese, who claimed he had lived in Nantao ever since the hostilities in that area had ended. "About five beggars are found dead in the streets for this reason every day," he added calmly.

The elderly Chinese was, in fact, himself the owner of a heroin den. It was in a small room approached by way of a tortuous dead-end and a swaying stair-case in the half-ruined hovel the man called his home, that THE CHINA PRESS representative saw Chinese smoking white heroin powder dealt out at 10 cents a portion.

### Supplied By Japanese

"The Japanese only can import this heroin from Tingting near Peiping. They make about \$2,000 to \$3,000 a month. The police ('Ta Tao') keep a list of heroin-houses, and take money from them."

"About 200 of these houses have existed for almost two years," he continued. "Most of them are owned by wealthy Chinese."

Although the population of Nantao was said to have increased by 400 per cent yesterday, the general impression received was that it was still largely deserted.

### Desolate Scene

A few main roads are lined by shops and filled with the throngs and clamor of a Chinese city, a few steps away, roads lead to a land of war's aftermath.

Whole areas that used to be crowded houses with thousands of families, lie in ruins, and the silence is broken only by a lone woman or the grating of a dog burrowing among mounds of tiles.

On the French Concession side of the main Nantao gate there is seething activity from morning to sundown.

In the narrow road leading to the gate industrious Chinese have hastily erected food stalls and primitive tea-houses, and here an old man being carried along in the heavy stream of humanity, with his few belongings on his back, or a wrinkled little woman leaving her frightened daughter behind her, stop to discourse over cups or haggle over the price of a Chinese pancake.

At the end of the road, the jostling, shouting, slowly-moving mass of humanity squeezes itself to pass between barbed-wire barriers, it is let through without question by French Concession police and asked for their passes by "Ta Tao" policemen and Japanese sentries.

### Nantao In Ruins

Along the long, wide road that leads into the cobbled streets of Nantao proper, it continues in a long, never-ending stream. On the right are the closed, slightly-ruined three-storey houses that are Nantao's skyline. On the left side of the road is French Concession territory, from which they are kept away by French police.

Most of those returning to a war-stricken city carried their property in straw mats or blankets. Almost none made use of waiting rickshas. All—even the oldest—pushed forward eagerly.

Nantao itself fitted into that strange picture that could be seen in all districts of Shanghai taking on new life after the blow of 1937.

Houses that consisted mainly of broken roofs and cracked walls leaned dangerously over forlorn lanes. Doors were barred of brick-ed in. Here and there a bearded Chinese sat behind a stall of cigarettes and sweetmeats, and here and there a door slightlyajar revealed people and roosters moving around in an inner courtyard.

### Forlorn Remains

To the side of these roads were ruins. A massive ornate gate was all that was left of a house. Pock-marked with shell-holes, a skeleton building displayed advertising in flamboyant letters that once were gold. A lone column carried a blue metal disc reading "Public Telephone." In the midst of bricks and tiles where once there must have been a temple, stood an unharmed receptacle for joss. Beside it, his long hair matted and his body dustygrey, a scavenger washed a carrot in a dirty puddle.

Further on, the roads began to take on life. More shops were seen, more people, more open doors. A large shop or two offered meat, food products and even clothing. But both the rickshas and the increasing traffic of pedestrians were moving in one direction—into the heart of Nantao.

Here the streets had the appearance of a boom town, for it was here, enquiries revealed, that 90 per cent of the thousands who had been flowing in through the Nantao gate were settling. Only people with little or hardly any money at all made their homes among the cutting ruins.

### Claimants Clash

Men, women and children milled backwards and forwards, and it was difficult to even pass through soft blocks. The impression was that a large colony had descended on a desert city and was hovering anxiously in preparation to settle down.

Here an argument was in furious progress between two families who had apparently claimed an empty shop at the same time. Here a small looming mill twisted cotton into multicolored fiber, and the buzz of the carpenter's saw putting the finishing touches on repair jobs was heard on all sides.

The great majority of the shops, which sold pretty nearly all Chinese commodities from raw meat to torchlights, however, were in operation long before the city gates were thrown open, shop-owners stated. One-fifth of the present swelled population of Nantao had lived there through the two years following the hostilities, they added. Now that prosperity seemed to be back, the shops had stocked themselves with more articles.

Yi  
6-3  
72

216

**Tea House Remains**  
The world-famed Willow-Pattern Tea House overlooked a stretch of ruins on three sides.

A few Chinese were sipping tea on its bottom floor when THE CHINA PRESS representative visited that ancient building, but the top floor, which throughout the ages served as meeting place for officials, scholars, bon-vivants and curious tourists from abroad, had its entrance barred.

The thousands of small fish which used to inhabit the pond around it have all died, the aged genie of the place complained sorrowfully, and one of the boats, very much like the one the famed Poet Li Po must have used when he was drowned while trying to reach for the moon's reflection in the water, was half-submerged in greenish slime.

A serpentine Chinese stone which, books say, has been a landmark of the tea-house since the Ming Dynasty, rose in majestic loneliness out of twentieth-century shambles.

Only in the large joss-house where women used to pray for the birth of sons, was the atmosphere of the war pushed out altogether. Miraculously, it had escaped bombs and conflagration completely, and the sound of human voices ring through its courtyards and dim vaulted halls.

6. SUM-1-39

CO. 111  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 10311

S.I. Shanghai Branch Station, (S.E.C)

REPORT

Date Nov. 16th, 1949.

Subject: Information concerning certain recent developments in  
the negotiations between the Chinese and Japanese authorities  
Made by: S.O.I. Shanghai  
Forwarded by: C. G. (Signature)

Information has been received to the effect that informal negotiations are just begun between the representatives of Mayor Fu Siao Lin and the French authorities on the subject of throwing open of Nantao Notes as a sequel to the proposed lifting of restrictions governing residence in certain areas in connection with the French Concession.

The negotiations were started through the medium of Mr. Daniel Lai, a Canadian, private secretary to Mr. D'Estunion de Rulfe, a French lawyer of 26 Rue du Consulat.

It is also reported that a license to operate a large gambling house in Nantao similar to that of the Hollywood Gardens, Fu Tuen Road, has been granted by the Japanese authorities to a group of Chinese gambling promoters. The house would start operations as soon as Nantao has been opened.

FILE  
410

B. Halland  
S.O.I.

S.O.I. (SPECIAL BRANCH).

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

REGISTED

Station,

REPORT

Date: December 8, 1939.

Subject (in full). Nantao Situation - residents required to obtain new citizenship certificates.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih. Forwarded by D.I. Crawford.

E  
*Y.S.*  
According to a notification issued on 1.12.39 in the names of Shen Sze Ching (沈壽經), Chief of the Nantao Administrative Office and Okishima (沖島), Chief of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Military Special Service, the residents in Nantao are required to apply for new citizenship certificates from the Nantao Administrative Office, 50 Ah Soh ka (一樂街), Nantao, before the end of December, 1939, and will be expelled from Nantao if they fail to do so. The old certificates issued by the Shanghai City Government Police will be good for entry into Nantao up to the end of December but they cannot be used for leaving Nantao.

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

*C 4/12.*  
D.C. (Special Branch).

FM. 2  
6. 50M-1-39  
L.Y.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I., Special Branch, S. I. ....

REPORT

Date November 18, 1939.

Subject Situation in Nantao

Made by D.I. Ian Lie-pih Forwarded by C. C. Chen

E.

On November 17, posters purporting to emanate from the Political Training Section of the Headquarters of the Chung Hwa Kuomintang Anti-Comintern and National-Salvation Army (a pro-Wang Ching Wei organization) were posted at various thoroughfares, and shops in Nantao. The posters bear the photograph of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen and National flag (Blue Sky-White Sun) and contain the following slogans :

- (1) Down with the Communist Party which jeopardizes the Country and people.
- (2) Support President Wang (Ching Wei) who works for the salvation of the nation.
- (3) Establish permanent peace in East Asia.
- (4) Build a new China.
- (5) Support the Pan-Asianism of the late Party Leader.
- (6) Effect economic co-operation on the basis of equality.
- (7) Uphold the integrity of our territory and national sovereignty.

At 3.30 p.m. November 17, about 100 Japanese troops stationed in the premises of the Van Tsoh (范竹) Primary School, Nantao, with full uniform, marched in processional order through Van Tsoh Ka, Fang Fang Road, Min Kuo Road, Small North Gate, Old North Gate, New North Gate, Small East Gate, Chung Hwa Road, Great South Gate, Small South Gate, Small



File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

- 2 -

Date . . . . . 19

Subject. ....

Made by. ....

Forwarded by. ....

West Gate. Old West Gate and Fang, Lang Jao and returned to their billets by the same route at 4.30 p.m. During the procession, Japanese songs were sung by the troops.

Pan Lien-pi

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

CONFIDENTIAL

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

85000

S. I., Special Branch, ~~Shanghai~~, <sup>Shanghai</sup>

REPORT

Date November 17, 1939.

Subject.

Situation in Nantao

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. *[Signature]*

E



After the withdrawal of the Chinese forces from the Shanghai area, the Japanese authorities took over control of the Kaochongmiao Arsenal and Kiangnan Dock at Nantao, and converted the arsenal into a depot for military repairs also the smelting of iron and copper for the Japanese Military. There are some 1,000 Chinese employees under the supervision of 200 Japanese employed in this work. The Kiangnan Dock is known as the Shipbuilding Yard of the Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha Ltd., where some 3,000 Chinese artisans are employed supervised by 300 Japanese. Apart from the repair of naval vessels and mercantile shipping this dock also undertakes the building of small boats.

Persons other than Japanese officials and workers engaged in the two plants are prohibited from entering the premises of the arsenal and the shipbuilding yard, nor are they allowed to pass through the military zone between Pan Soong Yuen Road and the Si Pao Tan, Kaochongmiao, the Lunhua Aerodrome and its vicinity and vicinity of Japanese billets. It is learned that the residents of Nantao are experiencing great inconvenience because of constant change and removal of billets by the Japanese garrisons.

*Thos Roberts*  
(Sp. Br.)

D.C. (Special Branch).

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

cfp.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

File No.

855-B

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch ~~Section~~ 10/39

**REPORT**

Date October 13, 1939.

Subject Shen Sze Ching (沈世景), Chief of the Nantao Administrative Office - departure for Japan.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by *C. Gentry & S.*

Shen Sze Ching, Chief of the Nantao Administrative Office, left Nantao for Hongkew District by motorcar via the French Bund at 8 a.m., October 13, 1939, for the purpose of boarding a steamer for Japan on a mission of inspection. When leaving Nantao, he was accompanied as far as the French Concession Boundary, by some 70 members of the Nantao Branch of the Greater Shanghai Youths' Corps and employees of the Nantao Administrative Office.

E  
Shen Sze Ching alias Shen Ngoh Kao (沈鶴皋), aged 27, native of Shanghai, is a returned student from France. He belongs to a wealthy family, his grandfather being Shen Tse Hsien (沈志賢), owner of the Pan Sung Yuan Garden in Nantao.

In view of Shen's departure, Tsu Wei Ming (朱惠民), officer in charge of the second section and also of the "Pao Chah" Section of the Nantao Administrative Office, has been appointed by Mayor Fu Siao En as acting chief of the Nantao Administrative Office.

FILE

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

CTH

F.M. 2  
G. 80M-1-38

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Section I, Special Branch. *Shibboleth*

REPORT

Date October 13, 1939.

Subject Nantao Situation - issue of citizens' certificates and passes.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih.

Forwarded by *C. Gaughan*

*E*  
During September, 1939, the Nantao Administrative Office, 50 Ih Soh Ka, Nantao, made an attempt to enforce the "pao Chah" system by issuing new citizens' certificates, while the Japanese military at Nantao suspended the issuing of passes and the Police Bureau in Nantao at the same time stopped the issue of citizens' certificates. But the old certificates issued by the Police Bureau are still in use.

During the morning of October 11, however, the Japanese sentries at Sin Kai Ho (新開河), Nantao, prohibited people from entering or leaving Nantao without producing new citizens' certificates issued by the Nantao Administrative Office. The Japanese sentries at the Nantao Bund took the same action on entrance by the Whangpoo River. As the majority of the people are not in a position to obtain new citizens' certificates, the Japanese military later allowed the people to pass through on the strength of the old certificates but issued

a circular to the effect that new certificates be obtained before October 26, after which no persons will be allowed to enter or leave Nantao on the old certificates.

A fee of 40 cents is charged by the Nantao Administrative Office for each certificate issued.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. ( Special Branch )



G. SUM-139

TKC

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I., Special Branch  
REPORT

Date October 7, 1939.

Subject. Situation in Nantao.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih.

Forwarded by C. G. ...

Between 6 a.m. and 11 a.m., 6.10.39, the transportation service between Pootung and Nan Ma Tao, Nantao, was suspended due to 500 Japanese soliders disembarking at Nan Ma Tao. The 500 soliders are to be accommodated at Hu Chun Yin ( 海軍營 ), Kao Chang Miao ( 高昌庙 ) and Lunghwa Road respectively.

The boundary between the French Concession and Nantao (Boulevard des de Republiques) has been marked by the Japanese authorities as a "forbidden" zone and people are probibited from entering and loitering there.

The Japanese military have had considerable trouble removing people from this area and between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m., 6.10.39, barb-wire and wooden obstructions ~~were~~ <sup>were</sup> placed along the roadway at the building line to prevent the residents in Boulevard des de Republiques from gaining access to this area.



Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D. C. ( Special Branch ).

File No.....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch *8/10/39*

REPORT

Date October 4, 1939

Subject (in full) ... Far Eastern Dramatic Group in Nantao.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien Pih.

Forwarded by *C. Chung Foong*

A dramatic body known as the Far Eastern Dramatic Group (遠東話劇團), sponsored by the Nantao Administrative Office, was recently inaugurated in the office of the Nantao Administrative Office at No. 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao. It has some 30 members and stages plays of an anti-National Government and anti-communist nature on the premises between 2 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. daily. Admission is free.

The officer in charge of the dramatic group is one Lee Chung Foong (李仲芳), a native of Shanghai, aged 32, who was formerly a merchant in Nantao and is now chief of the Second Section of the Nantao Administrative Office.

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

D. C. ( Special Branch ).

G. 5000-1-33 P.M.C.

CONFIDENTIAL

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S.M.P. File No. 8155/3  
No. S. B. D. Division  
Date September 18, 1939.

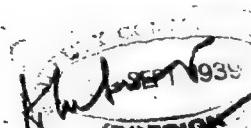
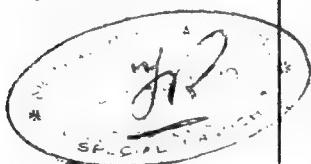
REPORT

Subject: Report of arrest of the head of Tung Chong Road Guild (東昌路公所).

By Japanese gendarmerie in Pootung.

Made by: Lai Ian Lian Liuk. Forwarded by: R. W. Macleod 2/2

D.C. Dir.



Huang Yao Kang (黃耀康), head of the Tung Chong Road Guild (東昌路公所), Pootung, was in the control of the Pootung District Administrative Office, was arrested by the Japanese Gendarmerie in the office of the Guild situated in the New Pootung Alleyway (新浦東里), Shan Tang Road (善堂路), Pootung, at about 5 p.m. on September 14, 1939. His arrest is due to a report received by the Japanese Gendarmerie to the effect that at the end of August 1938, he detained three boats from Sungkiang in the Huangpu River and seized therefrom 300 "mors" of rice under the pretext of relieving the rice situation in Pootung. He subsequently sold the rice but failed to pay the owners of the rice.

Huang, aged around 36 or 37, is the proprietor of the Huang Jiang Kee (黃江記) Rice Shop, Yang Kia Doo (楊家渡), Pootung. Following the withdrawal of Chinese troops from Shanghai at the end of 1937, he organized the Tung Chong Road Maintenance Association (東昌路維持會) and made himself the Chairman. The association was later abolished by the Pootung District Administrative Office and he was then appointed Head of the Tung Chong Road Guild, which position he held up to the time of his arrest..

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch)

APR 1939  
FBI  
19/9

Ref. No. .... D. 5155 12.

Headquarters,

Shanghai Municipal Police,  
August 17, 1939

SUBJECT

Passes for Residents in Nantao and Pootung

The Commissioner presents his compliments to.....  
The Secretary, &  
Commissioner General,  
and begs to forward herewith the following documents relative to the  
subject referred to above

1. Copy of a Police report.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

YU/

F.M. 2  
G. 90M-1-39

File No. 752

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch 1861811

REPORT

Date August 16, 1939.

Subject: Passes for Residents in Nantao and Pootung.

Made by: D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by:

C. Glanfay

From August 14, 1939, passes for residents in Nantao and Pootung will be issued by the respective administrative offices who have received blank passes from the Japanese Military. These passes are white in colour and valid for two months, after which period new passes must be applied for. Each applicant is required to produce two copies of a photograph and pay a fee of 20 cents on each occasion. Previously the people were allowed to move about on the strength of a good citizen certificate but hereafter they will be required to have those passes.

Employees of pro-Japanese official organs are being issued with new passes by the Japanese Military. Employees of higher grades will have passes of a red colour and they will be good for an indefinite period. Those passes for the middle and lower class employees will be green in colour and good for one year only.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)



E

A

H Sec & C G

File

CONFIDENTIAL

File No. ....

G. S. M. 1-39

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S. S., Special Branch ~~Station~~,

REPORT

Date July 31, 1939.

Subject Reopening of the Wen Miao Temple, City

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by C. G. Gandy

The Wen Miao Temple (文廟), also known as the "Mass Education Institute" (民衆教育館), 222 Wen Miao Road, City, entrance to which has been prohibited ever since the Japanese occupation of Nantao at the end of 1937, has been reopened to the public between the hours of 7 a.m. and 5 p.m., daily from July 26, 1939. No admission charge is required.

The temple is now renamed the Confucius Temple (夫子廟) and all images of ancient Chinese saints, sages, philosophers and other men of learning have been carefully preserved but the portraits of the 72 martyrs and those of the famous Chinese military figures and patriots of ancient times have been totally removed. The numerous inscriptions appertaining to the educational principles of the Kuomintang which formerly adorned the premises, have now been either destroyed or removed. The Nantao District Administrative Office has posted all over the place such slogans as "Cease hostilities and advocate peace", "Establish a New Order in the Orient", "Sino-Japanese cooperation", "Down with the Chiang Regime" and "Annihilate the Communist Party".



W.S.C.G.

F  
DK

347

FILE  
D.C. (Special Branch)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

H.S.

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Section 1, Special Branch *Established*

REPORT

Date July 11, 1939

Subject (in full). Curfew Hours in Nantao shortened.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by

*C. Gao-fa. J.I.*

*wjh*

The curfew hours in Nantao are now being enforced from 9 p.m. to 4 a.m.; prior to July 10, curfew was from 7 p.m. to 5 a.m..

*Pan Lien-pih*  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

*W.S.C.G.*  
**FILE***DR**11/1*

F. 207a  
K. 600-2-29.

Ref. No. A. 8155B

Form A  
S. S. REGISTRY  
No. S. S. D. B

Headquarters,

Shanghai Municipal Police,

May 30, 1939.

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT

Explosion on the former site of  
Kiangnan-Araenali, Kee-Cheng-Niao, Nantao.

The Commissioner presents his compliments to Secretary, S.M.C.  
and begs to forward herewith the following documents relative to the  
subject referred to above

1. Copy of a Police Report.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

FILE

3 B 3 C 3 M 3  
P. A. 10 3 M 3

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

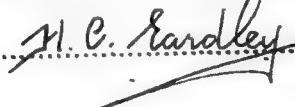
File No. ....

*CONFIDENTIAL* S.I. Special Branch, Shanghai  
REPORT Date May 26, 1939.Subject... Explosion on the former site of Kiangnan Arsenal, Kao Chong Miao,  
Nantao.

Made by..... Forwarded by .....

At 3.40 p.m., May 25, an explosion of tremendous force occurred on the former site of the Kiangnan Arsenal, Kao Chong Miao, Nantao, reported to have been caused through carelessness on the part of Japanese soldiers and Chinese coolies engaged in removing quantities of explosives. The premises in which the explosives were stored were demolished, and some 5 Japanese soldiers and 5 Chinese coolies are reported to have been killed while 13 Japanese soldiers and more than 10 Chinese coolies were injured. After the explosion the Japanese threw a cordon around the scene, and detailed particulars of the accident are therefore unavailable.

Certified true copy.



V.U.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. P. REGISTRY  
File No. S. B. D.

S. I., Special Branch

**REPORT**

Date. May 26, 1939.

Subject. Explosion on the former site of Kiangnan Arsenal, Kao Chong Miao,

Nantao.

Made by... D.I. Pan Lien-pih. Forwarded by... C. Grandjean S. I.

At 3.40 p.m., May 25, an explosion of tremendous force occurred on the former site of the Kiangnan Arsenal, Kao Chong Miao, Nantao, reported to have been caused through carelessness on the part of Japanese soldiers and Chinese coolies engaged in removing quantities of explosives. The premises in which the explosives were stored were demolished, and some 5 Japanese soldiers and 5 Chinese coolies are reported to have been killed while 13 Japanese soldiers and more than 10 Chinese coolies were injured. After the explosion the Japanese threw a cordon around the scene, and detailed particulars of the accident are therefore unavailable.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

K. S. -  
C. S. I. Sent by  
M. S. I.



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

B.R.  
P.A. to D.C. 26/5  
26/5

Commr  
Sir  
Information  
of the Report  
D.C.(S.B.)

## NORTI-CHINA DAILY NEWS.

MAY 26 1937

## Old Bomb Explodes in Kiangnan Area

### Sensation Created as Many Houses Are Shaken

A terrific explosion of a bomb or mine occurred in Nantao yesterday shortly before 4 p.m., shaking windows of buildings in the French concession near the border of the native city and causing curiosity among many people who bombarded newspaper offices with telephone calls for information. Although it was hard to ascertain the cause of the explosion and the extent of damage done; if any, it was generally believed that it was accidental.

Those who were in offices and many housewives, too, were aroused by the explosion and they exchanged telephone calls telling of what they heard. It was suggested that the Japanese might be engaged in blasting away the boom across the Whangpoo erected by Chinese authorities in Nantao before they withdrew and that the explosion occurred in Lunghwa where a Japanese magazine is located.

These reports, however, were later discredited when information gradually leaked out from other sources. Probably the most reliable solution to the mystery could only be offered by the Japanese because the explosion occurred in the occupied area, but at last night's press conference the Japanese spokesman gave no details, belittling its importance, asserting that it might be an explosion of a missile in the industrial section near the former Kiangnan Arsenal.

A Chinese news agency which had made investigation stated last night that the explosion was that of a big bomb left behind by Chinese forces in Nantao. It occurred in Lu Bon Road but no details were given.

File Ruyf.  
C 84

13657

NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS.

MAY 26 1950

**Fire Rages in Nantao**

A big fire had been burning in Nantao since late yesterday afternoon and it still could be seen late last night. A check with various sources revealed that there was a fire, but none seemed to know where it was and how it started. One Chinese source stated that the conflagration occurred in the Kaochangmiao area in Nantao which was described as an industrial section of the native city by the Japanese spokesman, and if it was true then the fire might have something to do with the explosion which shook the town in the afternoon. The explosion is therefore further mystified by the fire.

YU/

FM 2  
G. 97-1-39

CONFIDENTIAL

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S.I., Special Branch ~~Section~~

REPORT

Date May 23, 1939,

Subject Arms and ammunition found in Nantao.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. Gao-fa T.

At 9 a.m. May 21, three members of the Japanese Special Service Section in Nantao (corner of Boon Lai Road and Ih Soh Ka), accompanied by five Chinese detectives of the Police Bureau of the "Shanghai City Government", proceeded to No. 152 Dah Ching Road (大境路), in the Refugee Zone and conducted a search of the house, which was unoccupied, resulting in the unearthing of one revolver, two Mauser pistols and 200 rounds of ammunition. The search party also visited the neighbouring houses, but made no arrests or seizures.

At 8 a.m. May 22, a party of Japanese soldiers, numbering approximately 100, who arrived from Footung, unearthed a quantity of handgrenades, rifles and pistols from the bed of the Whangpoo River at Nan Moh Deu (南碼頭), Nantao. They then left with the seizure in the direction of Kao Chong Miao (Kiangnan Arsenal), Nantao.

FILE

DBQ

P.A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)

22

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

YU/

CONFIDENTIAL  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I., Special Branch ~~Section~~,

REPORT

Date MAY 22, 1939.

Subject: Demolition of dwelling houses by Japanese Military in Nantao.

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pih. Forwarded by

C. Glaeser & D.

Between May 19 and 21, the Japanese Military in Nantao, by using Chinese coolies, demolished a number of dwelling houses (listed hereunder) adjacent to or in the immediate vicinity of the Van Tso (萬竹) Primary School building, Van Tsö Ka Street (in Nantao Refugee Zone) where Japanese soldiers are stationed.

- (1) More than 30 houses on Van Tso Ka (萬竹街).  
(2) 50 houses in the Zung Tuh Faung (緝德坊) alleyway, Tsing Lien Ka Street (青蓮街).  
(3) 40 houses in the Tsing Chong Li (普昌里), Tsing Lien Ka Street.  
(4) More than 30 houses at the junction of Van Tso Ka and Fang Pang Road.

The majority of the above-mentioned houses were occupied but the occupants were expelled prior to demolition.

It is reported that the demolition was carried out by the Japanese in order to prevent the houses from being occupied by Chinese plain clothes men.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

FILE

D.C. (Special Branch).

18  
P. A. to D.C. (S.P.B.)  
27/5

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

REGISTRY

Section 1, Special Br. .....

No. S. H. D.

REPORT

Date, May, 15, 1939.

Subject (in full). People in Nantao required to buy five-barred flags.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by G. Crawford O.S.

The Nantao Branch of the "Shanghai City Government Police Bureau" has received instructions to assist members of the "Bureau of Social Affairs" in urging the people in Nantao to purchase the five-barred flags of the "Reformed Government" at \$0.80 each.

It is announced that each occupied house in Nantao should have a five-barred flag and that those who refuse to buy when told to do so, will be arrested and fined.

E.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

FILE

DBR  
P.A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)  
15/5

D.C. (Special Branch).

CWC

I.M.  
G. SUM-I

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
File No. G-10000

No. S. A. D.  
S. I. Special Branch

REPORT

Date: May 12, 1939.

Subject: Nantao Situation

Made by: D.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by:

C. Granada

With a view to suppressing the anti-Japanese feelings of the people now living in Nantao and City, a number of members of the Japanese Military Police, disguised as Chinese, have been keeping observation in busy parts of the district. These persons, clad in Chinese clothing (mostly blue cotton cloth jacket and pants) mingle with crowds of Chinese in food and tea shops and pay attention to conversation among them. Should they discover any persons discussing the war situation or criticizing the administration of the Japanese authorities, they arrest them.

On May 10 and 11, 1939, some twenty persons are said to have been arrested in this manner. They are now detained at the Nantao Branch Headquarters of the Japanese Military Police, Boon Lai Road, pending investigations. Those who are found to have been connected with anti-Japanese activities will be handed over to the Main Headquarters of Japanese Military Police at Lunghwa for disposal.

Commr  
Sir,

Information

John Robertson  
D.C.S.B.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

FILE

DR.

P. A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)  
12/5.

D.C. (Special Branch)

Ref. No. D. 61558

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
S. S. REGISTRY	
B. D. 81558	
4-CH	5-CH

Headquarters,  
Shanghai Municipal Police,  
May 9, 1939.

SUBJECT

Police Bureau of the "Shanghai City Government"-  
~~demolition of fire-damaged structures ordered.~~

The Commissioner presents his compliments to ~~The Secretary, S.M.C.~~  
and begs to forward herewith the following documents relative to the  
subject referred to above

1. Copy of a Police report.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

CHY/.

FILE  
JBL  
P.A. to D.O. (Sp. Br.)  
10/5.

Special Branch,

May 7, 1939.

Police Bureau of the "Shanghai City Government"  
demolition of fire-damaged structures ordered

On May 5, 1939, the Police Bureau of the Shanghai  
City Government<sup>1</sup> posted in the name of Loo Ying (盧英) <sup>盧英</sup>  
the Commissioner copies of a notice in the various  
parts of Nantao, which states that in view of the frequent  
accidents in which death and injury have been caused by  
the collapse of buildings through damage sustained during  
the recent local hostilities, the demolition of all such  
~~structures~~ is authorised in accordance with instructions  
of the Japanese military authorities. The public is  
requested to report to the nearest Police station the  
existence of any partly damaged houses which constitutes  
danger to public safety. A sum of \$10 for every 10,000  
bricks delivered to the Police station will be issued to  
those who undertake the work of demolition.

Certified true copy.

*H.C. Hardley*

CHY/

THH

FORM NO. 3  
G. 402 1-38

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch

REPORT

Date May 7, 1939

Subject (in full) Police Bureau of the "Shanghai City Government" -

demolition of fire-damaged structures ordered

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih

Forwarded by C. G. Stanford

On May 5, 1939, the Police Bureau of the "Shanghai City Government" posted in the name of Loo Ying (盧英), the Commissioner, copies of a notice in the various parts of Nantao, which states that in view of the frequent accidents in which death and injury have been caused by the collapse of buildings through damage sustained during the recent local hostilities, the demolition of all such structures is authorised in accordance with instructions of the Japanese military authorities. The public is requested to report to the nearest Police station the existence of any partly damaged houses which constitutes danger to public safety. A sum of \$10 for every 10,000 bricks delivered to the Police station will be issued to those who undertake the work of demolition.

See

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use

D.C. (Special Branch)

P.A. to D.C. (S.B.)  
76

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

G. G. M.

Sir  
Information  
This Robert  
D.C. (S.B.)

SHANGHAI TIMES.

MAR 24 1939

MAIL  
S.

POLIC  
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No. S. 6. 1.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

## USEFUL WORK FOUND FOR REFUGEES

### "Goodwill Industries" Providing Training For Destitute

Among the relief organizations to cheer the lives of the real and partially destitute refugees is the work of the "Goodwill Industries," where several hundred homeless and unemployed have secured light work, food, clothing, cash wages and vocational training. A few important points which will give one idea of the work they are doing in making it possible for war sufferers to make a new start in life, are outlined below:

"Goodwill Industries" acts as a collecting and distributing agency in assisting persons who have things to be disposed of in placing these directly into the hands of the genuinely needy.

Employment has been given in many trades as in sewing rooms, washing and dyeing-rooms, shoe-making, basket-making, carpentry, knitting, mop-making, hat-making, gardening etc., with payment in food, clothing, and cash on the refugee camp basis.

"Goodwill Industries" provider labour with free clinics to take care of the health of workers, children and neighbourhood people. This work has helped thousands of refugees to lessen the ills of the unfortunate and has improved their health conditions.

In order to educate the illiterate in those devastated areas, free schools and kindergartens are being conducted for the children of working mothers and the poor people around the Centre.

The "Goodwill" provides labour in garden work in the yard of their Mission Schools. A part of the refugees helped plant vegetables, such as lettuce and other things.

In short, the "Goodwill Industries" is doing splendid relief work in and beyond the Nantao Refugee Zone with a programme of self-help reclamation which is carried on in the spirit of Christian Service. Telephone 16082 or write "Goodwill Industries," 115 Hankow Road, Shanghai, and money and other contributions will be called for at your convenience.

R  
C.S.  
ups

THH

FM. 2  
G. 55M-1-3\*

# SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANG File No. .... 11111  
S TRY

S.1, Spec. No. Brändnslottet,

## **REPORT**

Date January 24, 1939.

*Subject* Present situation in Nantao

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pi h

*Forwarded by..*

C. Campbell. S.D.

On January 22 and 23, 1939, about 50 male Chinese of the coolie class living in the Nantao Refugee Zone were pressed into service by the Japanese soldiers of the Nantao Garrison billeted in the Wan Tao Primary School, Wan Tao Street, City. These coolies were put to work during the day constructing machine gun nests and other defence works around the school while at night they were herded into the school premises and detained there.

On January 22, 1939, some 30 soldiers of the Japanese Gendarmerie stationed in the premises of the former Police Bureau on Boon Lai Road, Nantao, were replaced by another company of equal strength who are reported to have arrived from Soochow.

It is reported that the former site of the Police Bureau on Boan Lai Road, Nantao, will be reoccupied by the Police Bureau of the Shanghai City Government under Loo Ying (盧英), at present located in the Civic Centre, Kiangwan.



**D.C. (Special Branch)**

Pan Lien-pil  
- D. I.

Learn more  
See  
Information  
This Robertson  
DC(5.8)

SFP

FORM NO. 3  
G. 4744 1-38

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S.I. Special Branch Station

File No. 111111

REPORT

Date: January 5, 1939.

Subject (in full) Office of the Director of Administrative Affairs for  
the Nantao Area - New year celebration.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien Pih Forwarded by C. George

Between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. on January 1, 1939, a meeting in celebration of the New Year was sponsored by, and held in the Office of the Director of Administrative Affairs for the Nantao Area. Members of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Military Special Service Department were invited to participate in the meeting, which was attended by some 700 persons including some 400 primary school students. Posters of an anti-Chiang Kai-shek nature were freely posted on the premises.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

C. (Special Branch).

FILE

MUNICIPAL

REC'D.

S. S. D.

FRENCH POLICE DAILY REPORT

October 31, 1938

On October 26, Mr. SHEN SHU CHING, new Director of the Nantao Political Affairs Bureau, appointed:

1. Mr. Chang Ching Teai as Chief of the First Section - General Affairs.
2. Mr. Ku Teeng Hao, Chief of the Second Section - Financial Affairs.
3. Mr. Chien Chiao Seng, Chief of the Third Section - Social Affairs in the Nantao Area.

Information regarding the background of these three individuals is lacking.

Aid for Refugees.

The Chinese Pharmacies' Association yesterday despatched circulars to its members, inviting them to reserve monthly from November, 5% of their business profits for helping refugees. This scheme is to last for 6 months. Employees will also contribute 1% of their monthly wages to this movement.

The Shanghai Restaurants' Association has decided to collect as from November 1 in all local restaurants a "poor tax" amounting to 5% of customers' bills.

The Hotels' Association will collect, from November 1, a "poor tax" of 5% of room prices. This "tax" will be collected in all local hotels.

The Cigarette & Exchange Shops Association will collect from November, a "poor tax" of \$1 per case of cigarettes purchased by its members.

The sums thus secured will be handed to the Refugees' Aid Federation.

FRENCH POLICE DAILY REPORT - OCTOBER 20, 1938.

Mr. Shen Sze Ching, son of Mr. Shen Tse Hsien, owner of the Pan Sung Yuan Garden in Nantao, has been appointed Director of the Political Affairs Bureau in Nantao.

Yesterday some 30 Japanese soldiers piled up sacks of earth at various points in the Nantao Refugee Zone. In addition notices have been put up advising that all pedestrians must salute the Japanese soldiers. Numerous inhabitants indifferent to this notification were rewarded by blows during the day.

D.C. Sp. Commissioner  
G. H. G.

Commr  
Sir  
Information  
JHS(Robertson)



FILE

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H.S.L.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Section 1, Special Branch  
REPORT

Date, Sept. 16, 1938.

Subject (in full) Situation in Nantao - explosion of handgrenade.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. G. G. [Signature]

At 12.30 p.m., September 15, a handgrenade exploded in an alleyway behind the Ming Lih (民立) Girls' Middle School, Wen miao Road (文庙路), Nantao. No persons were injured, and no arrests were made by the Japanese military who conducted a search of the dwelling houses in the vicinity following the explosion. A bamboo basket and an iron hook, evidently the property of a rag picker, were found on the scene, and from this it would appear that the explosion was caused by a rag picker searching a pile of garbage in which the missile was reposing.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

16/9.

LLT/

F.M. 2  
G. 55M. 108

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

**REPORT**

S. I. Special Branch, <sup>8/15/38</sup>  
Date September 14, 1938.

Subject.....Branch Chief of the Nantao Refugee Zone - detention.

Made by....D.I.A. Pan Lien-pih.....Forwarded by.....

C. Gardner S. I.

On September 12, one Zia Wen Zie (姬文季), chief of the Fourth and Fifth Sections (Foh Yeu Road, Nantao) of the Nantao Refugee Zone, was arrested by the Nantao Branch of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office on a charge of misappropriation of rice, which was intended for refugees. About 220 lbs. of the misappropriated rice was seized. He was removed on September 13 to the office of the Nantao Section of the Japanese Special Service in the Branch of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office, Ih Soh-Ka, Nantao, where he is being detained for investigation.

FILE

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

DBR. 149.  
D.C. (Special Branch).  
P. A. 10/20/38 (Sp. Br.)

FILE

HSM

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
S. B. REGISTRYSection 1, Special Branch  
REPORT

Date Dec 1st 1933.

Subject Situation in Nantao - proposed enforcement of "Pao Chah"  
(Mutual Guarantee) System.

Made by D.I. Fan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. G. Gandy

By order of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office in Pootung, the Nantao Political Affairs Bureau (南市區政務署) (previously known as the Nantao District Public Service Yamen) has established an office at No. 29 Van Tach Ka (萬竹街), Kieu Mow Dien (九牧地), Nantao, in order to make preparations for the enforcement of the so-called "Pao Chah" System by which all residents in Nantao will be obliged to observe law and order through furnishing mutual guarantee bonds. The chief of this new office, which will be known as the "Pao Chah" office, is one Sung Chung Yee (沈鈞毅), who has received his appointment from the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office.

E.  
With a view to the enforcement of the "Pao Chah" system, the Nantao Political Affairs Bureau (In Soh Kao, Nantao) and the "Pao Chah" office have issued new "Good Citizen Certificates" at 10 cents each. Applicants for the certificate are required to produce "Residents Permits" from the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative office.



FILE

DR.

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D.C. (Special Branch)

P. A. to D. C. (Sp. Br.)

Fan Lien-pih

D. I.

Committee  
for  
Information  
of the Robertson  
D. C. (S.B.)

8155 B.

7 9 38

Sin Shun Pao (a Japanese owned Chinese language newspaper) -  
~~PP~~ NEW CHIEF OF NANTAO POLITICAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

The Political Affairs Department of the Nantao District is making preparations for the formation of a Funeral Preparatory Committee to attend to the funeral of the late Chen Yuin (陳雲), Chief of the Nantao Political Affairs Department, who was assassinated the other day.

Yui Kyung-woo (于經武), Head of the First Section, has been appointed as the acting Chief of the Department by the Shanghai Municipal Administration.

20-11-1  
P.M.C. 7/9

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

S. I. Special Branch / 16 July 1938

## REPORT

Date July 11, 1938

Subject "Nantao District Public Service Yamen" - established to replace the Nantao Autonomous Commission.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. G. ...

Following the winding up of the affairs of the Nantao Autonomous Commission on July 1 (Vide Special Branch Report dated 5.7.38), the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office in Pootung established the so-called "Nantao District Public Service Yamen" (南市區役所) in the offices of the defunct commission at 50 Ih Sch Ka (一樂街), Nantao. This new organ will undertake the collection of taxes and other municipal administrative affairs in Nantao in the same manner as the now defunct commission. Zung Yung (陳寅), chairman of the defunct commission, has been appointed Chief of the new organ.

The 150 policemen employed by the defunct commission, have been transferred for duty with the "Nantao Branch of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office.



Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

FILE

DBR

W

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

Commr.  
Sir.  
Information  
J. H. Robertson  
DEPUTY CHIEF OF POLICE  
(SPECIAL BRANCH)

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.1, Special Branch.....

REPORT

Date July 5, 1938.

Subject (in full) Nantao Autonomous Commission - closed

Made by D. I. Pan Lien-pih Forwarded by *W. K. Ngan*

The Nantao Autonomous Commission, 50 Ih Soh Ka, Nantao, wound up its affairs on July 1, 1938, in favour of the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office.

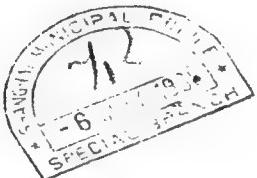
It will be recalled that the Nantao Autonomous Commission was formed on January 11, 1938, and was at variance on a number of occasions with the Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office over the administration of the Nantao area (Vide Special branch Report dated 7/3/38).

*Pan Lien-pih*

D. I.

FILE

D.C. (Special Branch).



## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch ~~xxx~~ation,  
REPORT

Date June 17, 1938.

Subject. Situation in Nantao.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. Granford L.C.

Considering that the situation in Nantao did not warrant the continued existence of the Pacification Section situated at the corner of Soon Lai Road and Ih Soh Ka, Nantao, the Japanese military authorities ordered its closure on June 13, 1938 and the establishment of a special service section of the Japanese military Forces for Nantao. The special service section was organized and staffed with the same personnel as the Pacification Section, and commenced to operate on June 13. The special service section will have under its control the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" as did the Pacification Section, leaving the supervision of all Nantao organs attached to the "Shanghai Municipal Administrative Office" in the hands of the Japanese advisors appointed.

The Japanese Forces have taken further districts in the Nantao area into the prohibited area and in consequence refugees sheltering in that areas have been removed and have taken up residence in the Nantao Safety Zone. According to the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief Committee, approximately 23,000 have entered the Nantao Safety Zone and been accommodated in refugee camps established by the Committee. The number of refugees supported by the Committee in the Safety Zone now totals 65,000.

The water supply for residents in the Nantao Safety Zone was restored on June 10, but no electricity is supplied except that to Japanese military establishments.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

FILE

dbr. 17/6

D. C. (Special Branch)

P. A. to D. C. (S. B.)

LTK/V

File No. ....

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch, ~~SECRET~~

## REPORT

Date May 25, 1938.

Subject (in full) Electricity meters and Water meters confiscated by  
Japanese Military Authorities in Nantao  
Made by D.I. Fan Lien-pih Forwarded by C. Chaffield

It is reported that, on instructions from the Japanese military authorities, a number of coolies in the employ of the Nantao Autonomous Commission have removed electricity meters and water meters from unoccupied and demolished houses in Nantao. Approximately 1,000 electricity meters and 2,000 water meters have so far been collected.

E.

Pan Lien-pih

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch).

FILE  
26/5.  
D.C. (Sp. Br.)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

**SECRET**Special Branch ~~xxxxxx~~Date ~~June~~ May 25, 1938.

Subject Situation in Nantao.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by

C. Glazford D.S.

S.1.  
L.V.

The population of the Nantao Safety Zone now consists of 242,000, of whom 80,000 earn their own living, 22,000 live in refugee camps, 20,000 live in their own homes but are supported by the International Relief Committee; the remaining 120,000 recently moved in from other divisions of Nantao as a result of the designation of the district south of Loh Ka Pang Road as a forbidden area by the Japanese military.

After the dissolution of the Nantao Traders' Association by the Industrial and Commercial Section of the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" on April 11, 1938 (vide Special Branch report dated April 12, 1938 on the arrest of refugees in the Nantao Safety Zone), Mr. Chow Zung Fu (周潤甫), Chief of the Industrial and Commercial Section, applied many times for the issue of a few passes to facilitate transportation of commodities from the French Concession to the Nantao Safety Zone, but the French authorities rejected his applications on the assumption that the organization is sponsored by the Japanese. Alarmed by a phenomenal increase in the population in the Nantao Safety Zone and fearing the consequence of a shortage in daily necessities, the Japanese military are said to have asked a certain German to approach Mr. Sung Sing Fu (沈叔撫), chairman of the now defunct Nantao Traders' Association, who resides with his family in Room 263, Grand Hotel, Yu Ya Ching Road, with a proposal that the Nantao Traders' Association be resuscitated and that he be re-appointed head of the organization with the German acting as advisor. The Japanese took this action

RECEIVED MAY 1938  
SPECIAL BRANCH

M. Mont  
Copy sent  
D.R. 15/5

G.D. & S.H.  
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15/5/38

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Station,

REPORT

Date ....., 19

Subject.....

-2-

Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

because they were under the impression that the French Concession authorities were favourably disposed towards the Nantao Traders' Association and its organizer, Mr. Sung Sing Fu and would probably issue transportation passes to the Association when it comes into existence again.

It is learned that barring unforeseen circumstances the Japanese plan to bring the Nantao Traders' Association into being again will be realized at the beginning of June.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.B.R.  
25/5  
D.C. (Special Branch)

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.I., Special Branch

## REPORT

Date March 29, 1938.

Subject: Situation in Nantao.

Made by: D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by: C. Grandjean

The "Nantao Autonomous Commission" on March 22nd, issued a notification stating that the owners of land under cultivation, which is situated in the vicinity of Lunghwa Road and Kong Chu Road, Nantao, must register with the Commission before March 28th, and that should they fail to register within the stipulated period, their land will be confiscated and would eventually be given to the farmers who could show a good result of their labour.

On March 26th, the Autonomous Commission issued another notification stating that land owners who were in possession of title deeds issued by the Land Bureau of the Shanghai City Government must exchange these for documents issued by the Autonomous Commission and pay fees according to the following scale:-

- CP 11  
CP 12
- 1) .001 of the value of land on which no houses are built or upon which the houses have been destroyed.  
2) .002 of the value of land on which the houses are intact.

On March 23rd, Mr. Pan Tae-chieh (潘志傑), former director of the Nantao Head Office of the International Relief Committee, 235 Fang Pang Road, Nantao, who resigned from his office on February 24th, as the result of a difference with the Japanese Military in Nantao, returned to his post on being persuaded to do so by Father Jacquinot. The associate director, Mr. Tai Chong Ling (戴昌林), who resigned at the same time as Mr. Pan, did not return as he had obtained employment elsewhere.

Copy sent.

DBR

29/3

P. A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)

Copy to D.C. (Special Branch)

Copy to D.C. (Sp. Br.)

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

F. A. to D.C. (Sp. Br.)

LDL

F.M. 2  
G. 55M-1-1

File No. ....

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

CONFIDENTIAL  
S. I., Special Branch XXXX, D. I.  
REPORT

Date March 7, 1938.

Subject Dissension between the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" and the Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government."

Made by D.I. S. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by C. Crawford D.S.

Dissension now exists between the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" and the Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government" over the question of administrative power.

Recently the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" enforced the registration of families and the obtaining of "law-abiding citizen" certificates by residents. The administration also established a market at West Gate and recruited 2,000 scavengers. A uniformed police force was also formed. These innovations were considered by the Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government" to encroach upon the functions of the Nantao Branch Bureau. A petition requesting the suppression of these reforms by the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" was therefore submitted by the Police Bureau to the "Dah Dao City Government," and a consultation was held between the authorities of the City Government and Mr. Nishimura (西村), who serves as advisor to the "Dah Dao City Government" and concurrently acts as the sponsor of the Nantao Autonomous Commission." Mr. Nishimura counselled cooperation between the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" and the "Dah Dao City Government" Police Bureau, but members of the Autonomous Commission refused to agree to a compromise and insisted on being permitted to exercise to the full such powers of administration as are ordinarily vested in an autonomous administration.

Up to the present the dispute remains unsettled.

copy to E. FILE  
DBR.

Pan Lien-pih  
D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

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D. 8155B  
5 3 38

March 4, 1938.

Shanghai Mainichi

THE STATUS QUO IN NANTAO

Since the organization of an Autonomous Committee in Nantao on January 11, the Pacification Section of the Japanese Army experienced many difficulties and were kept exceedingly busy.

On November 13, 1937, work was begun on the ruins. Accommodation and food had to be found for refugees. A medical section was formed to co-operate with the medical department of the army. To assure peace in the district a Police Force of 350 men was organized and kept in touch with the Japanese-Gendarmes. Thus, an Autonomous Committee was formed in Nantao.

To procure funds the Autonomous Committee commenced a ferry service between Nantao and Pootung. On the first day, January 9, only 15 sen was collected, but on the following day, the takings amounted to Yen 27.34. At present about Yen 300 are taken in daily. It forms a reliable source of revenue to the Committee.

The Autonomous Committee has four departments, namely, the General Affairs Department, the Finance Department, the Rehabilitation Department and the Public Works Department. The Rehabilitation Department deals principally with the cleaning of streets. 500 to 600 coolies are employed daily under the supervision of four Japanese. The Public Works Department issues certificates of Good Citizenship and is responsible for the census. On the first day 133 certificates were issued and 58 families were registered. The following day, 564 certificates were issued and 298 families registered. On the 25th day, 753 certificates were issued and 347 families registered. On the 26th day, so many applicants had called that 15 clerks were unable to dispose of the work. The certificates are issued at a fee of 5 sen each. Thus, a sum of Yen 1,500 monthly is received by the Public Welfare Department.

The General Affairs Department handles proclamations etc. At the request of other departments, the Finance Department distributes money among other departments. Public works such as public rickshas, buses, electric supply and waterworks are now under consideration.

The First Hsi Hua Primary School was established by the Public Welfare Department on February 5 with four teachers.

It is generally believed that Sino-Japanese relations can be improved through the education of the children. A similar school will be opened soon in the refugee zone. All the stationery used by the school children is supplied by the Committee. 90% of the 120 school children attend school regularly. A market has also been established by the Committee. Retail prices are fixed by the Committee.

The establishment of a Citizens Bank is also under consideration by the Committee.

March 4, 1938.

- 2 -

The above is a brief report of the activities undertaken in Nantao. The populace are contented. The intellectual and wealthy Chinese refugees in French Concession or Settlement are returning to their homes in Nantao. One reason of this is probably due to the difficulty of passing from the French Concession into Nantao. Another reason is the damage done to their homes and factories. All former residents of Nantao should return to their old homes immediately and co-operate with the Autonomous Committee in building a prosperous Nantao. The Japanese Military Authorities will protect their life and property.

MANOEUVRES OF THE SETTLEMENT GUARDING UNIT

Large scale manoeuvres will be carried out by the Settlement Guarding Unit, a detachment of the Japanese Naval Landing Party, in Hongkew and Yangtszepoo districts on the early morning of March 5. No restrictions will be placed on traffic whilst the manoeuvres are going on.

RICKSHA PULLERS WILL BE ALLOWED IN THE NORTHERN AREA

The Settlement Guarding Unit has decided to permit the operation of ricksha pullers in the area. The Gendarmerie and the Japanese Consular Police are discussing the measures to be adopted. No decision has yet been made officially, for the admittance of a large number of ricksha pullers into the area may affect peace and order in the area. It is reported that the authorities will allow one Japanese and two Formosan ricksha owners to make the necessary preparations, and that a special rate of fares which will have no connection with that of the southern area will be set up.

S.S. "SHANGHAI MARU" ARRIVES HERE ON MARCH 3

The s.s. "Shanghai Maru" arrived here from Nagasaki with 400 passengers at 1 p.m. March 3 and berthed at the N.Y.K. Wayside Wharf, Yangtszepoo Road. Among the passengers was a party of ten representatives of various circles in Saga Prefecture.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

File No. ....

**SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.**S.1, Special Branch *8/55-B***REPORT**

Date, February 28, 1938.

Subject: "Nantao Autonomous Commission" - activities.

Made by D.I. Pan Lien-pih

Forwarded by

*C. Crawford, A.D.*

The number of persons attached to the "Mobile Police Force" which is under the control of the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" situated at 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road, Nantao, was recently increased to two hundred, and its headquarters removed from the Mohammedan Church on Foh Yeu Road to the premises of the "Nantao Autonomous Commission," 50 Ih Soh Ka, Boon Lai Road. These policemen, who have been chosen from among Nantao refugees and whose duties are to maintain peace and order in the Nantao Safety Zone, are paid no wages but are provided with free board and lodging. Fifty of the 200 members are dressed in uniforms similar to those worn by members of the Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government." The only difference between the uniforms worn by these volunteers and those adopted by the Police Bureau is in the colour of the band around the cap, the colour on the caps of the volunteers being white, while that on the caps of members of the Police Bureau is yellow. Another distinguishing mark on the uniforms of those volunteers is a white strip on the sleeves of their tunics.

*D.C.(G)*  
*mB*  
*28 FEB. 1938*  
*SPECIAL BRANCH*

On February 23, the "Nantao Autonomous Commission" commenced to issue "law abiding citizen" certificates to residents who possess residence passes. Every resident over the age of 16 is required to apply for a "law abiding citizen" certificate, for which five cents has to be paid and which must be carried on the person. About one hundred and fifty families consisting of 500 persons have applied and obtained these "law abiding citizen" certificates.

On February 24, the Autonomous Commission posted a notice calling for the services of 2,000 persons to be employed.

**FILE****DR.**

13.

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE:

File No. ....

## REPORT

Station,

Date 19

Subject.....

-2-

Made by.....

Forwarded by.....

as scavengers. The daily wage for each worker will be thirty cents. It is reported that about 200 have already applied for such positions.

On February 23, the Nantao Branch of the Police Bureau of the "Dah Dao City Government," situated at 542 Chung Hwa Road, Nantao, established a sub-station in the Van Tsoh Primary School, Kyeu Mow Dee, Nantao Safety Zone, and 100 policemen are now stationed in this station. Their duties consist of controlling traffic at different points.

Copy to E.

~~SP~~

Pan Lien-pil

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

282

F. A. I. D. C. (Sp. Br.)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

Reference Slip from Headquarters.

To:	INSTRUCTIONS:
D. C. (Divns)	For disposal
" (Crime)	Furnish data
" (S. B.)	Investigate and report
" (A. & T. R.)	Note and return
" (J.)	Report present status
" (C.)	Submit recommendation
" (Specials)	For further report
A. C. (Traffic)	For opinion
" (Sikhs)	Reply to writer direct
D. O. A. Divn.	As instructed
" B. "	See me in re:
" C. "	Inform Applicant
" D. "	Draft Reply
Gov. of Gaol	For necessary action
Personal Assistant	Attach file
Quartermaster	For information
Pay Office	Comment
Central Registry	For verification
Musketry Officer	Note and File
C. C. R.	Attach to File
Legal Dept.	
Judicial Police	
Dir. Chinese Studies	

THIS SLIP MUST NOT BE DETACHED.

*C. 57 S. 1  
See & pass to  
D.B.H.*

Initials.....	For File.....
Date.....	
Noted and Returned	
Date / /	

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF POLICE  
SHANGHAI

M.L.

M.  
S.S.B. 5155B  
75-2-10023 1/3

Translation of Despatch No. 2 to Council from  
Shanghai Nantao Self-Government Committee.

Dated 19th January, 1938.

Manifesto: Copy forwarded

When the recent local hostilities spread to Nantao, residents in that district fled in all directions, and they were in a miserable plight. Fortunately, the fighting moved westward, and conditions in this city are gradually being readjusted. It is unenviable for the former business men and residents of Nantao to stay away indefinitely from their business at home. Above all, it is necessary that there should be somebody to maintain peace and good order in said district.

This Committee was established on 11th January. The Chinese and foreign communities should both sympathize with its difficulties. The Council has always been concerned with the situation in Chinese territory. A manifesto issued by the Committee is enclosed herewith. It is hoped that a spirit of friendship and co-operation will develop between the Council and the Committee, and that the said district will be rehabilitate within the shortest time possible.

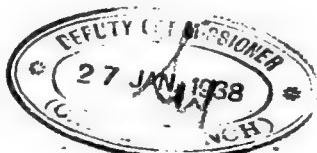
(Chopped & Signed) Tang Yuin, Chairman,

Nantao Self-Government Committee

Ling Chi-tek, Vice-Chairman

Encl: Manifesto

(Note: Received for translation a.m. 24th Jan, 1938.)



Translation of enclosure

Manifesto of the Shanghai National  
Self-Government Committee.

Shanghai is a big commercial port visited by many sea-going vessels and congested with a large volume of vehicular traffic. Its streets are lined with houses and crowded with businesspeople. Without taking into consideration its foreign population, there are several millions of Chinese who live, work and have their being in this city. Great misfortune has now befallen China...

A disastrous war has reduced to ashes countless human habitations. Who have the innocent people gone? What they should be deprived of their homes and driven from one place to another? He died, with nowhere to find shelter, he left to suffer the rigours of weather, while all children are cruelly separated from their parents.

To prevent such refugees from dying of starvation local residents have been obliged to establish camps for them and to devise measures for supplying them with food and clothing. Nevertheless, as the number to be cared for is far in excess of the resources at our command, our heart sinks in contemplating the difficulty of affording adequate relief. Should the present state of affairs continue unchanged and no effort be made to co-ordinate the work of mutual assistance, it will be inconceivable what may happen to public safety. As the stability of a country depends largely on good order among her people, it is impossible to restore normal conditions in this city without first reestablishing peace and order among the local residents.

Moreover, for several thousand years, as history informs us, China has been a nation which prides herself on the propriety and education of her people, which sets a high value on benevolence and righteousness and which prefers the pursuit of peaceful culture to self-aggrandizement through military might. In her administration she showed a preference for the ways of a merciful Emperor to government by force, and the inculcated filial piety and loyalty. These established principles of the ancients have however been totally forgotten

in recent times. The more her laws are modernized, the greater becomes the complication in legislation. The people have no longer any peace and are daily becoming more impoverished.

For the reconstruction and rehabilitation of this city we have undertaken the difficult task of organizing this committee. Our objects are to remove all prejudices, settle all disputes, restore peace to the survivors of the catastrophe, revive business, promote personal equality and lay the foundation for a lasting peace. It shall be our duty to eradicate all elements tending to jeopardize international quiet and to disturb the minds of the people, as well as such evil habits as have been acquired by the citizens. Therefore, we hope farmers will once more be able to till their land, labourers to return to their work, merchants to resume business and students to pursue their studies. The revival of Shanghai will mean also the resurrection of China. Let our compatriots please pay attention to this manifesto!

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ONOMOUS COMMISSION IN NANTAO



Two months after the occupation of Nantao by Japanese troops, an autonomous commission was established in Nantao yesterday afternoon, with Mr. Chen Yun as chairman. Upper photo shows Mr. Chen making his inaugural address. On his left is an interpreter translating his speech into Japanese. Following the ceremony which was held in a primary school on Fenglai Road, the officials of the commission and Japanese officers were photographed, as shown in the lower photograph.

[Domei.]

## Autonomous Commission Is Established In Nantao

Inaugural Ceremony With Certain Pomp Marks Opening Of New Administration; Created To End Privation And Usher In Peaceful Era

Exactly two months after the occupation of Nantao by Japanese troops, an autonomous commission was formally brought into existence in the Native City at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The inaugural ceremony, marked by solemnity and even pomp, was held at the Sicheng Primary School, Fenglai Road, Nantao.

Headed by Mr. Chen Yun, Chairman, and Mr. Ling Chi-tan, Vice-Chairman, the new Nantao governing body consists of 13 members.

In a manifesto read at the ceremony, Mr. Chen said his commission was created "to end privation caused by war and to help peaceful residents to pursue their daily tasks in happiness and prosperity."

The new organ, the manifesto said, will act as "the seed of a brighter future in Central China by leading the people from the

ment of perpetual peace in the Oriental and its desire to co-operate with similar bodies in China.

Mr. Chen, a graduate of a law school, once served as deputy chief of the Public Safety Bureau's administrative section. He was also reported to be a member of the local Lawyers' Association.

Mr. Ling, who received his education in Japan, was described as a "shipping magnate." Both officials were said to have been friendly to Japan for many years.

Both, Mr. Chen and Mr. Ling, have been actively co-operating with the Special Service Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Force here in restoring normal conditions in Nantao ever since the evacuation of Chinese troops from the area.

Their first venture was to establish a refugee camp in which 1,500 Chinese were housed and

The existence of the following  
some it was learnt was at first  
regarded as a reference factor in  
the Japanese government's  
policy of non-resistance.

8155 B.  
23 7 38

S. /  
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DBR 2/1  
C. D. & G.  
S. P.  
O. T. P.  
H. M. /  
D. P. /

## **"Self-Rule" Body Set Up For Nantao**

Two months after the occupation of Nantao by Japanese troops to the day, a "so-called autonomous commission" was brought into existence in the Chinese City with a ceremony at the Sicheng Primary School, Fenglai Road, Nantao at 1 p.m. yesterday.

The commission is headed by Mr. Chen Yun, chairman, and Mr. Ling Chi-tan, vice-chairman. In all, there are 13 members of the body.

In a manifesto read at the ceremony, Mr. Chen stated that his "commission" was created "to end privation caused by war."

Details of the ceremony were first reported in Shanghai yesterday through the Japanese press.

Both Chinese connected with the commission, Japanese reports state, have been actively co-operating with the Special Service Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Force here in restoring normal conditions in Nantao ever since the Japanese occupation of the area.

Their first venture, it was stated, was to establish a refugee camp. Later, the two men are said to have assisted Japanese troops in taking over the "administration of the Jacquinot zone."